16-350 Planning Techniques for Robotics

Case Study:
Planning for
Coverage, Mapping and Surveyal

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Definitions

Coverage

 Traversal of a <u>known</u> map with a goal of fully examining it using on-board sensors (e.g., museum security, car painting, lawn mowing, etc.)

Mapping

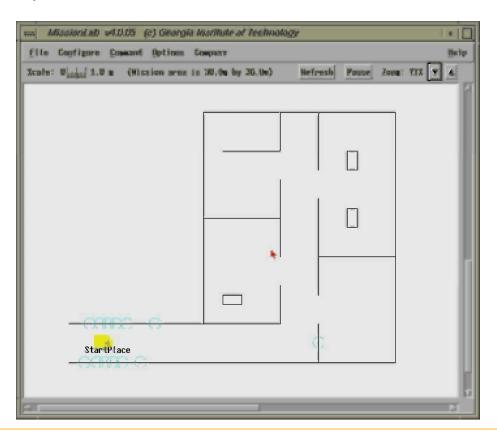
- Traversal of an <u>unknown</u> map with a goal of fully building it using on-board sensors (e.g., search for people in an unknown building)

Surveyal

 Visiting a <u>set of waypoints</u> of interest with a goal of surveying them using on-board sensors (e.g., surveillance)

Coverage

 Traversal of a known map with a goal of fully examining it using on-board sensors (e.g., museum security, car painting, lawn mowing, etc.)



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Coverage

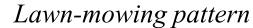
 Traversal of a known map with a goal of fully examining it using on-board sensors (e.g., museum security, car painting, lawn mowing, etc.)

What would be a good strategy for traversal of a known obstacle-free region?

Random traversal
(e.g., Roomba for floor vacuuming)
is always an option.
Anything else?

Coverage

 Traversal of a known map with a goal of fully examining it using on-board sensors (e.g., museum security, car painting, lawn mowing, etc.)



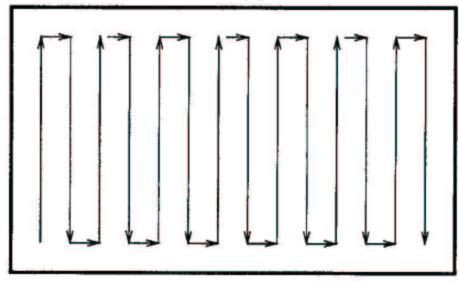


image borrowed from H. Choset, '01

Coverage

Traversal of a known map with a goal of fully examining it using on-board sensors (e.g., museum security, car painting lawn mowing, etc.)

Doesn't work well for covering

Lawn-mowing pattern

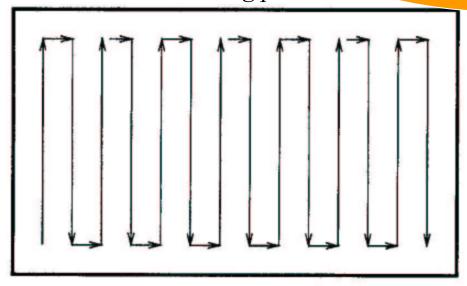


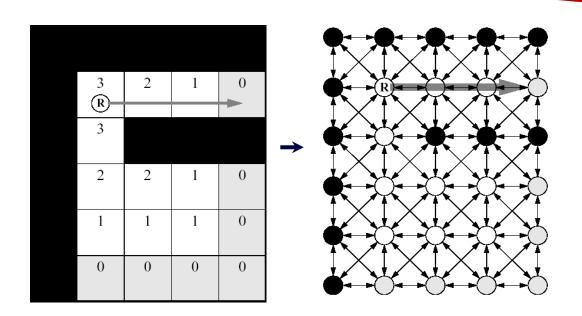
image borrowed from H. Choset, '01

regions with obstacles

Frontier-based Coverage

• Always move the robot to the nearest cell that hasn't been "covered" (observed/visited) yet (one of the frontier cells)

How do you find a path to the nearest "unobserved" cell?

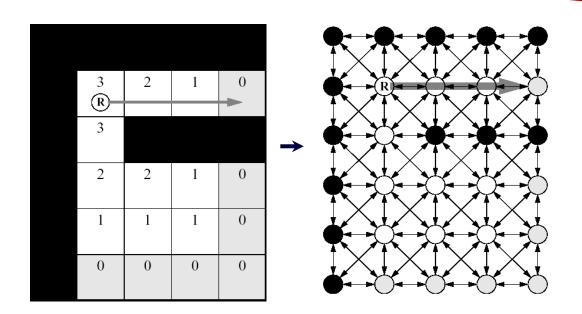


Frontier-based Coverage

• Always move the robot to the nearest cell that hasn't been "covered" (one of the frontier cells)

**Remember graph transformation for Multi-goal A*!

How do you find a path to the nearest "unobserved" cell?

