# Assignment 0 Why3 Mechanics 

15-414: Bug Catching: Automated Program Verification

Due 23:59pm, Friday, January 26, 2024
20 pts
This assignment is due on the above date and it must be submitted electronically on Gradescope. Please carefully read the policies on collaboration and credit on the course web pages at http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~15414/assignments.html.

## Working With Why3

Before you begin this assignment, you will need to install Why3 and the relevant provers. To do so, please follow the installation instructions on the course website (https://www.cs.cmu.edu/ ~15414/why3_install.html). To help you out with Why3, we've provided some useful commands below. We assume a simple Unix command line. If you use a Docker image, you will have to modify them as explained in the installation instructions.

- You can execute code in Why3 using

```
why3 execute <filename>.mlw --use=<module> '<exp>'
```

For example

```
why3 execute mystery2.mlw --use=Mystery2 'g 17';
```

will evaluate the expression g 17 in the module Mystery 2 which must be contained in the file mystery $2 . \mathrm{ml}$ w.

- You can check the sytax of the code and examine the verification condition with

```
why3 prove <filename>.mlw
```

Contrary to intuition, this command does not actually prove anything!

- To verify using the command line, run

```
why3 prove -P <prover> <filename>.mlw
```

for example, with <prover> = alt-ergo. This is useful for simple programs where more fine-grained control over the provers is unnecessary. However, your final submission should include proof sessions as created by the IDE.

- To open the Why3 IDE, run
why3 ide <filename>.mlw
- When you attempt to prove the goals in a file <filename>.mlw using the IDE, a folder called <filename> will be created, containing a proof session. Make sure that you always save the current proof session when you exit the IDE. To check your session after the fact, you can run the following two commands with version 1.4.0 of Why3:

```
why3 replay <filename> # should indicate that session is okay
why3 session info --stats <filename> # prints a summary of the goals
```

If you are using version 1.7.0, then you should run the following two commands:

```
why3 replay <filename> # should indicate that session is okay
# prints proof statistics for each given session
why3 session info --session-stats <filename>
```

- Even though you can modify code directly from the IDE, you may want to use a different editor (VSCode, Emacs, etc.) and then refresh the IDE session with Command-R or the Save all and Refresh session in the File menu.


## What To Hand In

You should hand in the file asst0.zip, which you can generate by running make. This will include the raw mystery $2 . \mathrm{mlw}$ file, as well as the proof sessions created by the IDE in the mystery2/ directory.

## 1 Mystery, Take 2 ( 20 pts)

In lecture we recognized that a mystery function computes Fibonacci numbers on nonnegative inputs. We then expressed this property with suitable pre- and post-conditions. In order to verify that the function is correct, we then needed loop invariants and also a loop variant to guarantee termination. In this problem we ask you to walk through the same process with a second mystery function g . Determine by experimentation what this function is supposed to compute, write logical contracts to express its correctness, and then verify the function in Why3. You should hand in a file mystery2.mlw with the completed module Mystery2 included in asst0.zip.

```
module Mystery2
use int.Int
let g (n : int) : int =
let ref a = 0 in
let ref b = 0 in
let ref c = 0 in
while b <= n do
    b}<-\textrm{b}+\textrm{c}+1\mathrm{ ;
    c<-c + 2 ;
done ;
a-1
end (* module Mystery2 *)
```

