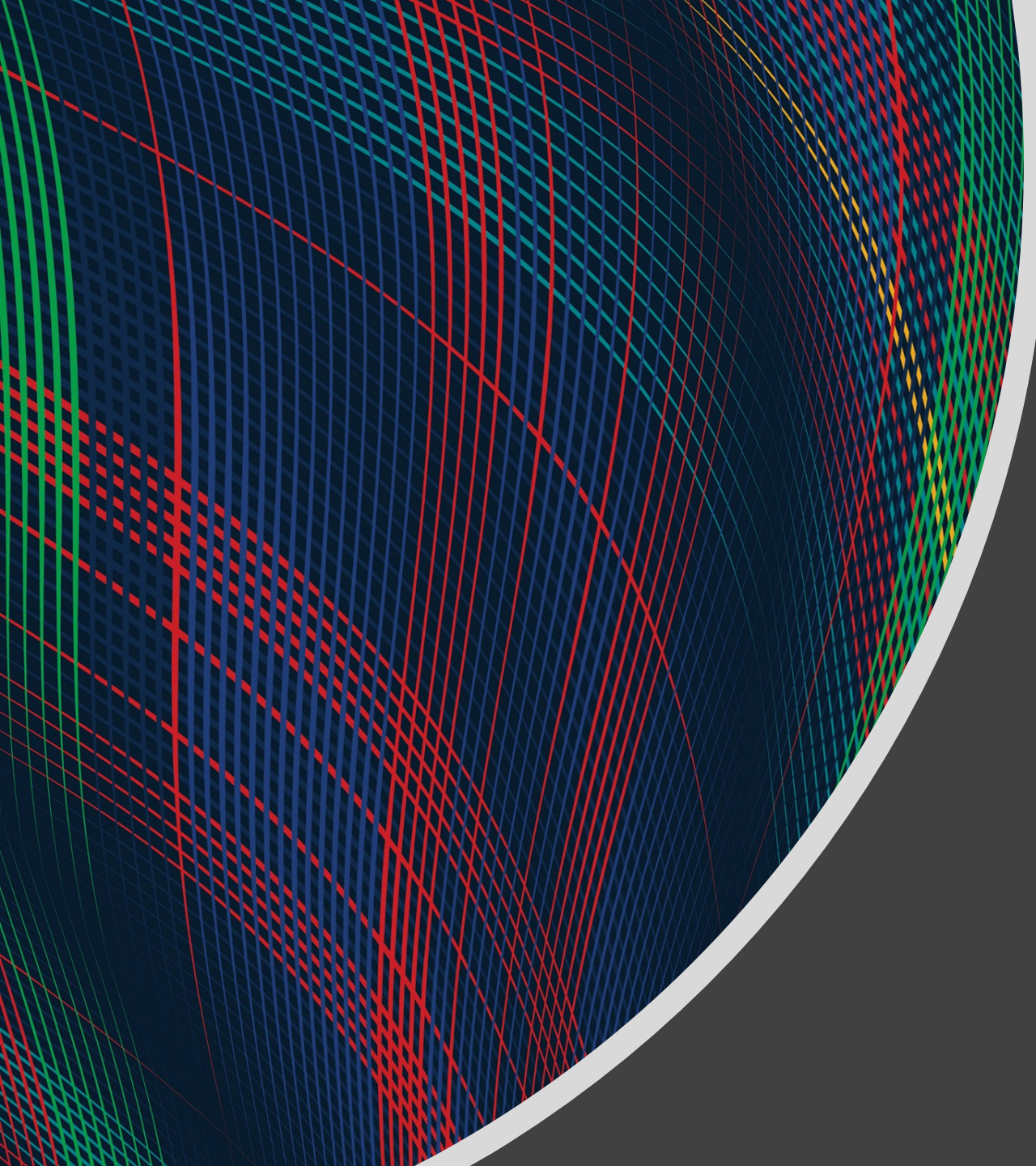


An abstract graphic on the left side of the slide, featuring a sphere-like shape composed of a dense grid of intersecting red, green, and blue lines. The lines are curved and follow the contour of the sphere, creating a complex, woven pattern. The sphere is set against a dark gray background.