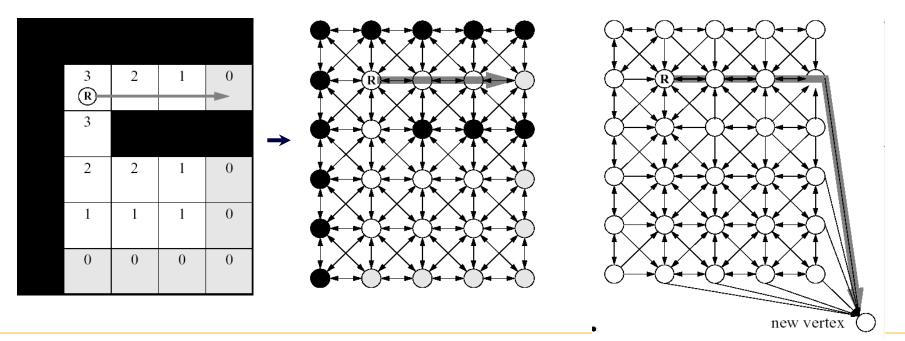


Frontier-based Coverage

• Always move the robot to the nearest cell that hasn't been "covered" (in the nearest cell that hasn't been grown to the frontier cells)

Remember graph transformation for Multi-goal A*!

How do you find a path to the nearest "unobserved" cell?



Examples of Mapping

Mapping

- Traversal of an <u>unknown</u> map with a goal of fully building it using on-board sensors (e.g., search for people in an unknown building)



Examples of Mapping

Mapping

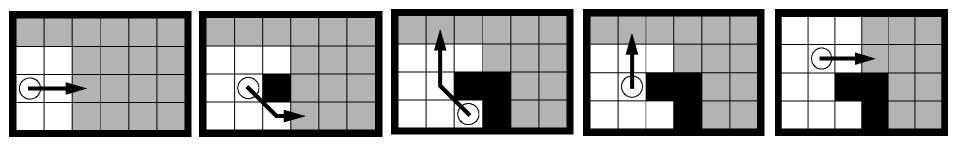
Any ideas on planning for mapping?

- Traversal of an unknown me Same process as for coverage on-board sensors (e.g except that map gets discovered on the way



Greedy Mapping (Frontier-based method)

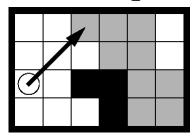
• Always move the robot on a shortest path to the closest unobserved (or unvisited) cell.



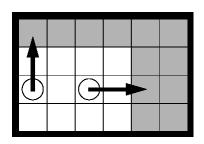
- It always achieves a gain in information.
- Thus, it maps the terrain.

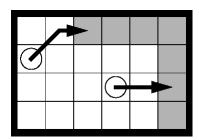
Greedy Mapping (Frontier-based method)

- Always move the robot on a shortest path to the closest unobserved (or unvisited) cell.
 - Utilizes prior map knowledge, if available



• Can be used for mapping with multiple robots



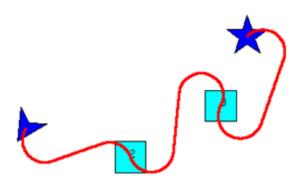


• Has a reasonably small mapping time

Examples of Surveyal

Surveyal

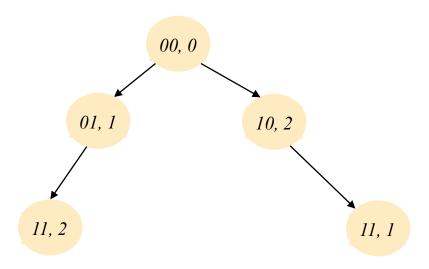
 Visiting a <u>set of waypoints</u> of interest with a goal of surveying them using on-board sensors (e.g., surveillance)



computing a least-cost path that visits all waypoints of interest (in any order) while being feasible (e.g., satisfies minimum turning radius, is collision-free, etc.)

Planning for Surveyal as Graph Search

- Search graph $G = \{V, E\}$
 - Each node $v \in V$ is defined as $\{ \alpha, \Omega \}$
 - α is a vector of M bits where a 0 bit indicates the corresponding waypoint is unvisited and 1 bit indicates it is visited.
 - Ω encodes the waypoint where the robot is currently at and the orientation of the robot (if the robot is NOT omnidirectional).

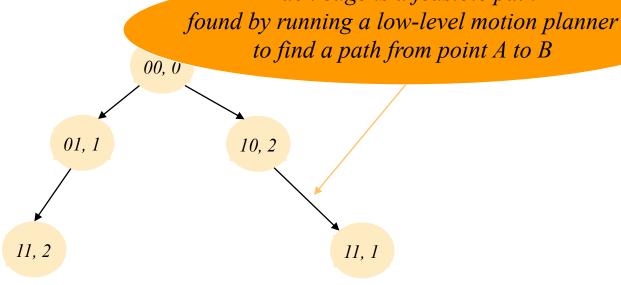


Goal states: all states where all waypoints have been visited

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 Each edge is a feasible path



Goal states: all states where all waypoints have been visited

What You Should Know...

• Frontier-based Coverage

Frontier-based Mapping (Greedy Mapping)

• How Surveyal can be formulated as Graph Search