Warm-up: What to eat?

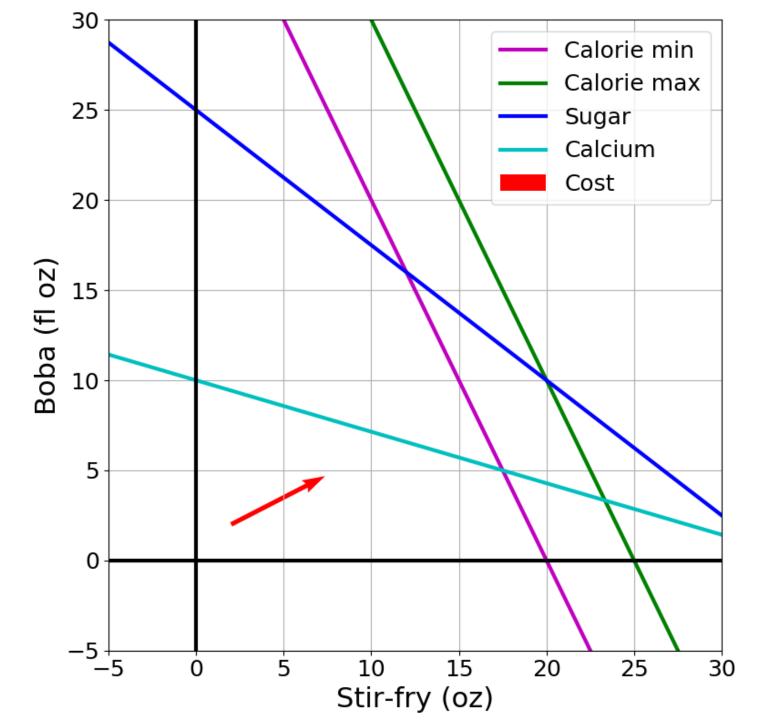
We are trying healthy by finding the optimal amount of food to purchase. We can choose the amount of stir-fry (ounce) and boba (fluid ounces).

Healthy Squad Goals

- $2000 \le \text{Calories} \le 2500$
- Sugar ≤ 100 g
- Calcium ≥ 700 mg

Food	Cost	Calories	Sugar	Calcium
Stir-fry (per oz)	1	100	3	20
Boba (per fl oz)	0.5	50	4	70

What is the cheapest way to stay "healthy" with this menu? How much stir-fry (ounce) and boba (fluid ounces) should we buy?



Announcements

Assignments:

- HW3 (online)
 - Due Wed 2/6, 10 pm
- P1: Search & Games
 - Due Thu 2/7, 10 pm
- HW4 (written)
 - Released Wed 2/6
 - Due Tue 2/12, 10 pm
- P2: Optimization
 - Released later this week
 - Due Thu 2/21, 10 pm

