

Personal PageRank & Spilling Paint

$G = (V, E)$ undir (weighted?)

A adj $D \equiv$ deg matrix

Regular random walk

$$p^{(t+1)} = A^T D^{-1} p^{(t)} \quad W = A^T D^{-1}$$

lazy

$$p^{(t+1)} = \frac{1}{2} (I + A^T D^{-1}) p^{(t)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (I + A^T D^{-1}) = \hat{W}$$

Two possible goals.

1) Recommendations.

2) Graph Cut.

2-Views

$$0 \leq u \in \mathbb{R}^n \quad |u|_1 = 1 \quad M = \chi_M$$

Walks with resets

$$P^{(t+1)} = \alpha \mu + (1-\alpha) W P^{(t)}$$

" " " \hat{W} " "

Thm $\exists! P_u \text{ s.t. } P_u = \alpha \mu + (1-\alpha) W P_u$

$$P_u - (1-\alpha) W P_u = \alpha \mu$$

$$(I - (1-\alpha)W) P_u = \alpha \mu$$

but $(I - (1-\alpha)W)$ non-sing $|\lambda((1-\alpha)W)| < 1$

Thus

$$P_u = (I - (1-\alpha)W)^{-1} \alpha \mu$$

$$(\mathbb{I} - X)^{-1} = (\mathbb{I} + X + X^2 + X^3 + \dots)$$

$$P_n = \alpha \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} (1-\alpha)^t W^t U$$

View 2

Suppose we have $S^{(t)}$ stuck point.

$r^{(t)}$ remaining paint.

they evolve

$$S^{(t+1)} = S^{(t)} + \alpha r^{(t)}$$

$$r^{(t+1)} = (1-\alpha)W r^{(t)}$$

Where is the stuck point?

$$\begin{aligned} S^\infty &= \alpha \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} r^{(t)} = \alpha \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} (1-\alpha)^t W^t r^{(0)} \\ &= \alpha \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} (1-\alpha)^t W^t \mu \end{aligned}$$

Thus $P_n = S^\infty$

Claim Reg & Lasy walk diff by a constant.

$$s^\infty = \alpha (\underline{I} - (1-\alpha)\hat{W})^{-1} u \quad \hat{W} = \underline{I}/2 + W/2$$

$$= \alpha \left(\frac{1+\alpha}{2} \underline{I} - \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{2} \right) W \right)^{-1} u$$

$$= \frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha} \left(\underline{I} - \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha} \right) W \right)^{-1} u$$

$$\beta = \frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha} \quad \text{note} \quad 1-\beta = 1 - \frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha} = \frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha}$$

$$= \beta (\underline{I} - \beta W)^{-1} u$$

Pushing wet paint

Suppose s dry paint
 r wet

$$P_{s,r} = s + \alpha \sum_{t \geq 0} (1-\alpha)^t W^t r = s + \alpha (I - (1-\alpha)W)^{-1} r$$

Consider a partial update at some u .
 Update(u)

$$s'(u) = s(u) + \alpha r(u)$$

$$p'(u) = 0$$

$$p'(v) = p(v) + \frac{1-\alpha}{d(u)} p(u) \quad \forall v \in N(u)$$

Lemma $P_{s',r'} = P_{s,r}$

pf see notes

Alg Approx Painting

Init: $s = 0$ $r = \chi_u$

While $\exists r(u) \geq \epsilon d(u)$

Pick max $r(u)/d(u)$

Update (u)

Computing small conductance sets

$$S \subseteq V$$

$$\text{Def } \text{Vol}(S) = d(S) = \sum_{v \in S} d(v)$$

$$\partial S = \{(x, y) \mid x \in S \text{ \& } y \notin S\}$$

$$|\partial S| = \sum_{e \in \partial S} w(e)$$

$$\text{Conductance } \Phi(S) = \frac{|\partial S|}{\min\{d(S), d(\bar{S})\}} = \phi(S)$$

$$\chi_S(u) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } u \in S \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

