This course will take a philosophical and historical perspective on the development of theoretical computer science. The technical material will be self contained, assuming no specific knowledge beyond high school algebra and high school programming.

From a pile of stones to represent and manipulate numbers, humans have progressively developed an abstract vocabulary with which to mathematically represent their world. The ancients, especially the Greeks, realized that they could consistently reason about their representations in a step by step manner. In other words, by computing in abstract models, they could describe and predict patterns in the world around them.

Starting with ancient algorithms for arithmetic, we will revisit the development of mathematics from a computational point of view. Conversely, we will mathematically study the nature of computation itself. What is computation? What is computable, in principle? What is especially easy, or especially hard to compute? To what extent does the inherent nature of computation shape how we learn and think about the world?

Topics will include: representations of numbers, induction, ancient and modern arithmetic, basic counting principles, probability, number theory, the idea of a proof, formal proofs, logic, problem solving methods, polynomial representations, automata theory, cryptography, infinity, diagonalization, computability, time complexity, incompleteness and undecidability, random walks, and Kolmogorov/Chaitin randomness.

Weekly Schedule

**Lecture:** TR 3:00-4:20p Baker Hall 136A

**Recitation Section A:** M 10:30-11:20p SH 220

**Recitation Section B:** M 11:30-12:20p SH 208

Course Staff

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Office and Phone</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Office hours</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Professors:</td>
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Important Course Information

Web Page, Bboards, and Mailing Lists
The class Web page will provide a wealth of up-to-date information about the course. The URL is http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~15251

The web page will have all assignments and on-line handouts, as well as facilities to check how you are doing in the course. The bulletin boards are:

- cyrus.academic.cs.15-251, for staff announcements only;
- cyrus.academic.cs.15-251.discuss, for general discussion among members of the class. Please keep discussion relevant and polite.

You should visit both the course web page and the bulletin boards frequently.

Mailing lists: the list cs-251@cs mails to the entire class and teaching staff. cs-251-staff@cs mails only to the teaching staff. Note that you usually stand a better chance of getting a response by mailing one staff member in particular, as opposed to cs-251-staff@cs (unless of course the one staff member you mail isn’t around).

Text and Reference Materials
There is no required text for the course. The material is fairly diverse, and no standard text contains it. Copies of the slides used in the lectures will be handed out or made available on the web. Recommended books and other related materials are available on the course web site, at http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~15251/Help/related-texts.html.

Homework and Exams
Over the course of the semester, there will be

- 12 (twelve) problem sets, which will include some programming assignments.
- three tests, which will be 50 minutes long, and given in recitation.
- six short quizzes, which will be 10 minutes long, and given at the beginning of classes.
- one final exam, which will be 3 hours long.

The dates of all of these (except the date for the final exam) appear on the calendar on the course web-page.

Your Grade
We will drop your lowest homework grade and your lowest in-class quiz grade, and discount your lowest test grade. The grading formula will be:

- 35% Homework (problem sets, programming assignments)
- 30% In-Recitation Tests
- 5% In-class Quizzes
- 30% Final
This formula is a lower bound on your grade. If the class average as computed by this formula is lower than a 75, we will use a curve to raise your final grades. Under no circumstances will we use a curve to lower your grades. From past experience, we expect the formula to determine your grade exactly. 90 and above is A range, 80-89 is B range, 70-79 is C range, and so forth. Your mid-term grade will reflect your anticipated final grade.

If you put in marginal effort on the homework and come through on the exams, your grade will suffer a bit. This is deliberate; we think the homework is important.

The Homework Guru

Each homework assignment will have a specific guru. He will be expert on all the details of that particular assignment. Though any staff member might be able to answer your questions, the guru knows all.

Typesetting Homeworks

You must typeset your solutions to the problem sets. This makes the graders’ job much easier. Many former students have told us how helpful it was to learn \LaTeX. We recommend that you learn and use \LaTeX, however, anything typed is fine, as long as it is easily understandable. Both Microsoft Word and FrameMaker can typeset equations.

Submitting Homeworks

Homeworks will be submitted electronically. We will only accept files in PDF format. To submit your homework #N, copy your homework file to the directory:

- /afs/andrew/scs/cs/15251/student/assignmentN/handin(userid)

Please see the web page for more information on converting files to PDF.