Announcements

Midterm 1 Exam

■ Mon 2/18, in class

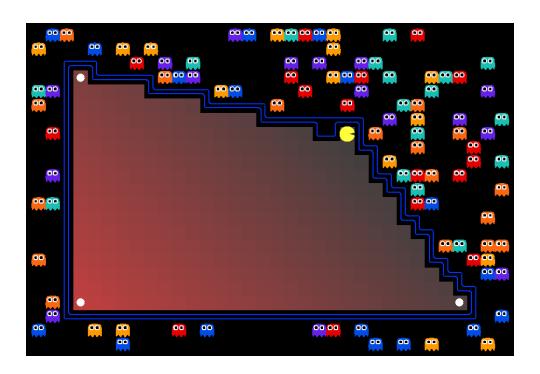
AAAI Conference

Honolulu, HI



AI: Representation and Problem Solving

Linear Programming



Instructors: Pat Virtue & Stephanie Rosenthal

Slide credits: CMU AI, http://ai.berkeley.edu

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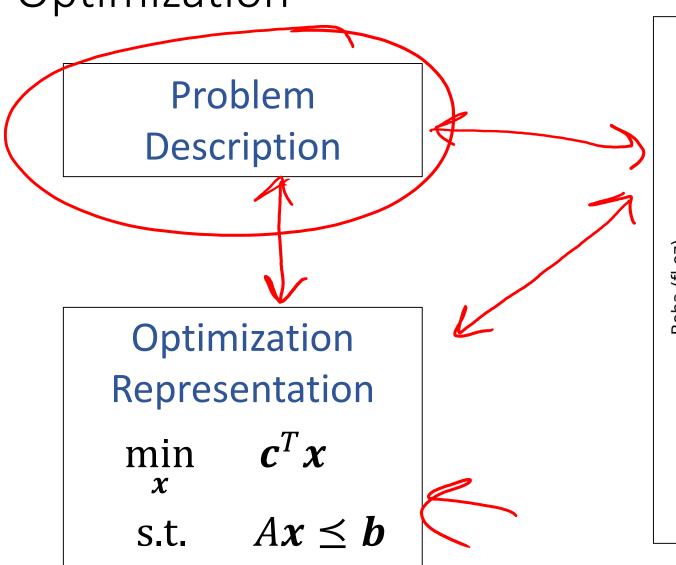
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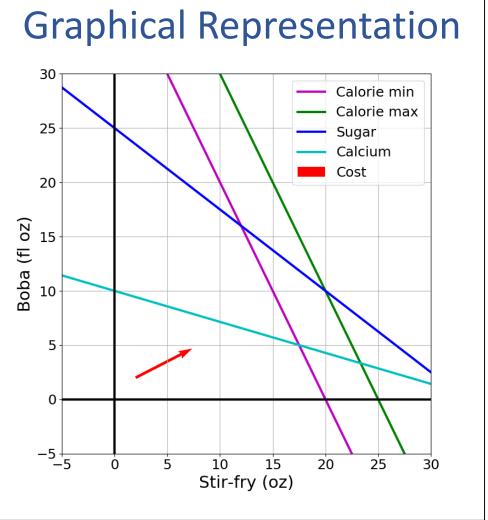
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Constraint Satisfaction Problems

Map coloring

Any x

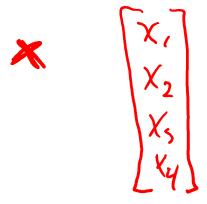
s.t. *x* satisfies constraints



Constraint Satisfaction Problems

Map coloring

Any xs.t. x satisfies constraints such that





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Diet Problem

Any x

s.t. *x* satisfies constraints





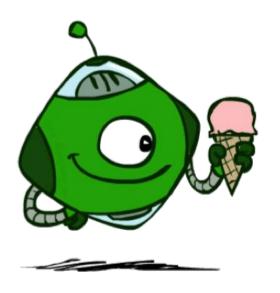
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Diet Problem

 $\min_{x} cost(x)$ Objective

s.t. *x* satisfies constraints



Healthy Squad Goals

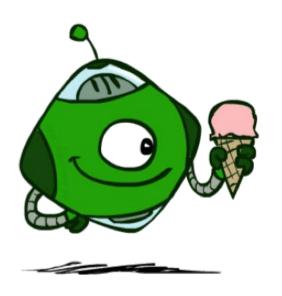
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Food	Cost	Calories	Sugar	Calciu m
Stir-fry (per oz)	1	100	3	20
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Diet Problem



s.t. calories(x) contained $sugar(x) \le limit$ $calcium(x) \ge limit$



Healthy Squad Goals

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Diet Problem

min

$$x_1, x_2$$

s.t. $100 x_1 + 50 x_2 \ge 2000$
 $100 x_1 + 50 x_2 \le 2500$
 $3 x_1 + 4 x_2 \le 100$
 $20 x_1 + 70 x_2 \ge 700$



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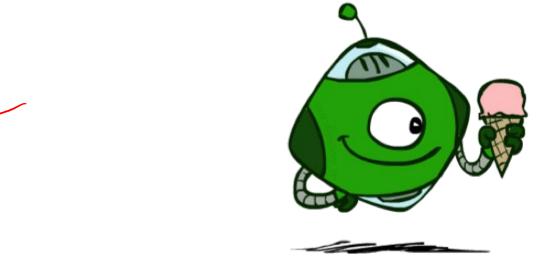
Diet Problem

$$\min_{x_1, x_2} c_1 x_1 + c_2 x_2 \rightarrow c^{\intercal} x$$
s.t.
$$a_{1,1} x_1 + a_{1,2} x_2 \ge b_1$$

$$a_{2,1} x_1 + a_{2,2} x_2 \le b_2$$

$$a_{3,1} x_1 + a_{3,2} x_2 \le b_3$$

$$a_{4,1} x_1 + a_{4,2} x_2 \ge b_4$$



$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Limit

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 20 & 70 \end{bmatrix}$$

[2000]

