



# Eclat Tool Analysis

## Team 3

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## About Eclat

- Goal: Help discover errors and write new unit tests for Java classes.
- When running Eclat on a Java class, one would need to input two things:
  - The class(es) that is being tested
  - An example test suite, i.e. maybe a simple program that demonstrates the use of the class
- From that Eclat will automatically generate new test inputs different from the ones given in the example test suite.



## Setting up Eclat

1. Download diakon.jar and eclat.jar
2. Add diakon.jar and eclat.jar to classpath

```
C:\W15-413>set CLASSPATH=%CLASSPATH%;c:\W15-413\daikon.jar;c:\W15-413\ecLat.jar
```

3. Create JunitTest to run against files
4. Run it to generate new inputs

```
C:\W15-413>java eclat.textui.Main generate-inputs --create-regression-suite --test
t CRAP/InputParser.java --test CRAP/OpenEnded.java --test CRAP/SingleChoice.java
CRAP.JunitTest
```



## How we applied Eclat

- Our project is in J2ME
  - Revised code to rely on JAVA instead of J2ME
- Could not test User Interface or interactive content
- Decided to test:
  - Parsing an SMS String
  - Creating a new Question object
  - Set/Get attributes of the question

```

/* ----- TESTING OE ----- */
String qString = "How are you today";
String qType = "OE";
String UserId = "1111";
String QuestionId = "2222";

String testMsg = UserId + "*" + QuestionId + "*" + qType + qString;

InputParser parser = new InputParser();
Question q = parser.parsePayload( testMsg);

if( !qString.equals(q.getQuestion()) ) {
    System.out.println("Question string not set properly");
}
if( !qType.equals(q.getQType()) ) {
    System.out.println("Question type not set properly");
}
if( !UserId.equals(q.getUserId()) ) {
    System.out.println("User ID is not set properly");
}
if( !QuestionId.equals(q.getQuestionID()) ) {
    System.out.println("Question ID not set properly");
}

System.out.println("---- Finished testing new Question creation ----");

qString = "A new question here";
q.setQuestion(qString);

if( !qString.equals(q.getQuestion()) ) {
    System.out.println("Question string not set properly");
}

qType = "NM";
q.setQType(qType);
if( !qType.equals(q.getQType()) ) {
    System.out.println("Question type not set properly");
}

UserId = "1123";
q.setUserID(UserId);
if( !UserId.equals(q.getUserId()) ) {
    System.out.println("User ID is not set properly");
}

QuestionId = "5013";
q.setQuestionID(QuestionId);
if( !QuestionId.equals(q.getQuestionID()) ) {
    System.out.println("Question ID not set properly");
}

System.out.println("----Finished testing set methods ----");
/* ----- TESTING SC ----- */

```

```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Observing CR&P.JUnitTest's values as it executes.
Entering Daikon to detect invariants over observations.
Daikon version 4.1.7, released November 1, 2005; http://pag.csail.mit.edu/daikon
Processing trace data; reading 1 dtrace file:
[9:05:15 PM]: Finished reading JUnitTest.dtrace.gz
Creating implications
Exiting Daikon.
Instrumenting sources for runtime invariant checking.
Compiling instrumented sources.
Generating inputs.

Constructing new inputs (round 1)...
Max. possible inputs for this round: 1
Constructed 1 new inputs (out of 1 possible).

Constructing new inputs (round 2)...
Max. possible inputs for this round: 8
iiiiiii
Constructed 7 new inputs (out of 8 possible).

Constructing new inputs (round 3)...
Max. possible inputs for this round: 8
Constructed 0 new inputs (out of 8 possible).

Constructing new inputs (round 4)...
Max. possible inputs for this round: 8
Constructed 0 new inputs (out of 8 possible).
Done generating inputs.

Created file containing inputs in text format: C:\W15-413Weclat-misc\JUnitTest.all
inputs.txt.zip
This file contains ALL the inputs generated.
in case you want to see them.
Creating JUnit class.

JUnit test suite has been created: C:\W15-413Weclat-src\Weclatgen\problems\WeclatTe
st.java

```



## Results and Analysis

- Eclat produces eclat-src, eclat-scratch and eclat-misc
- eclat-src/
  - Contains the JUnit suites that Eclat generated to test the stack
  - Determines the minor and major preconditions and postconditions for each method in each class which is used to check for violations of the conditions
- eclat-misc/
  - Contains a human-readable listing of all the inputs that Eclat generated



## Results and Analysis

- We were able to:
  - See what unit tests could be run
  - The minor/major pre/post-conditions
  - Possible inputs for our program
- We were unable to:
  - Run the test suites and see exactly where the program failed
  - Run for any interactive input



## Results Example

```
=====
round: 2
id: 1096
INPUT CLASSIFIED AS <illegal>
=====

1. CRAP.InputParser var12 = new CRAP.InputParser();
2. CRAP.Question var1027 = var12.parseMultipleChoice((java.lang.String)null);

-----
Prep code evaluation (lines 1 through 1).
EXCEPTIONS: none.
INVARIANT VIOLATIONS:
none.

-----
Test expression evaluation (line 2).
EXCEPTIONS:      java.lang.NullPointerException
INVARIANT VIOLATIONS:
none.

-----
Explanation:
No violations, but found an exception or error. Since one of
the arguments was null, I will classify this input as
illegal.
```



## Benefits

- Requires a downloading of only 2 relatively small files to run
- Generates new inputs and the results of executing those inputs on the class that is being tested
  - Generates inputs that the developer may not have thought of
  - Shows how extensively Eclat is testing the class and which types of inputs will cause errors/bugs.
  - Can aid in the creation of new unit tests
- Uses a small list of commands to generate the new test inputs
  - Though a short list, it covers a significant number of different options that a user can add when running the tool. Each extra option is documented in the Eclat Manual.



## Drawbacks

- Not easy to use for all platforms
  - Requires Java 1.5, but Andrew uses 1.4
  - Tutorial provides Unix commands, but is hard to follow from a Windows Command line
- Documentation is sparse
  - Overlooks issues that a user might face regarding setting classpath variables
- Cannot handle User Interface testing
  - Does not deal with interactive input



## Scope of Applicability

- Assumes that javac and UNIX commands are available for use
  - Easy to use for Unix command line with Java 1.5
- Non-interactive JAVA programs



## Conclusion!

- Eclat is helpful in generating possible inputs for an application
  - Helps to classify as illegal/fault-revealing/normal execution so we can deal with it accordingly
- Difficult to use unless UNIX and Java 1.5 are readily available