Let P be our stationary dist with resets

$$g_v(u) = \frac{P_v(u)}{d(u)}$$

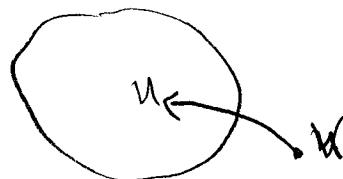
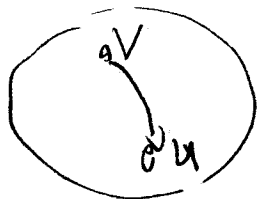
sort $g_v(u)$ giving $g_v(1) \geq g_v(2) \geq \dots \geq g_v(n)$

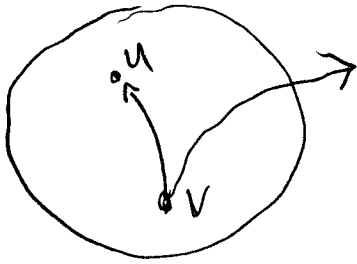
Def $S_k = \{1, \dots, k\}$ $S_k \subseteq V$

Lemma $\sum_{i \in E} \sum_{i \leq k < j} g(i) - g(j) \leq d$ $S \subseteq S_k$

first $\chi_S^T W P = \sum_{(u,v) \in E, u \in S, v \in V} W_{uv} P(v)$

$$= \sum_{u \in E, u \in S} g(u) + \sum_{u \in E, u \in S} \sum_{v \notin S} g(v)$$





$$\sum_{v \in S} P(v) - \sum_{u \in E, v \in E, u \neq v} g(v) + \sum_{v \in S} g(v)$$

$$\chi_S^T P - \sum_{u \in E, v \in E, u \neq v} g(u) - g(v) \quad \left. \vphantom{\sum} \right\} \text{LHS}$$

$$P = \alpha \chi_u - (1 - \alpha) WP$$

$$WP = (P - \alpha \chi_u) (1 - \alpha)^{-1} \geq (P - \alpha \chi_u)$$

$$\chi_S^T WP \geq \chi_S^T P - \alpha \quad (u \in S)$$

$$\chi_S^T P - \sum \geq \chi_S^T P - \alpha$$

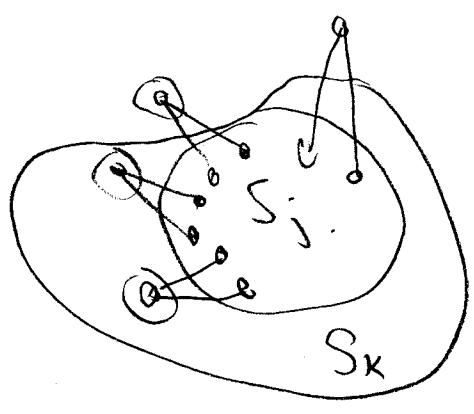
$$\alpha \geq \sum g(i) - g(j)$$

Lemma $d(S_j) \geq 2\theta$ then $\exists k > j$ s.t

1) $d(S_k) \geq (1+\theta) d(S_j)$

2) $g(j) - g(k) \leq \frac{\alpha}{\theta d(S_j)}$

pf Set $k = \operatorname{argmin}_k \left\{ |\partial S_j \cap E(S_k)| \geq \frac{|\partial S_j|}{2} \right\}$



$|\partial(S_j)| \geq 2\theta d(S_j)$

$\alpha \geq \sum_{\substack{ab \in E \\ a \leq j; b \geq k}} g(a) - g(b) \stackrel{OK}{\geq} \theta d(S_j) (g(j) - g(k))$

This gives 2)

Lemma $\phi(S_i) \geq 2\theta \quad \forall i \text{ st } d(S_i) \leq 2m/3$

$$h = \operatorname{argmin}_h \{d(S_h) \geq 2m/3\}$$

then $\forall i \leq h \quad \phi(h) \geq \phi(i) = \frac{2\alpha}{\theta^2 d(S_i)}$

Let k_1, \dots, k_t be seq of k from last lemma

$$\phi(i) - \phi(k_1) \leq \frac{\alpha}{\theta d(S_i)}$$

$$\phi(k_1) - \phi(k_2) \leq \frac{\alpha}{\theta d(S_{k_1})} \leq \frac{\alpha}{\theta(1+\theta)d(S_i)}$$