Calorie min 2500 Calorie max Sugar Calcium

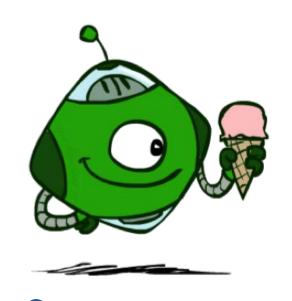
Diet Problem

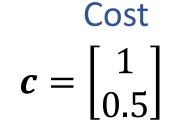
$$\min_{x} c^{T}x$$
s.t.
$$a_{1,1} x_{1} + a_{1,2} x_{2} \ge b_{1}$$

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$$a_{4,1} x_{1} + a_{4,2} x_{2} \ge b_{4}$$





Limit

[2000]

Calorie min 2500 Calorie max Sugar Calcium

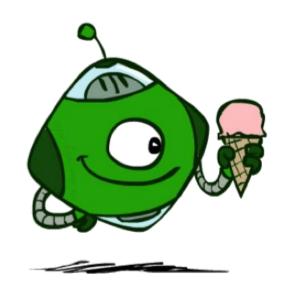
Diet Problem

$$\min_{x} c^{T}x$$
s.t.
$$-a_{1,1} x_{1} - a_{1,2} x_{2} \leq -b_{1}$$

$$a_{2,1} x_{1} + a_{2,2} x_{2} \leq b_{2}$$

$$a_{3,1} x_{1} + a_{3,2} x_{2} \leq b_{3}$$

$$-a_{4,1} x_{1} - a_{4,2} x_{2} \leq -b_{4}$$



Cost

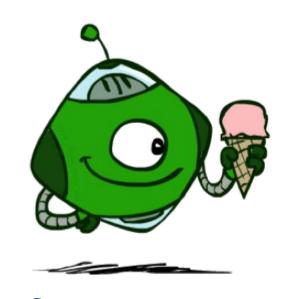
$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Limit

$$b = \begin{bmatrix} 2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ 700 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calorie min 2500 Calorie max 100 Sugar Calcium

Diet Problem



$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Limit

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -20 & -70 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -20 & -70 \end{bmatrix} b = \begin{bmatrix} -2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ -700 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{c} \text{Calorie min} \\ \text{Calorie max} \\ \text{Sugar} \\ \text{Calcium} \\ \end{array}$$

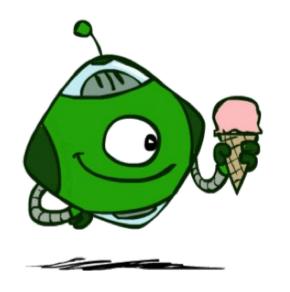
Diet Problem

 $\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$

s.t.

 $Ax \leq b$





Cost

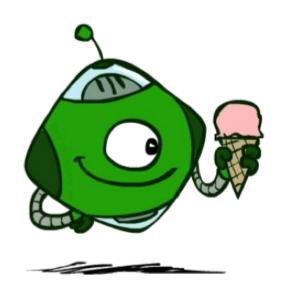
$$c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

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What has to increase to add more nutrition constraints?

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

s.t.
$$A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$



Select all that apply

- A) length x
- B) length *c*
- ightharpoonup C) height A
 - D) width A
- \rightarrow E) length \boldsymbol{b}

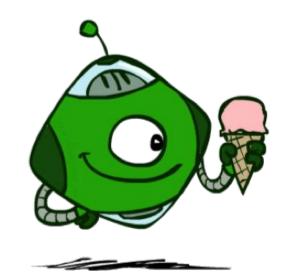
What has to increase to add more nutrition constraints?