10-315

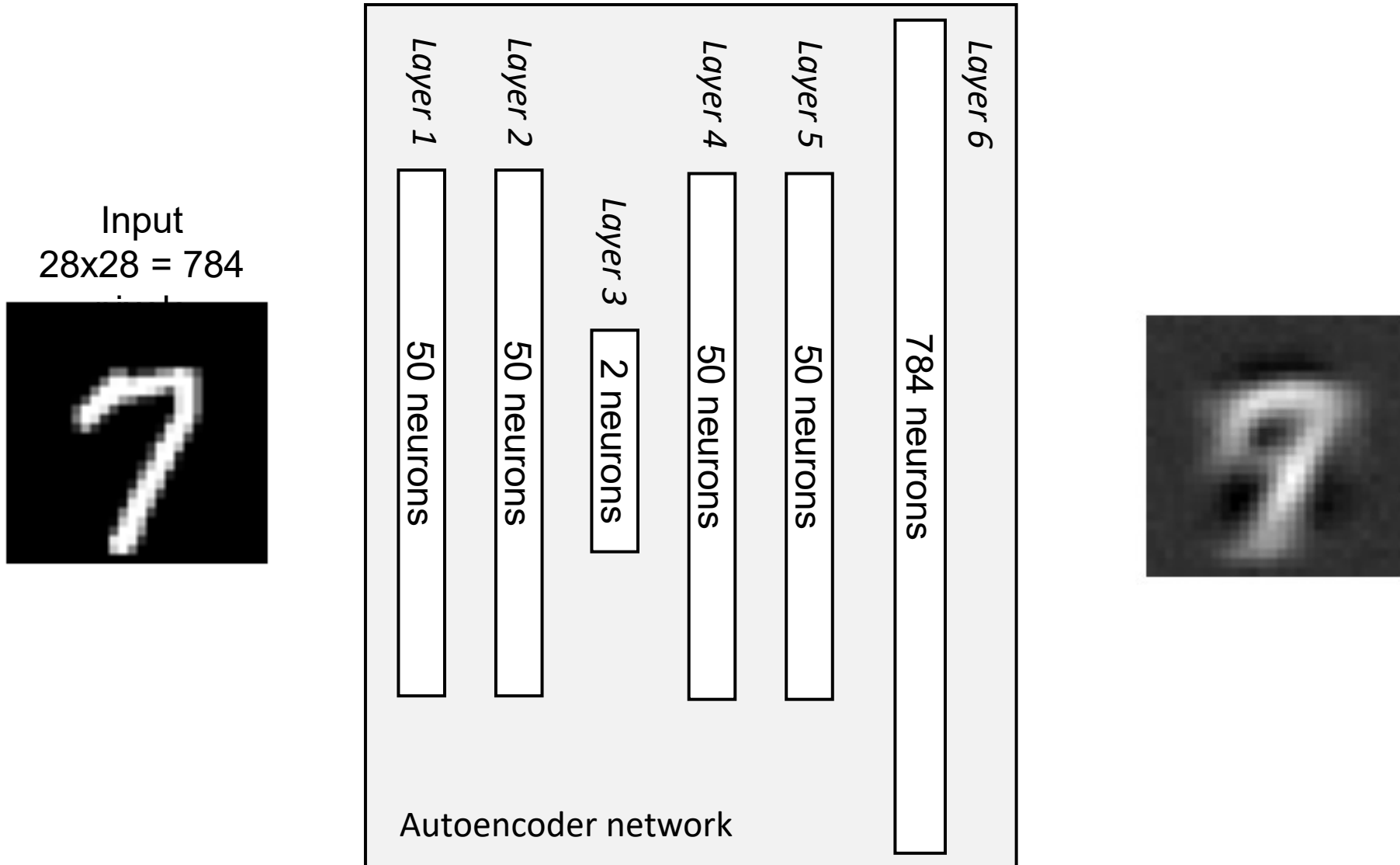
Introduction to ML

Variational Autoencoders

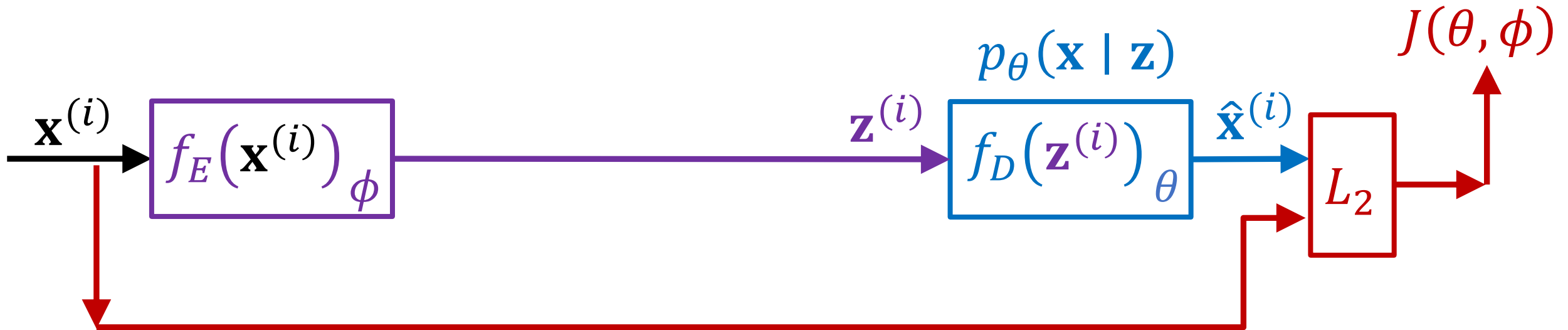
Instructor: Pat Virtue

Digit Autoencoder