⋮

$$\phi(i) - \phi(h) \leq \frac{\alpha}{\theta d(S_i)} \left(1 + \frac{1}{1+\theta} + \frac{1}{(1+\theta)^2} + \dots \right)$$

$$\leq \frac{\alpha}{\theta d(S_i)} \frac{1+\theta}{\theta} \quad \theta \leq 1$$

$$\leq \frac{2\alpha}{\theta^2 d(S_i)}$$

SSV

$$\pi_S(u) = \begin{cases} \frac{d(u)}{d(S)} & \text{if } u \in S \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$P_{\pi_S} = \alpha \sum (1-\alpha)^t W^t \pi_S$$

Claim $\chi_S^T W^t \pi_S \leq t \phi(S)$

case $t=1$

$$\sum_{v \notin S} \sum_{uv \in E_S} \frac{1}{d(u)} \cdot \frac{d(u)}{d(S)} = \frac{1}{d(S)} \sum_{v \notin S} \sum_{uv \in E_S} 1 = \frac{|E_S|}{d(S)} = \phi(S)$$

to check $t > 1$

Lemma $\chi_{\bar{S}}^T P \pi_S \leq \phi(S) \frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha}$

$$\text{RHS} = \alpha \sum_{t \geq 0} (1-\alpha)^t \chi_{\bar{S}}^T \pi_S$$

$$\leq \alpha \sum_{t \geq 0} (1-\alpha)^t t \phi(S)$$

$$= \alpha \phi(S) \sum_{t \geq 0} (1-\alpha)^t t \quad (*)$$

$$\beta = 1-\alpha$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-\beta)} = \sum_{t \geq 0} \beta^t \Rightarrow \frac{1}{(1-\beta)^2} = \sum_{t \geq 1} \beta^{t-1} \cdot t$$

$$\frac{\beta}{(1-\beta)^2} = \sum_{t \geq 1} \beta^t \cdot t = \sum_{t \geq 0} \beta^t t$$

$$1-\beta = \alpha$$

$$(*) = \alpha \phi(S) \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha^2} \right) = \phi(S) \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha} \right)$$

$$\text{Set } \alpha \text{ st } \phi(S) \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha} \right) < \frac{1}{3}$$

Lemma $\exists i$ st $d(S_i) \leq d(S)$ and

$$f(i) \geq \frac{2/3}{d(S_i) H_{2m}}$$

$$\gamma = H_{2m}$$

pf. ?

Thm

Suppose the following for some S

$$1) d(S) \leq \frac{2m}{9\gamma}$$

2) start walk with resets for $u \in S$
 prob = \prod_S

$$3) \text{ Set } \alpha \text{ st } \phi(S) \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha} \right) < \frac{1}{3} \Leftrightarrow \phi(S) < \frac{\alpha}{3}$$

then $\exists j$ st $\phi(S_j) = O(\sqrt{\phi(S) \log m})$ (*)

pf Suppose false

$$\text{set } \sqrt{6\alpha\gamma} \approx \sqrt{2\phi(S) \ln n} = \theta$$

$$\forall i \quad \phi(S_i) \geq 2\theta$$

$$g(h) \geq g(i) \Rightarrow \frac{2\alpha}{\theta^2 d(S_i)} = g(i) - \frac{2\alpha}{6\alpha\gamma d(S_i)} \geq$$

$$\frac{2/3}{d(s_i) \gamma} - \frac{1/3}{\gamma d(s_i)} = \frac{1/3}{\gamma d(s_i)}$$

$$\forall i \leq h \quad g(i) \geq g(h) \geq \frac{1}{3 \gamma d(s_i)}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n d(i) g(i) = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^h d(i) g(i) \geq g(h) \sum_{i=1}^h d(i) = d(s_h) g(h)$$

$$\geq \left(\frac{2}{3}m\right) / 3 \gamma d(s_i) = \frac{2m}{9 \gamma d(s_i)} \geq \frac{2m}{9 \gamma d(s)} = (*)$$

$$d(s) < \frac{2m}{9 \gamma} \Rightarrow (*) > 1 \text{ contra!}$$