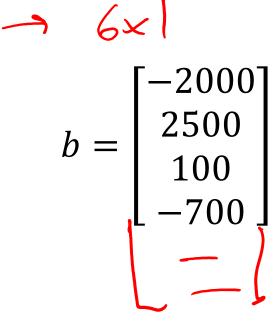
$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

s.t.
$$A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$

$$\boldsymbol{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \boldsymbol{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -20 & -70 \end{bmatrix}$$





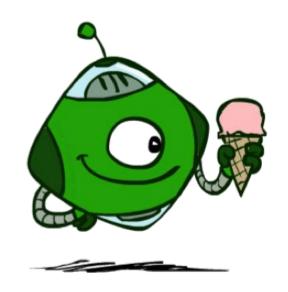
What has to increase to add more menu items?

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

s.t.
$$A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$

Select all that apply

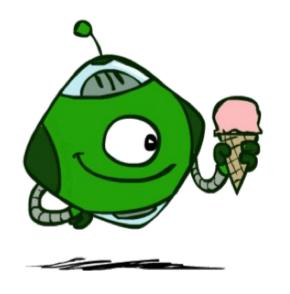
- \rightarrow A) length x
- \rightarrow B) length c
 - C) height A
- \rightarrow D) width A
 - E) length **b**



What has to increase to add more nutrition constraints?

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

s.t.
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$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix} \qquad MA = \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -50 \\ 100 & 50 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -20 & -70 \end{bmatrix} \qquad b = \begin{bmatrix} -2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ -700 \end{bmatrix}$$

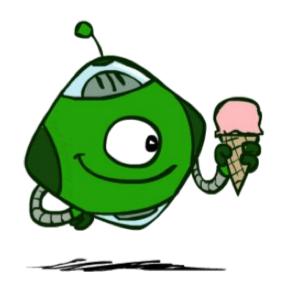
$$b = \begin{bmatrix} -2000 \\ 2500 \\ 100 \\ -700 \end{bmatrix}$$

Question

If $A \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times N}$, which of the following also equals N?

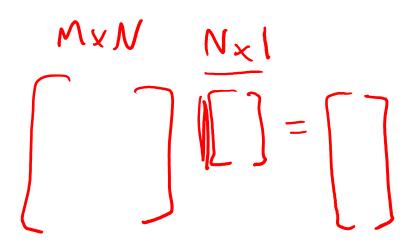
$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

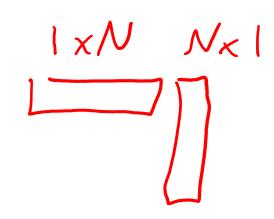
s.t.
$$A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$



Select all that apply

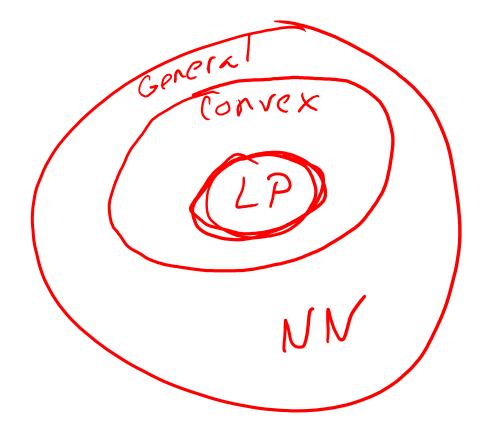
- \bigcirc length x
- \bigcirc length c
- | length b





Linear Programming

Linear objective with linear constraints



As opposed to general optimization

min.
$$f_0(\mathbf{x})$$

s.t. $f_i(\mathbf{x}) \le 0$, $i = 1 \dots M$
 $\mathbf{a}_i^T \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}_i$, $i = 1 \dots P$

$$\chi_1^2 + \chi_2^2$$

Linear Programming

Different formulations

Inequality form

min.

s.t.

 $\boldsymbol{c}^T \boldsymbol{x}$

 $Ax \leq b$

General form

 $c^T x + d$ min.

s.t. $Gx \leq h$

Ax = b

Standard form

 $\boldsymbol{c}^T \boldsymbol{x}$ min.

Ax = bs.t.

 $x \geq 0$

Linear Programming

Different formulations

Inequality form

min.
$$c^T x$$

s.t. $Ax \leq b$

General form

min.
$$c^T x + d$$

s.t. $Gx \le h$
 $Ax = b$

Standard form

Can switch between formulations!