<https://cs.stanford.edu/people/karpathy/convnetjs/demo/autoencoder.html>

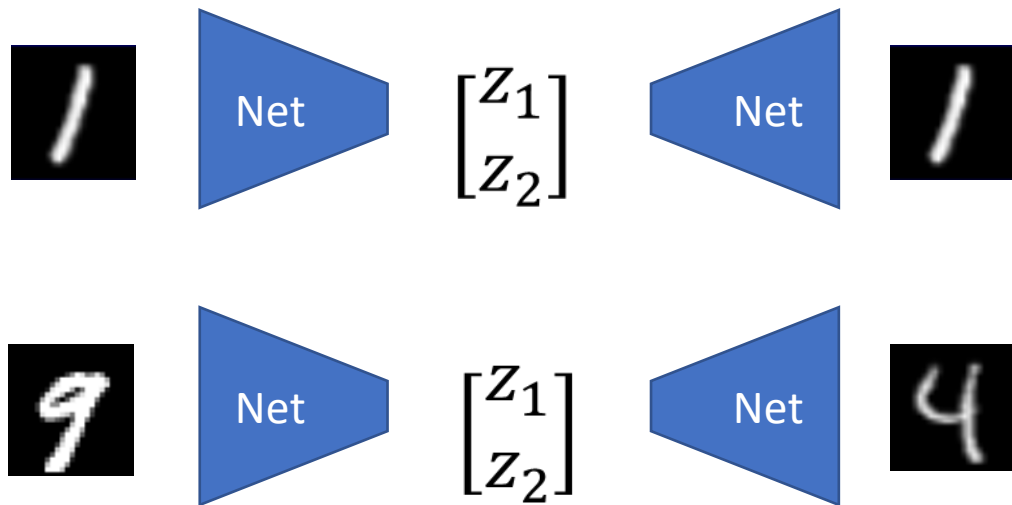


Autoencoder

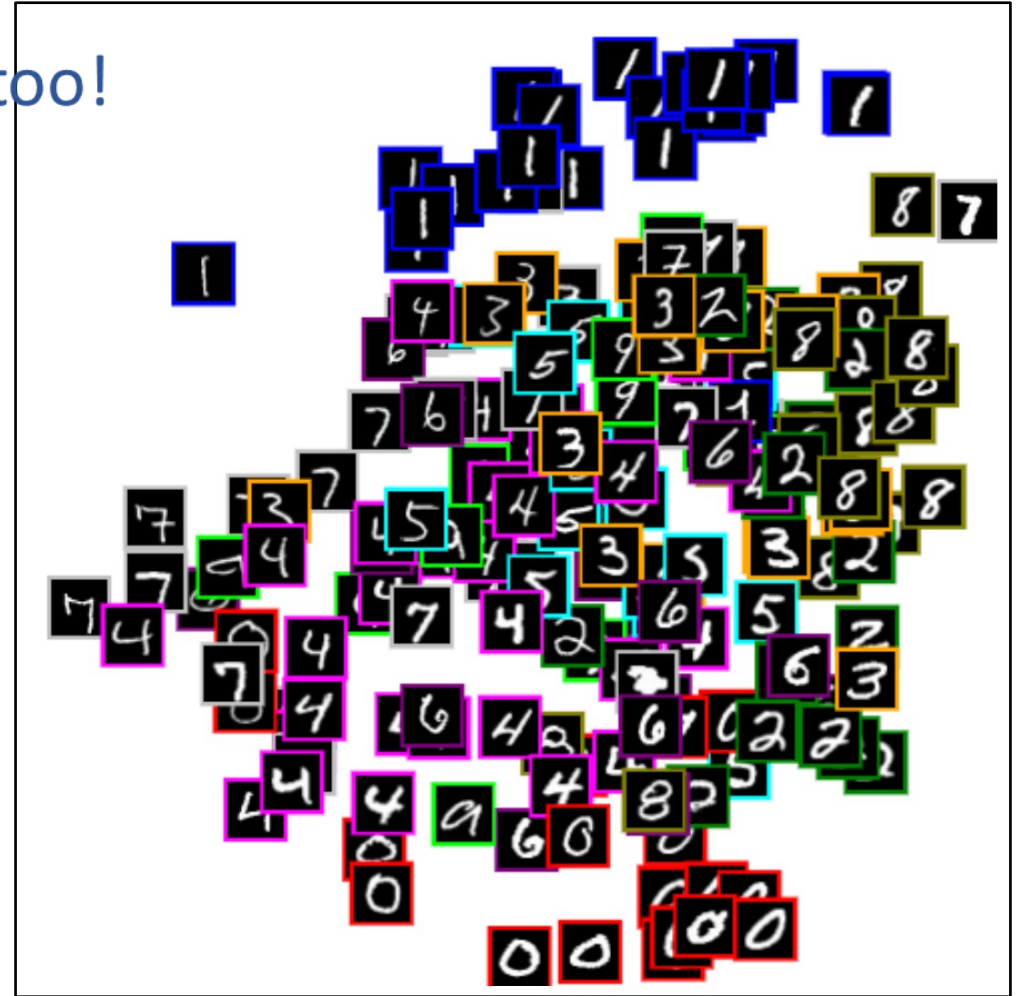


Autoencoder

Neural networks can learn to organization too!



