

# C3: INTERNET-SCALE CONTROL PLANE FOR VIDEO QUALITY OPTIMIZATION

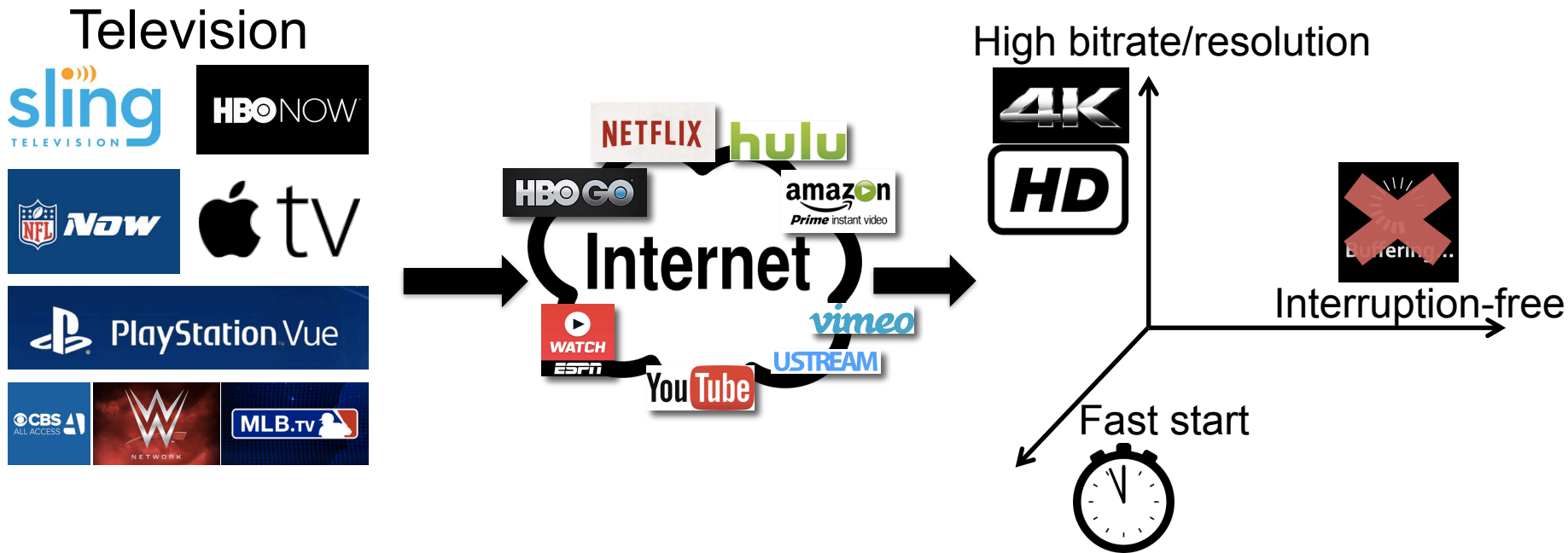
Aditya Ganjam, Jibin Zhan, Xi Liu, Faisal Siddiqi, *Conviva*