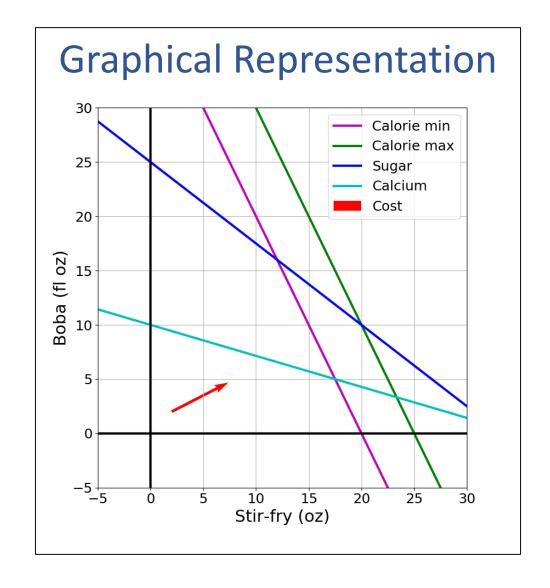
Optimization

Problem Description



 $\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$

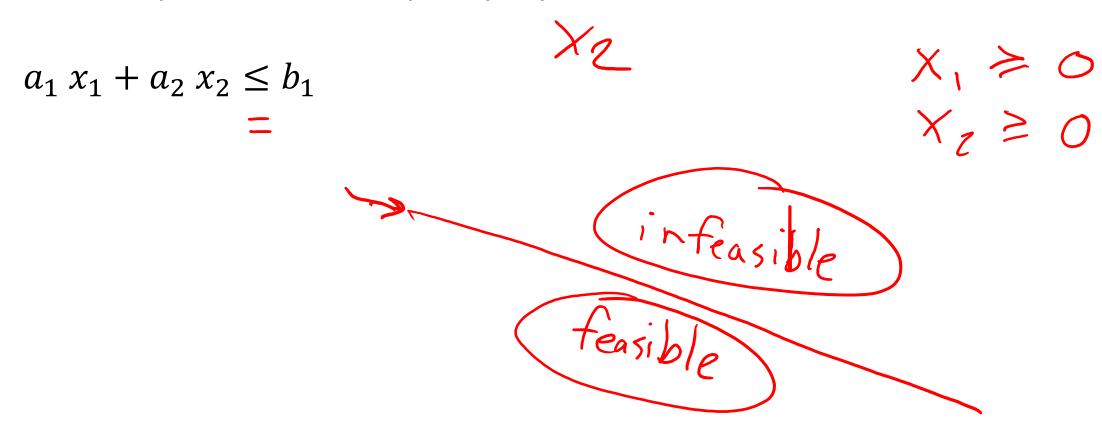
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Graphics Representation

Geometry / Algebra I Quiz

What shape does this inequality represent?



Graphics Representation

Geometry / Algebra I Quiz

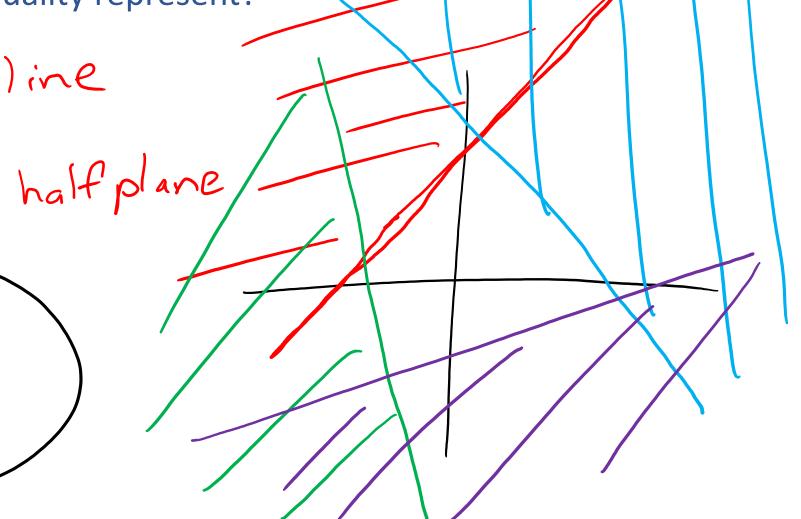
What shape does this inequality represent?