Z_2



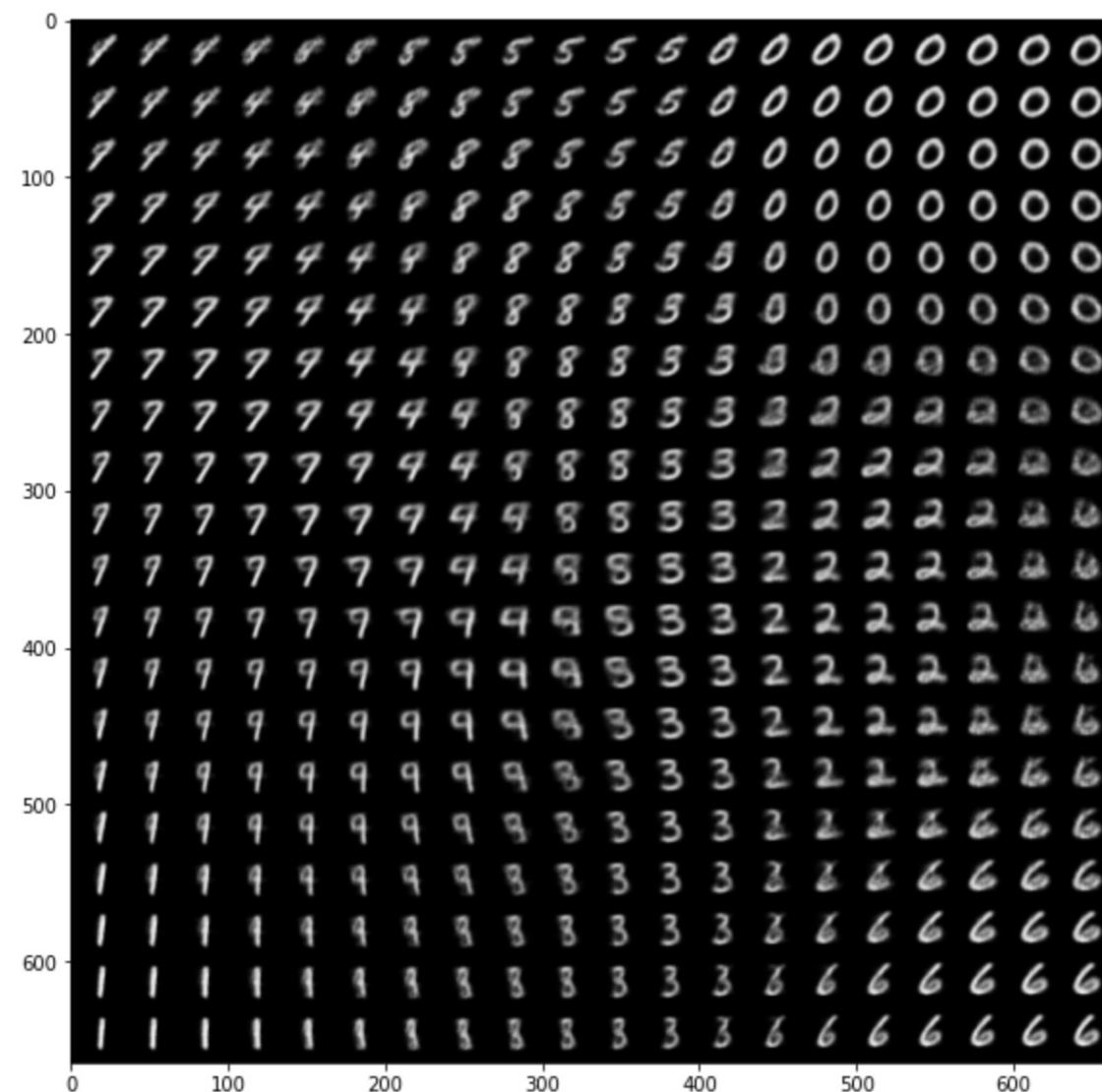
Z_1

<https://cs.stanford.edu/people/karpathy/convnetjs/demo/autoencoder.html>

Variational Autoencoder Demo

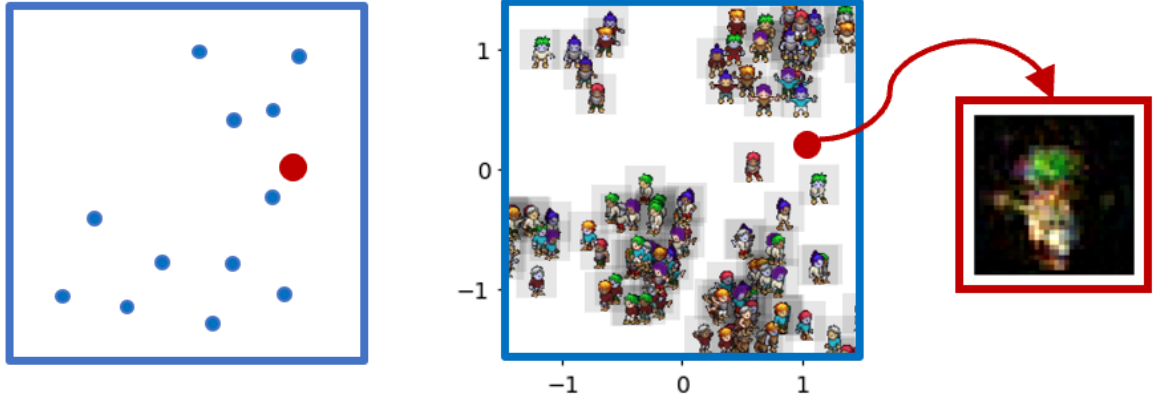
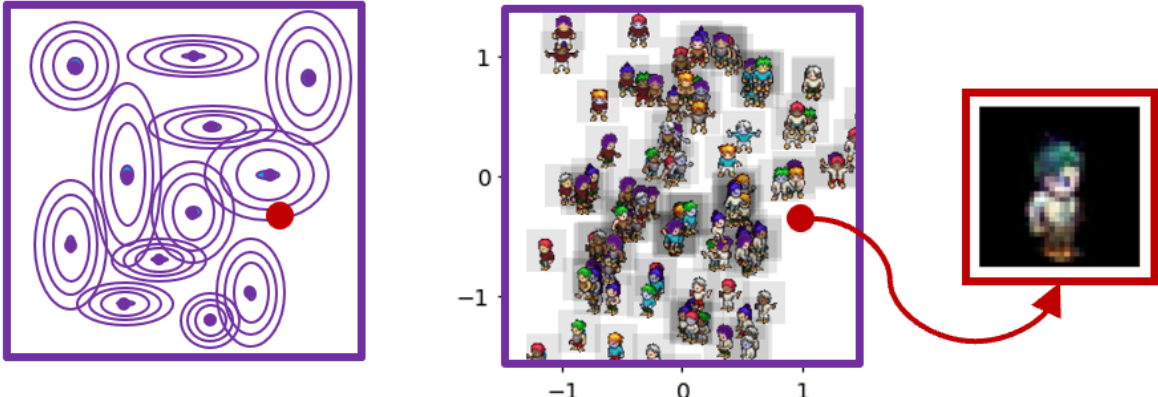
Zhuoyue Lyu, Safinah Ali, and
Cynthia Breazeal. EAAI 2022.

<https://colab.research.google.com/gist/ZhuoyueLyu/5046225a9ae3675cf633c1df5f63be06/digits-interpolation-notebook-eaai.ipynb>

