

Recitation 15: Exam Review - Signals

Instructor: TA(s)

Outline

- Proxylab
- Final Exam
- Signals

Proxylab

- **Proxylab is due Thursday (or late by Friday)**
 - No submissions will be accepted after Friday!
 - Submit something, even if doesn't pass everything
- **Worth almost a letter grade**
- **Submit early**
 - Autolab may compile / run differently if you have undefined behavior or race conditions

Final Exam Details

■ Signups Out

■ Final review session:

- Rashid Auditorium,
Sunday Dec. 9 from 7-9 PM

■ Eight problems

- Nominal Time is 90-120 minutes, but you get four hours
- Problems cover the entire semester, focus is on second half

■ Report to the room

- TA will verify your notes and ID
- TAs will give you your exam server password
- Login via Andrew, then navigate to exam server and use special exam password

Signals and Handling Reminders

- **Signals can happen at any time**
 - Control when through blocking signals
- **Signals also communicate that events have occurred**
 - What event(s) correspond to each signal?
- **Write separate routines for receiving (i.e., signals)**
 - What can you do / not do in a signal handler?

Signal Blocking

- We need to block and unblock signals. Which sequence?

```
pid_t pid;      sigset_t mysigs, prev;
sigemptyset(&mysigs);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGCHLD);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGINT);
// need to block signals. what to use?
// A. sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
// B. sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &mysigs, &prev);

if ((pid = fork()) == 0) {
    // need to unblock signals. what to use?
    /* A. sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
     * B. sigprocmask(SIG_UNBLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
     * C. sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &prev, NULL);
     * D. sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &prev, NULL);
     * E. sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &mysigs, &prev);
```

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```

Signal Blocking cont.

- Someone implemented the wrong choices. Which signals are now blocked?

```
pid_t pid;      sigset_t mysigs, prev;  
sigemptyset(&mysigs);  
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGCHLD);  
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGINT);  
  
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &mysigs, &prev);  
// What is blocked?  
  
if ((pid = fork()) == 0) {  
    sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &prev, NULL);  
    // What is blocked?
```

Signal Queuing

- How many times is the handler invoked?

```
void handler(int sig)
{ ... }

...
sigset_t mysigs, prev;
signal(SIGUSR1, handler);
sigemptyset(&mysigs);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGUSR1);
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
kill(getpid(), SIGUSR1);
kill(getpid(), SIGUSR1);
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &prev, NULL);
```

Signal Delivery

- What can be printed?
- When is a blocked signal delivered?

```
sigset_t mysigs, prev;
sigemptyset(&mysigs);
sigaddset(&mysigs, SIGINT);
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &mysigs, &prev);
pid_t pid = fork();

if (pid > 0) {
    kill(pid, SIGINT);
    sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &prev, NULL);
    printf("A");
} else {
    kill(getppid(), SIGINT);
    sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &prev, NULL);
    printf("B");
}
```

Signal Delivery

- Child calls `kill(parent, SIGUSR{1,2})` between 2-4 times.

What sequence of kills may only print 1?

Can you guarantee printing 2?

What is the range of values printed?

```
int counter = 0;
void handler (int sig) {
    counter++;
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    signal(SIGUSR1, handler);
    signal(SIGUSR2, handler);
    int parent = getpid();    int child = fork();
    if (child == 0) {
        /* insert code here */
        exit(0);
    }
    sleep(1);    waitpid(child, NULL, 0);
    printf("Received %d USR{1,2} signals\n", counter);
```

Signal Delivery

- Suppose the program is currently inside the signal handler, which signals are blocked?

```
int counter = 0;
void handler (int sig)
{
    counter++;
}
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    signal(SIGUSR1, handler);
    signal(SIGUSR2, handler);
}
```

Final Exam Q&A