$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 = b_1$$

$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 \le b_1$$

halfplane

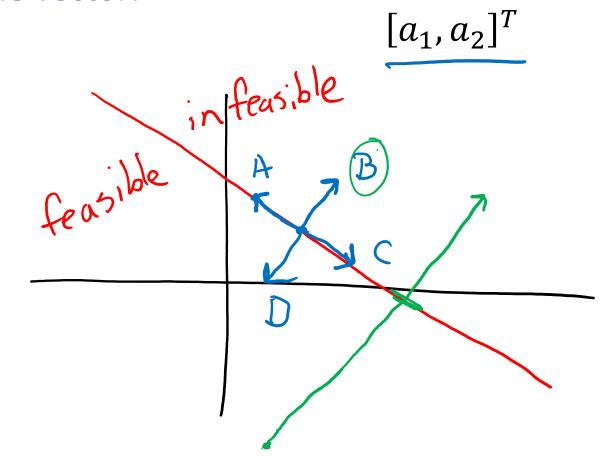
$$\begin{aligned} a_{1,1} x_1 + a_{1,2} x_2 &\leq b_1 \\ a_{2,1} x_1 + a_{2,2} x_2 &\leq b_2 \\ a_{3,1} x_1 + a_{3,2} x_2 &\leq b_3 \\ a_{4,1} x_1 + a_{4,2} x_2 &\leq b_4 \end{aligned}$$

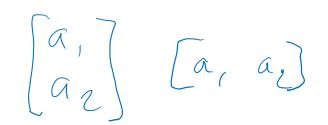


What is the relationship between the half plane:

$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 \le b_1$$

and the vector:





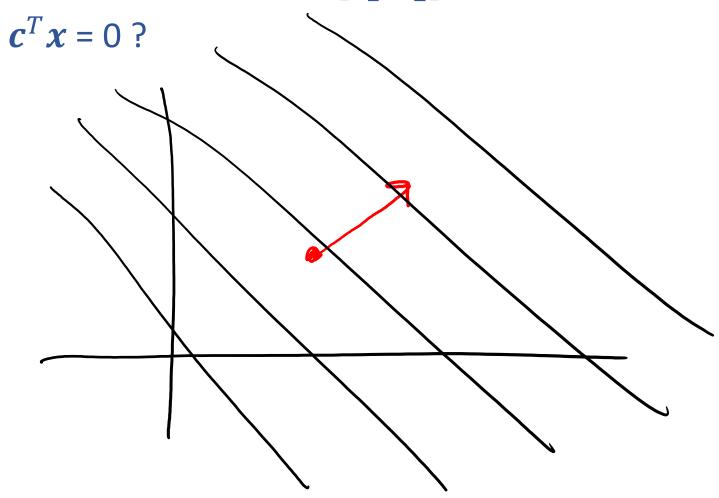




Given the cost vector $[c_1, c_2]^T$ and initial point $\underline{x}^{(0)}$. Which unit vector step $\triangle x$ will cause $\underline{x}^{(1)} = \underline{x}^{(0)} + \triangle x$ to have the lowest cost $c^T x^{(1)}$?

Cost Contours

Given the cost vector $[c_1, c_2]^T$ where will



Cost Contours

Given the cost vector $[c_1, c_2]^T$ where will

$$c^{T}x = 0$$
?
 $c^{T}x = 1$?
 $c^{T}x = 2$?
 $c^{T}x = -1$?
 $c^{T}x = -2$?

LP Graphical Representation

Inequality form

```
\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}
s.t. A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}
```

LP Graphical Representation

Inequality form, with no constraints

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

LP Graphical Representation

Inequality form, with no constraints

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

s.t.
$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 \le b$$

True or False: An minimizing LP with exactly on constraint, will always have a minimum objective at $-\infty$.