Junchen Jiang, Vyas Sekar, *Carnegie Mellon University*

Ion Stoica, *University of California, Berkeley, Conviva*

Hui Zhang, *Carnegie Mellon University, Conviva*

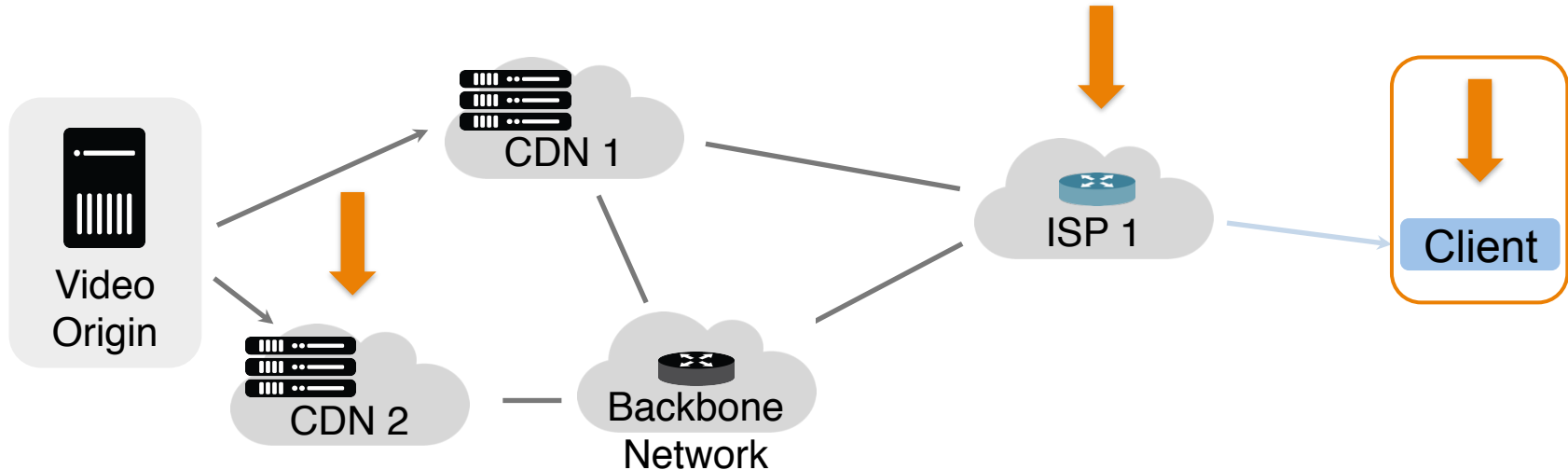
# HIGH EXPECTATIONS ON VIDEO QUALITY



Need to optimize video quality through the lifetime of a session

# WHERE TO IMPLEMENT OPTIMIZATION?

- Multiple choices for “actuation”
- Client-side actuation most favorable to incremental deployment



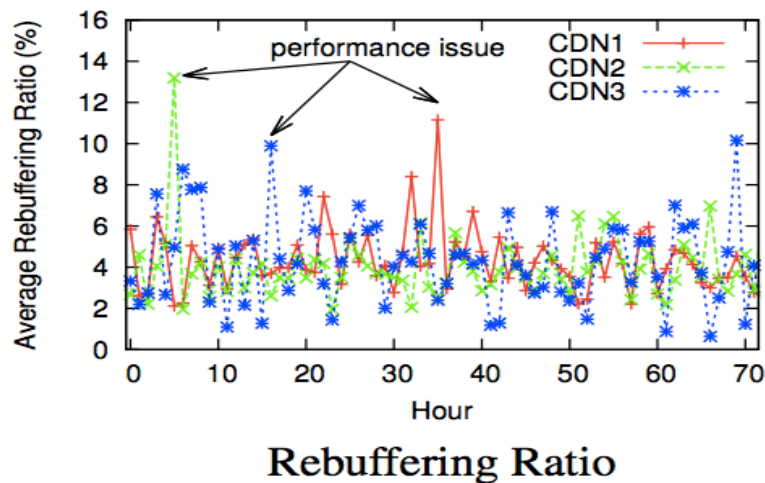
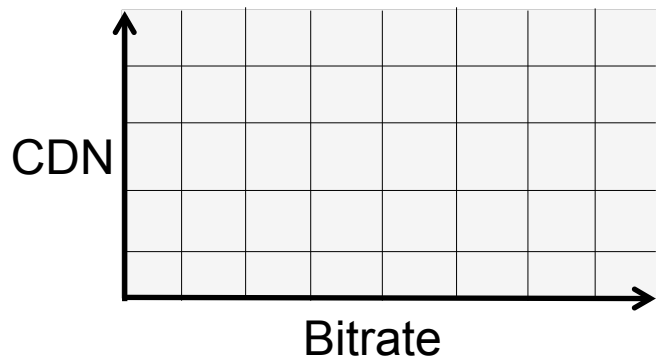
# MANY CHOICES & NEED QUICK DECISION

Optimization parameters

➤ Bitrate x CDN (over time)

