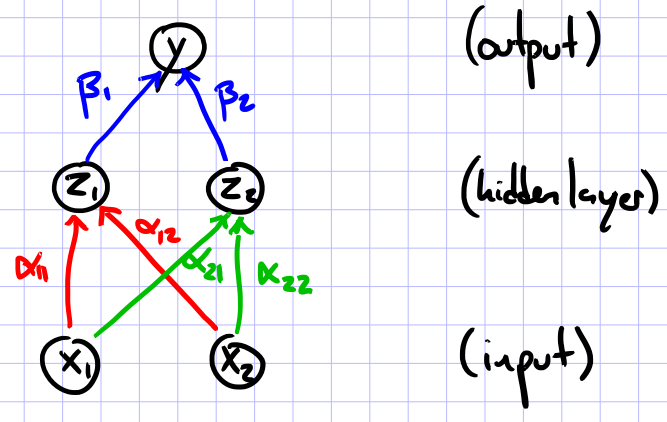


Lecture 19: 3/29/17

Neural Network: Models

Ex#1: NN w/ 1 Hidden Layer and 2 Hidden Units



Let $\sigma(\cdot)$ be the activation function

If σ is sigmoid: $\sigma(a) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-a)}$

$$z_1 = \sigma(\alpha_{11}x_1 + \alpha_{12}x_2 + \alpha_{10})$$

$$z_2 = \sigma(\alpha_{21}x_1 + \alpha_{22}x_2 + \alpha_{20})$$

$$y = \sigma(\beta_1 z_1 + \beta_2 z_2 + \beta_0)$$

$$= \sigma(\beta_1 \sigma(\alpha_{11}x_1 + \alpha_{12}x_2 + \alpha_{10}) + \beta_2 \sigma(\alpha_{21}x_1 + \alpha_{22}x_2 + \alpha_{20}) + \beta_0)$$

Each is just Logistic Regression

$P_r[y=1 | \vec{x}, \alpha, \beta]$

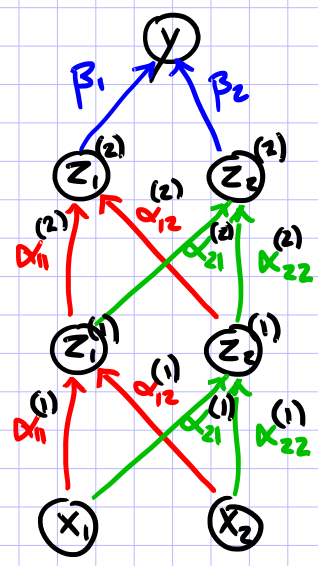
$x_i \in \mathbb{R}$

$z_i \in [0, 1]$ if σ is sigmoid

$z_i \in \mathbb{R}$ more generally

★ Don't forget the bias term!

Ex#2: NN w/ 2 Hidden Layers and 2 Hidden Units each.



$$z_1^{(1)} = \sigma(\alpha_{11}^{(1)}x_1 + \alpha_{12}^{(1)}x_2 + \alpha_{10}^{(1)})$$

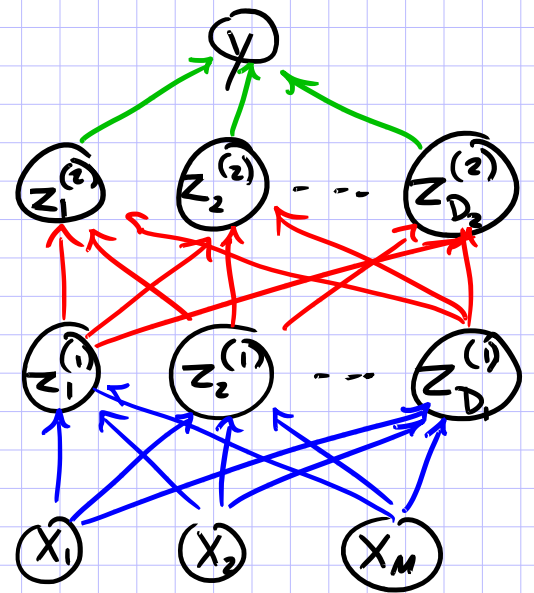
$$z_2^{(1)} = \dots$$

$$z_1^{(2)} = \dots$$

$$z_2^{(2)} = \sigma(\alpha_{21}^{(2)}z_1^{(1)} + \alpha_{22}^{(2)}z_2^{(1)} + \alpha_{20}^{(2)})$$

$$y = \sigma(\beta_1 z_1^{(2)} + \beta_2 z_2^{(2)} + \beta_0)$$

Ex#3: Arbitrary Feedforward NN (Matrix Form)



Parameters

$$\vec{\beta} \in \mathbb{R}^{D_2 \times 1}$$

$$\alpha^{(2)} \in \mathbb{R}^{D_1 \times D_2}$$

$$\alpha^{(1)} \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times D_1}$$

Computation

$$y = \sigma(\vec{\beta}^T \vec{z}^{(2)})$$

$$\vec{z}^{(2)} = \sigma((\alpha^{(2)})^T \vec{z}^{(1)})$$

$$\vec{z}^{(1)} = \sigma((\alpha^{(1)})^T \vec{x})$$

applied element-wise

Bias Term?

Assume $x_0 = 1, z_0^{(1)} = 1, z_0^{(2)} = 1$
 and increment size of parameters.