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

s.t.
$$a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 \le b$$

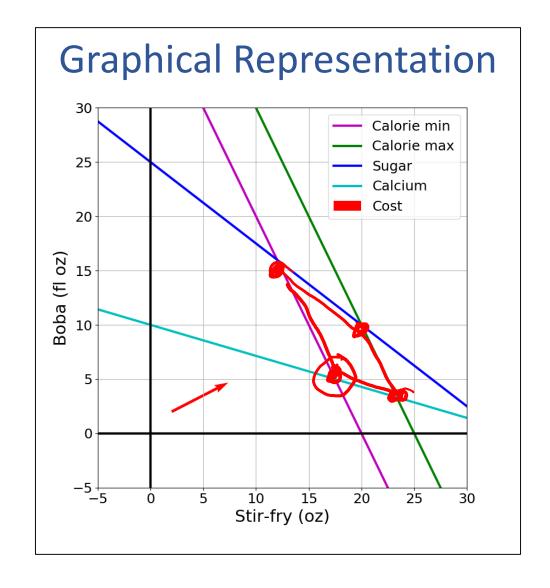
Optimization

Problem Description

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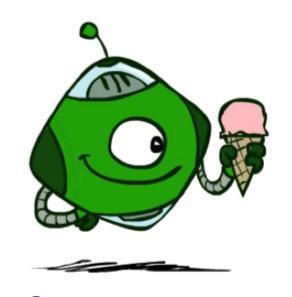
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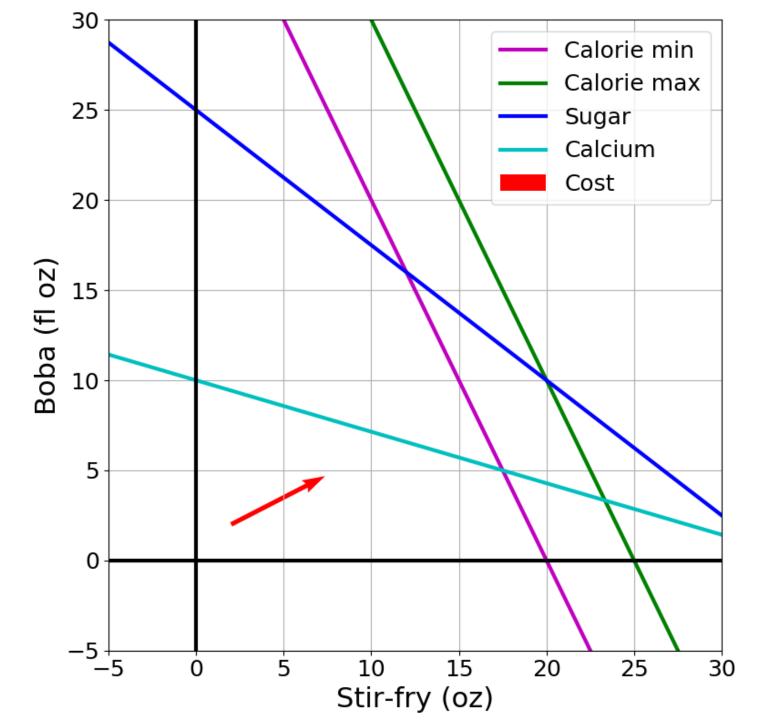
$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x}$$

s.t.
$$A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}$$



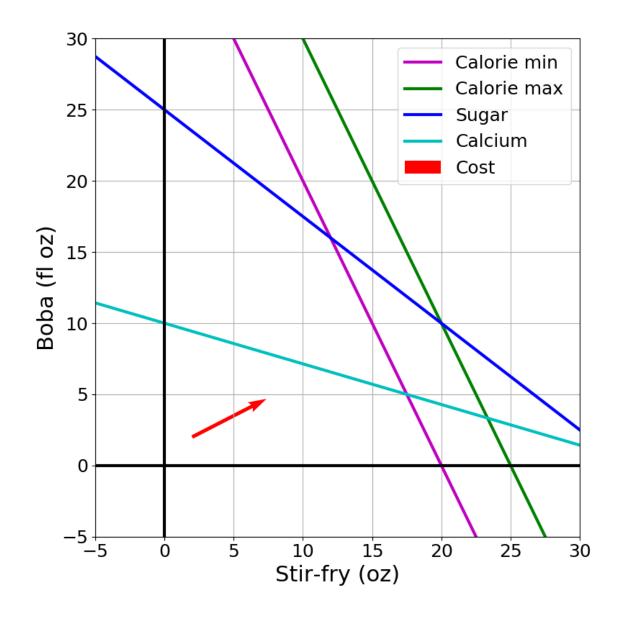
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Solving an LP

Solutions are at feasible intersections of constraint boundaries!!



Solving an LP

Solutions are at feasible intersections of constraint boundaries!!