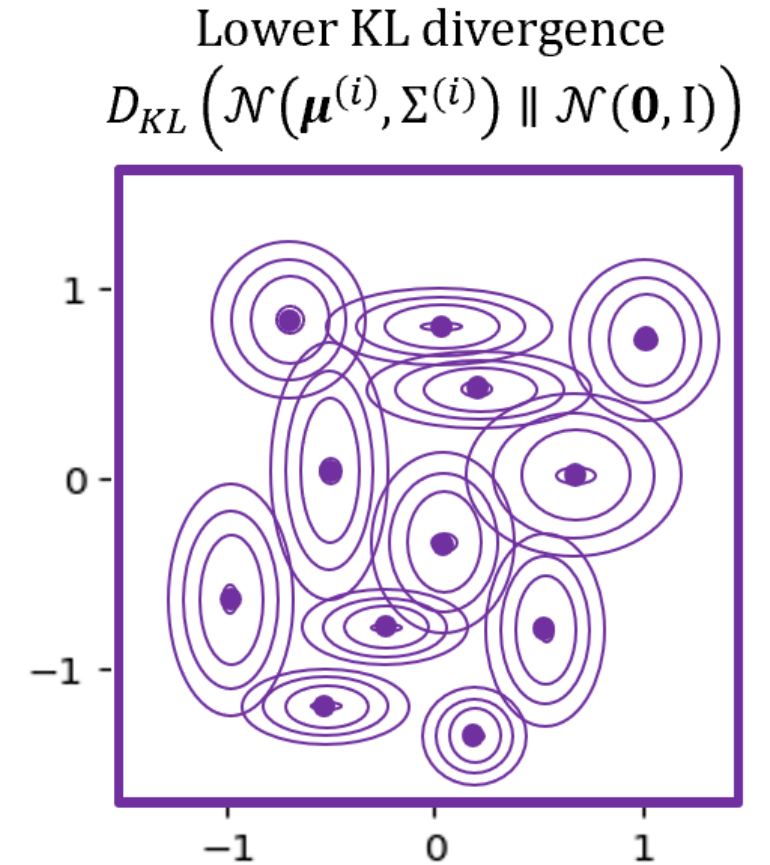
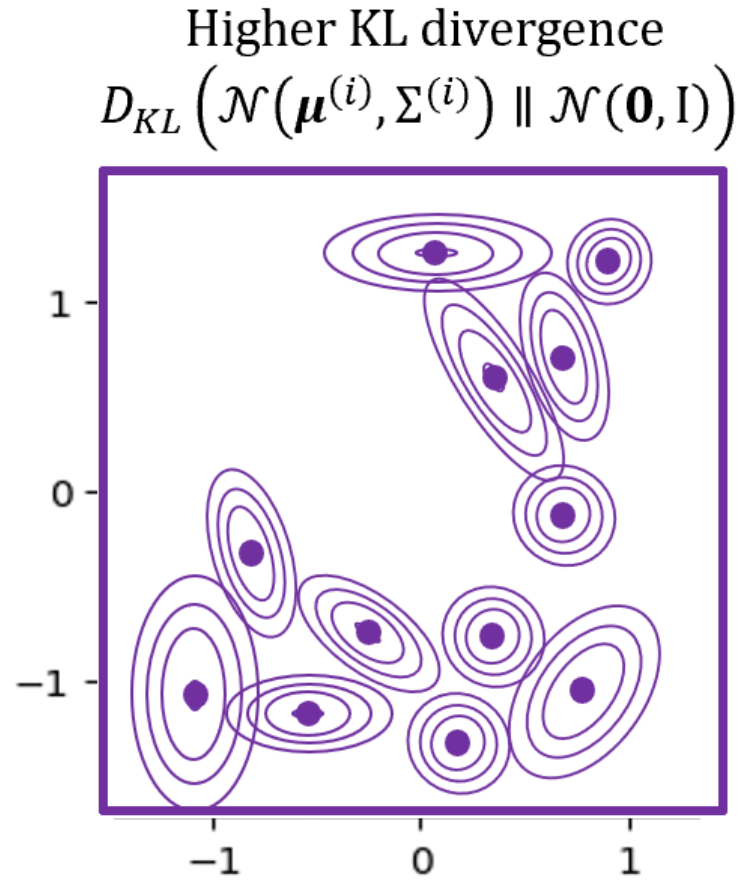
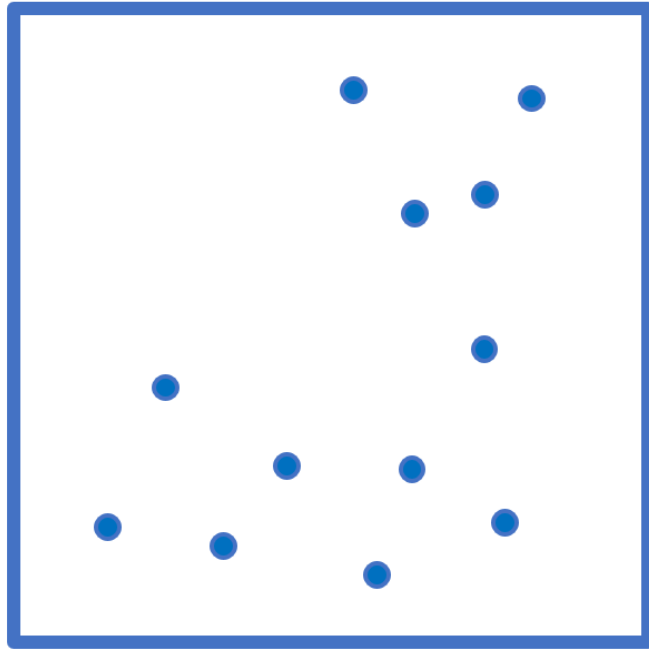


Sampling $p(x)$ from Autoencoder

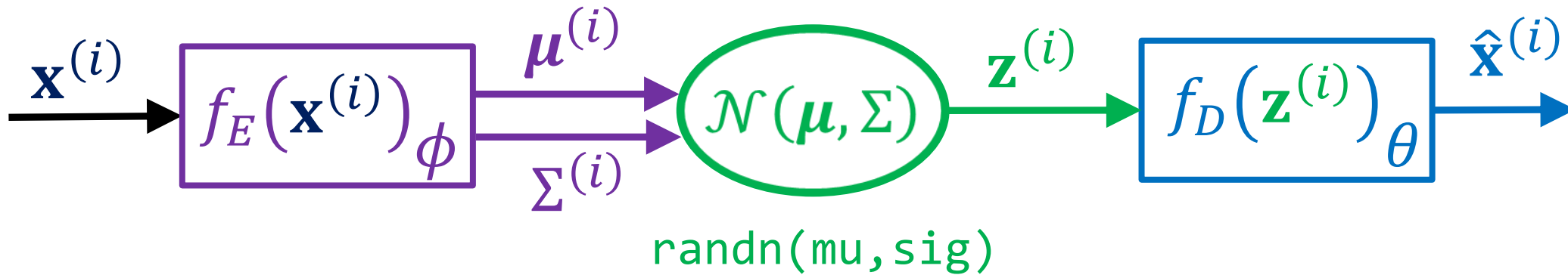
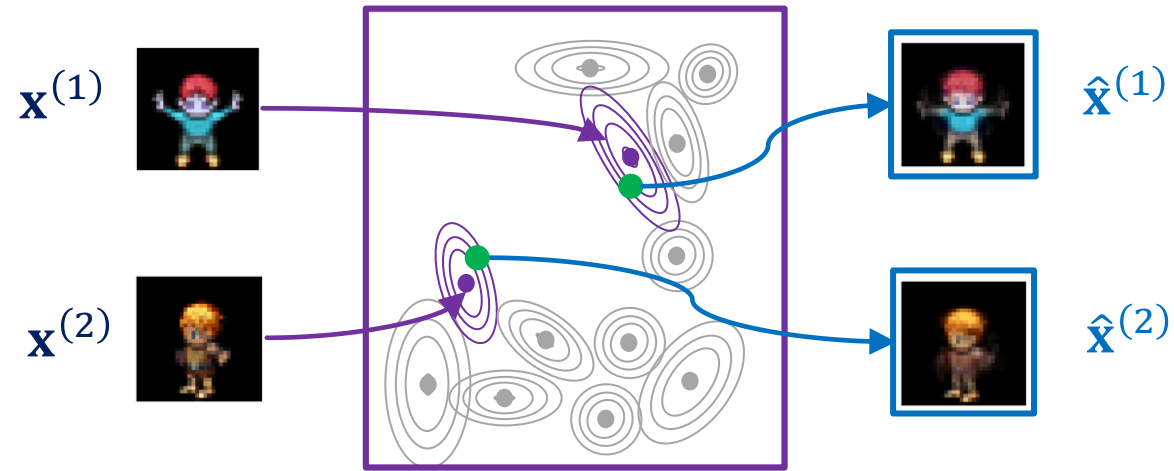
How do we
sample a new
image?