Late Work

The good news is that you can hand in any assignment up to one week late (seven days). The bad news is that you will lose seven points (out of 100) per day for the privilege. To be unambiguous, we define a “day” to start at midnight. You will lose seven points for each extra midnight that it takes you to do the assignment. Late work makes a class much harder to administer. It also hurts you. Please try to avoid it. If your assignment is more than seven days late, you will get a grade of zero (0) for that assignment.

Written assignments may be submitted multiple times. If you resubmit any version more than one day late you must tell your TA to ensure we grade the most recent version.

Programming assignments may be resubmitted any number of times throughout the 7-day grading period. Each night at midnight, starting on the night the assignment is due, our scripts will automatically collect all the new handins and grade them, taking into account the 7-point-per-day lateness penalty. Your best current grade for the assignment will be posted to the Web page by the following morning.

If you have a good excuse (such as being very sick), you should contact the professors. For compelling reasons (that extend beyond the fact that you have a lot of work lately and didn’t plan ahead), we will excuse you from the lateness penalty.
Extra Credit and Homework Tokens

A few of you will find the assignments too easy. Hence, we will include more challenging extra credit problems, which will be substantially more sophisticated. Extra credit problems will not have a point value. Instead, a correct solution to an extra credit problem will be awarded a “homework token.” A homework token may be redeemed on a future assignment in one of two ways: to “buy” a problem worth up to 20 points, or to hand in the assignment up to three days late with no penalty.

Policy on Collaboration and Cheating

• You may verbally collaborate on homework problems and the programming assignments. On each problem and program that you hand-in, you must include the names of the students with whom you have had discussions concerning your solution. Indicate whether you gave help, received help, or worked something out together.

• You may not share written work or programs with anyone else.

• You may not receive help from students who have taken the course in previous years.

• You may not review any course materials (or software) from previous years.

• You may not read the current solution (handed out) if you will be handing in the current assignment late.

• You may not look up the answer to a homework assignment which happens to appear in the published literature, or on the web.

• You may not attempt to violate the security of the electronic grading system.

• However, you may get help from anyone concerning programming issues which are clearly more general than the specific assignment (e.g., what does a particular error message mean?).

Thus, clear examples of cheating include:

• Showing your code, or a draft of a written solution to another student.

• Copying a program from someone else.

• Looking at someone else’s files containing draft solutions, even if the file permissions allow it.

• Getting help from someone whom you do not acknowledge on your solution.

• Copying from another student during an exam.

• Receiving exam related information from a student who has already taken the exam.

• Submitting a program that attempts to alter or erase grading information.

• Looking up answers to homework problems on the web

• Lying to the course staff.

Penalty for Cheating

Our reaction to your cheating will vary according to the situation.

• Unsolicited Confession: If you seek us out and admit that you have cheated, we will probably let it go.
• **Solicited Confession:** If we come to you and ask if you have cheated and you freely admit it, we will take that into consideration. We will either give you a zero on the assignment, ask you to drop the class, or fail you in the course.

• **Denial:** If you do not admit that you have cheated, we will provide our evidence that you have done so. We will at the very least fail you in the class; furthermore, we will take our evidence to the dean and seek more substantial penalties.

**Pedagogical Rationale and Advice**

Collaboration not only helps get the job done, it teaches you how to explain your (inchoate) ideas to others. This is why we permit discussion of the problems between students. Be careful not to let other people do all the work. If you misuse the opportunity for collaboration in this manner, you will fail the exams and do poorly in the course. The best is usually to find a single partner with whom you have a relatively balanced collaboration. A group of four is usually too big for everyone to be following the joint problem solving process.

Some course material will be the same as in previous years. This is not because we are lazy. It takes years to develop good problems. The only reason to change them is to make cheating more difficult. It is far better for you to work on the most excellent problems that we have been able to find in over a decade of teaching. We appeal to your sense of honor because this is what is optimal from a pedagogical point of view.

**Signing the Statement on the Back Page**

We understand that most of you would never consider cheating in any form. There is, however, a small minority of students for whom this is not the case. In the past, when we have caught students cheating they have often insisted that they did not understand the rules and penalties. For this reason we require that each student read, sign and return the back page of this document.
Commitment to Honor the Course Policy

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I, ________________________, have read and understood the above statement of the CS 15-251 policy on collaboration and cheating which was distributed on the first day of class. I agree to honor the rules which the policy statement describes.

__________________________
(SIGN AND DATE)