

Near $O(m \log n)$ Laplacian solvers

Thm Can find x st if $A\bar{x} = b$ then

$$\|x - \bar{x}\|_A \leq \varepsilon \|\bar{x}\|_A \text{ in Time}$$

$$\tilde{O}(m \log n \log(1/\varepsilon)) \text{ expected time.}$$

Thm Can find LSST T st

$$\text{stretch}_T(G) = O(m \log n \ln^3 n) \text{ in time}$$

$$O(m \log n + n \log n \ln n)$$

(AW Thm) Let $Y_1, \dots, Y_k$ be iid random spsd

$n \times n$ matrices st 1) $E(Y_i) = Z$

2) $Y_i \leq \mu Z$

$$\Pr \left[(1-\varepsilon)Z \leq \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{Y_i}{k} \leq (1+\varepsilon)Z \right] \geq 1 - 2n e^{-\varepsilon^2 k / 4\mu}$$

Solver has 2 phases

phase $\equiv$ Reduces G to a spine-heavy graph

Def G is spine-heavy if $\exists$ ST T of G st
 $\text{Stretch}_T(G \setminus T) = O(m/\log n)$

Alg (Phase 1) G

- 1) $T \leftarrow \text{LSST}(G)$
- 2) $H \leftarrow G + (t-1)T$ (some constant $t = \epsilon \log^2 n$)
- 3) $H' \leftarrow \text{Sample}(H, \pm T)$
- 4) Run $\text{PCG}(G, H')$ $O(\log n)$ iterations
 using calls to $\text{Phase 2}(H', b', T)$.

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Sample($G=(V, E, w), T$)

1) $e \in G \setminus T \quad P'_e = w_e \text{ER}_T(e)$

2) $t \equiv \sum_{e \in G \setminus T} P'_e = \text{stretch}_T(G \setminus T)$

3) $P_e = P'_e / t$

4) set $K = C_s t \log n \log(1/\epsilon)$

5) Sample K edge $G \setminus T$ with prob P_e

6) return $(\text{Sample}/K + T)$

Claim If Phase 2 correctly solves $Hx = b'$ then
Phase 1 returns an approx solution to $Gx = b$

$$\text{Pf } \Delta(G/H) = 1 \Rightarrow \kappa(G, H) \leq \kappa \log^2 n$$

$$\Delta(G/H) \leq \kappa \log^2 n$$

$$\kappa(H, H') \leq 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \kappa(G, H') \leq 3\kappa \log^2 n$$

Since PCG only requires $O(\kappa(G, H'))$ iterations
per bit. $\#_{\text{iter}} = O(\log n)$

Claim Let l be a normalized sample returned by
 Sample(G, T) then

$$\text{stretch}_T(l) = \frac{1}{C_S \log \log(1/\epsilon)}$$

pf

Let $e \in G \setminus T$

$$P_e = P'_e / t$$

if picked weight $\frac{w_e}{P'_e}$

normalized weight $\frac{w_e}{P'_e} \frac{L}{g} = w_l$

$$w_l = \frac{\cancel{w_e} \cancel{K}}{\cancel{w_e} ER_T(e)} \cdot \frac{1}{C_S \cancel{K} \log K \log(1/\epsilon)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{C_S ER_T(e) \log K \log(1/\epsilon)}$$

$$\text{Stretch}_T(\mathcal{Q}) = w_{\mathcal{Q}} \text{ER}_T(\mathcal{Q}) = \frac{1}{C_S \log t \ln(1/\epsilon)}$$

Phase 2(H, T)

- 1) $H' \leftarrow H + 2T$
- 2) $H'' = \text{Sample}(H', 3T)$
- 3) Chebyshev(H, H'')
- 4) Phase 2(H'', T)