Desired sampling	Sampling in practice
$\mathbf{z} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, I)$ 	Autoencoder: Hit or miss 
	 Variational Autoencoder: More Robust

From Autoencoders to VAE

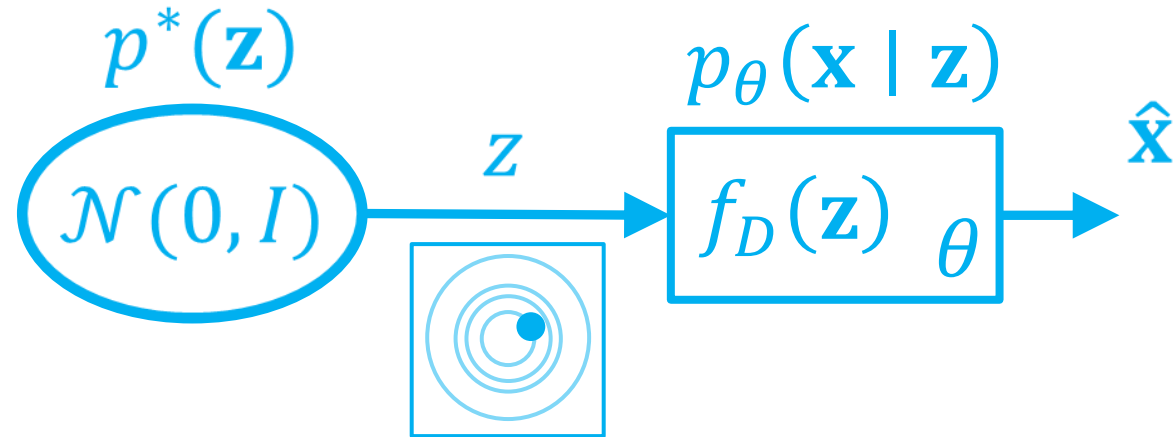


From Autoencoders to VAE

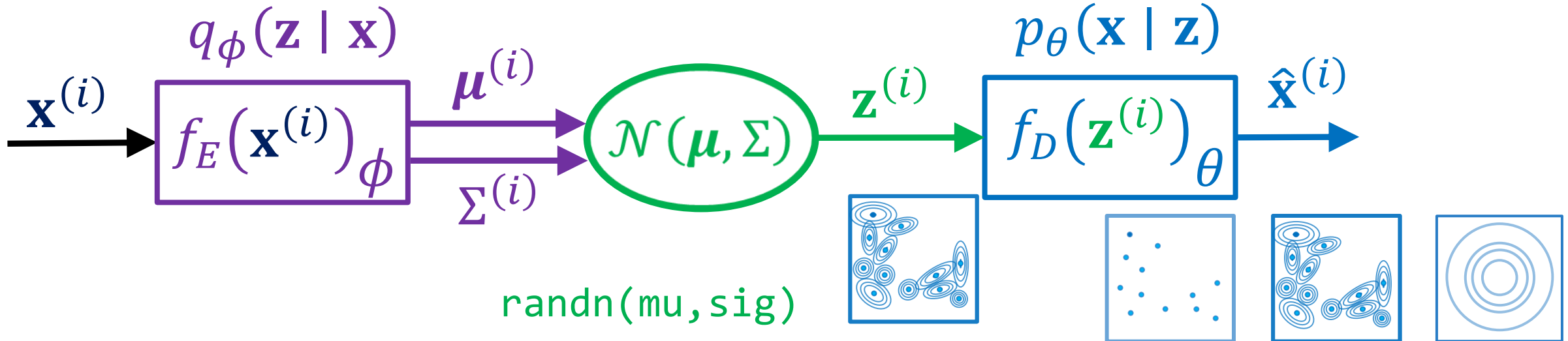


From Autoencoders to VAE

Want:



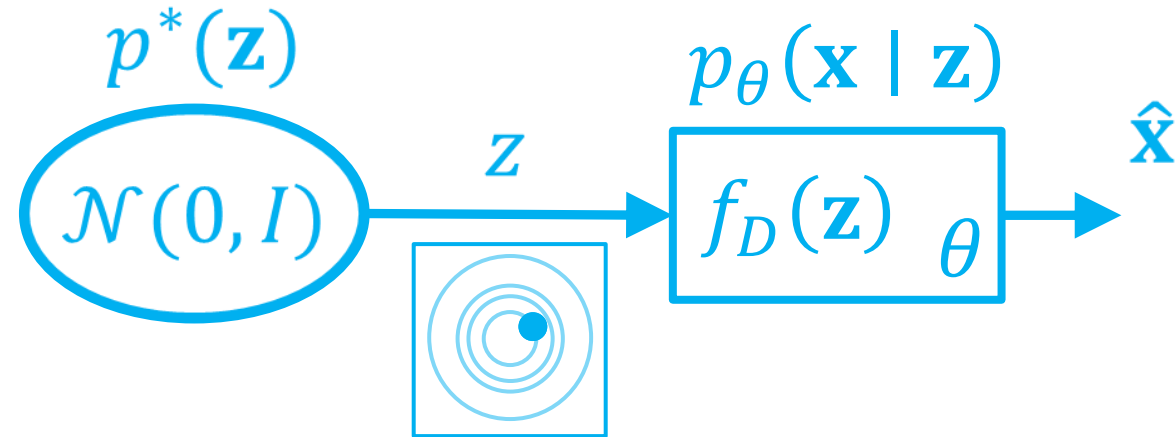
Autoencoder:



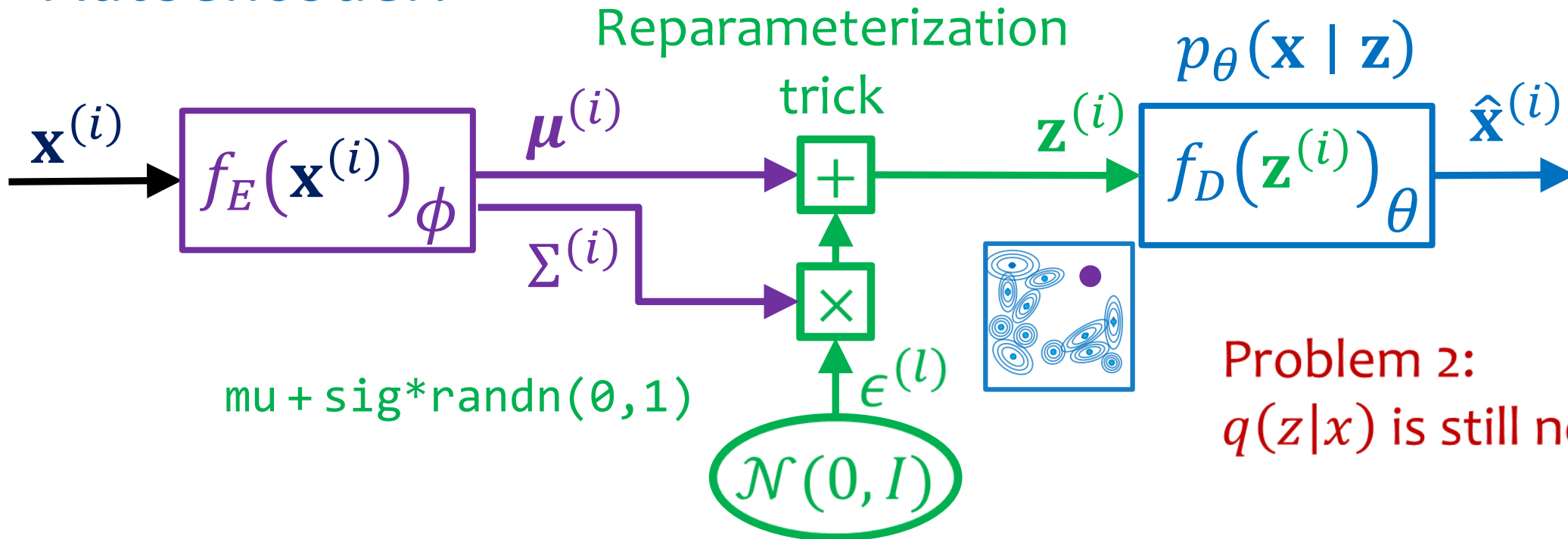
Problem 1: Random sampling function on computation path from ϕ to loss

From Autoencoders to VAE

Want:

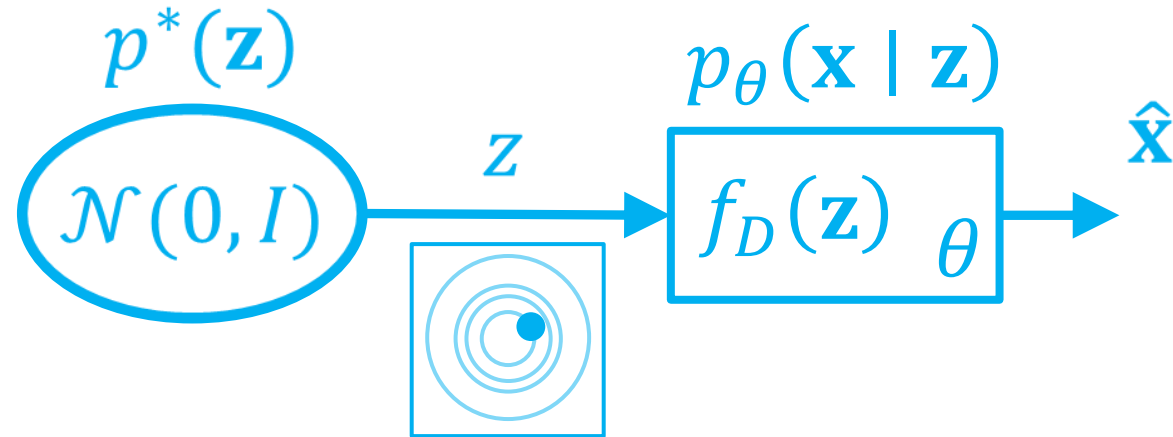


Autoencoder:

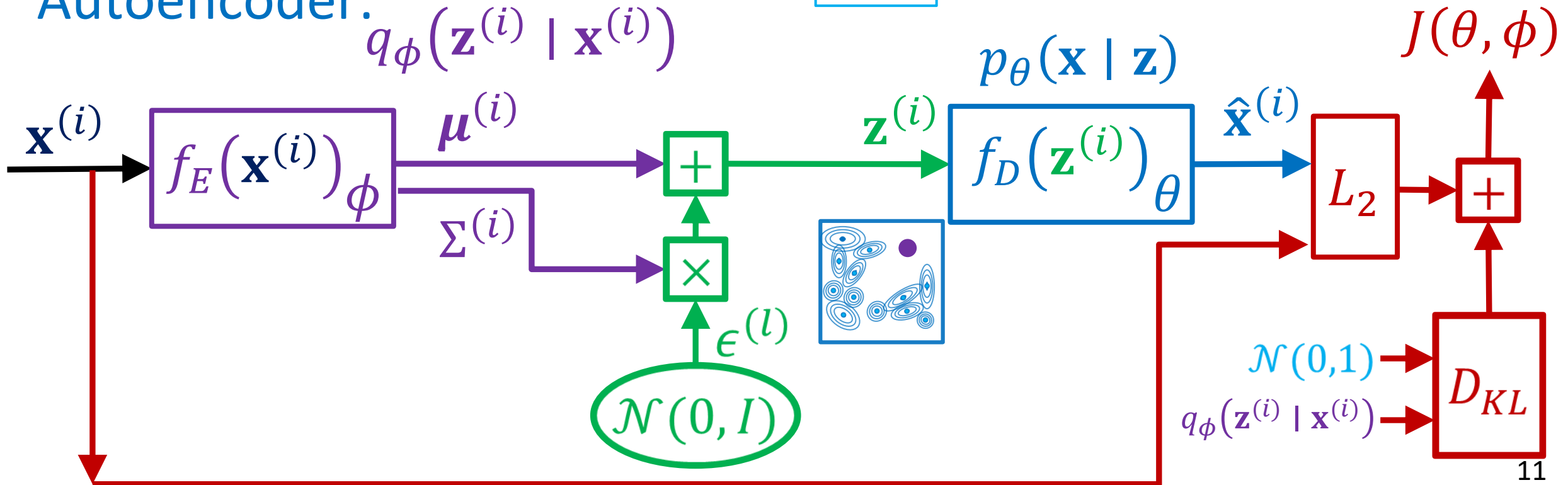


From Autoencoders to VAE

Want:



Autoencoder:



MLE:

$$\operatorname{argmax}_{\theta, \phi} \log p(x)$$

VAE Objective

$$\log \int_z p_{\theta}(x | z) p(z) dz$$

Multiply by 1

$$\log \int_z p_{\theta}(x | z) p(z) \frac{q_{\phi}(z | x)}{q_{\phi}(z | x)} dz$$

$$\log \mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} \left[p_{\theta}(x | z) \frac{p(z)}{q_{\phi}(z | x)} \right]$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} \left[\log \left(p_{\theta}(x | z) \frac{p(z)}{q_{\phi}(z | x)} \right) \right]$$

Evidence Lower bound (ELBO)

$$\mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} [\log p_{\theta}(x | z)] + \mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} \left[\log \frac{p(z)}{q_{\phi}(z | x)} \right]$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} [\log p_{\theta}(x | z)] - D_{KL}(q_{\phi}(z | x) \parallel p(z))$$

MLE:

$$\operatorname{argmax}_{\theta, \phi} \log p(x)$$

VAE Objective

$$\log \int_z p_{\theta}(x | z) p(z) dz$$

Multiply by 1

$$\log \int_z p_{\theta}(x | z) p(z) \frac{q_{\phi}(z | x)}{q_{\phi}(z | x)} dz$$

$$\log \mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} \left[p_{\theta}(x | z) \frac{p(z)}{q_{\phi}(z | x)} \right]$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} \left[\log \left(p_{\theta}(x | z) \frac{p(z)}{q_{\phi}(z | x)} \right) \right]$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} [\log p_{\theta}(x | z)] + \mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} \left[\log \frac{p(z)}{q_{\phi}(z | x)} \right]$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{z \sim q(z|x)} [\log p_{\theta}(x | z)] - D_{KL}(q_{\phi}(z | x) \| p(z))$$

Jensen's inequality:

For convex $f(x)$:

$$f(a + b) \leq f(a) + f(b)$$

$$-\log(a + b) \leq -\log a - \log b$$

$$\log(a + b) \geq \log a + \log b$$

Evidence Lower bound (ELBO)

MLE:

Regular Autoencoder Objective

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{\theta, \phi} -\log p(\mathcal{D} \mid \theta, \phi)$$

$$-\sum_{i=1}^N \log p(\mathbf{x}^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)})$$

$$-\sum_{i=1}^N \sum_j^M \log p(x_j^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)})$$

$$-\sum_{i=1}^N \sum_j^M \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x_j - \hat{x}_j)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \sum_j^M (x_j - \hat{x}_j)^2$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{x}} = h_{\theta, \phi}(\mathbf{x}) = f_D(\mathbf{z}; \theta)$$

$$\mathbf{z} = f_E(\mathbf{x}; \phi)$$

Regression: model each pixel
as noisy samples of $h(\mathbf{x})$

$$p(\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x}) = \prod_j p(x_j \mid \mathbf{x})$$

$$p(x_j \mid \mathbf{x}) \sim N(x_j, \sigma^2)$$

$$\text{loss}(\mathbf{x}, \hat{\mathbf{x}}) = \|\mathbf{x} - \hat{\mathbf{x}}\|_2^2 = \|\mathbf{x} - f_D(f_E(\mathbf{x}))\|_2^2$$

VAE Objective

MLE:

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{\theta, \phi} -\log p(\mathcal{D} \mid \theta, \phi)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & - \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\mathbb{E}_{\mathbf{z} \sim q(\mathbf{z} \mid \mathbf{x})} [\log p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{z}^{(i)})] - D_{KL}(q_{\phi}(\mathbf{z}^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}) \parallel \mathcal{N}(0,1)) \right) \\ & \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\frac{1}{L} \sum_{l=1}^L -\log p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{z}^{(i,l)}) + D_{KL}(q_{\phi}(\mathbf{z}^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}) \parallel \mathcal{N}(0,1)) \right) \\ & \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\frac{1}{L} \sum_{l=1}^L \|\mathbf{x}^{(i)} - f_G(\mathbf{z}^{(i,l)}; \theta)\|_2^2 + D_{KL}(q_{\phi}(\mathbf{z}^{(i)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(i)}) \parallel \mathcal{N}(0,1)) \right) \end{aligned}$$

where we sample $\mathbf{z}^{(i,l)} \sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\mu}^{(i)}, \Sigma^{(i)})$ and $\boldsymbol{\mu}^{(i)}, \Sigma^{(i)} = f_E(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}; \phi)$