Existing approaches are reactive, apply a probe and update method

➤ Too slow to find optimal choice



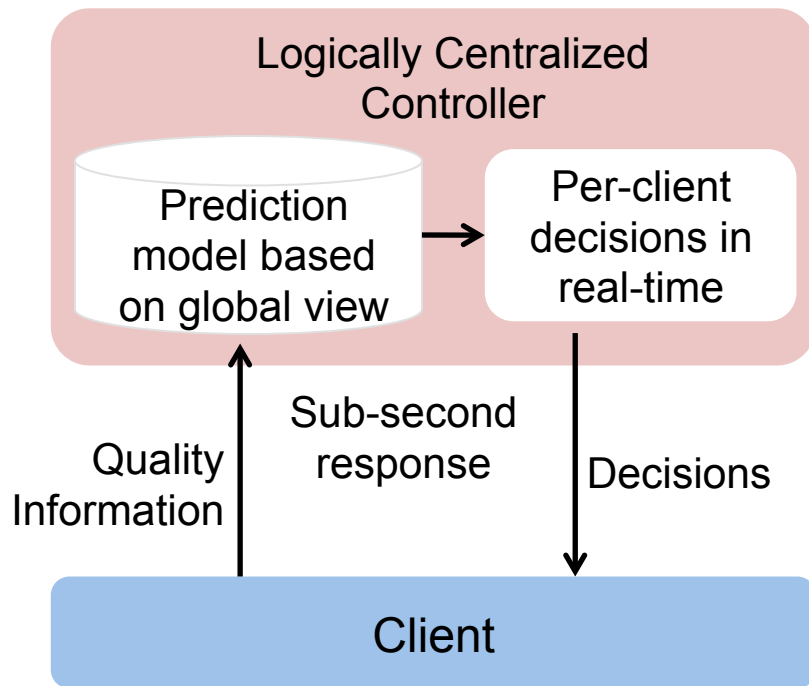
# CENTRALIZED PREDICTIVE CONTROL

## Ideal solution

- Predict outcome of each parameter choice in real-time
- Continuously select optimal choice

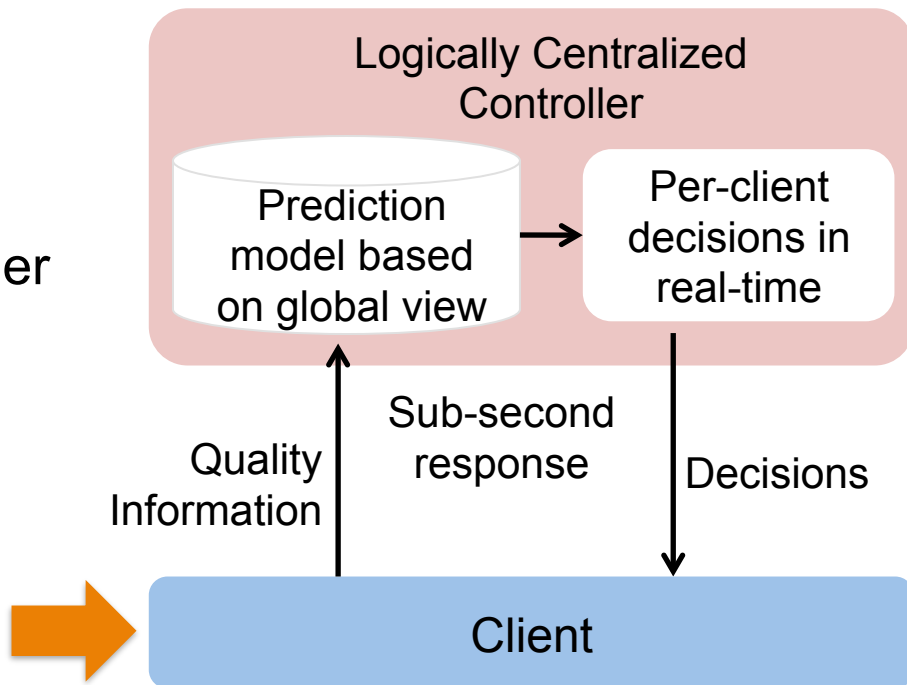
## Achieving ideal solution requires ...

- Collect global quality information
- Build a prediction model
- Make per-client predictions and parameter decisions at Internet-scale



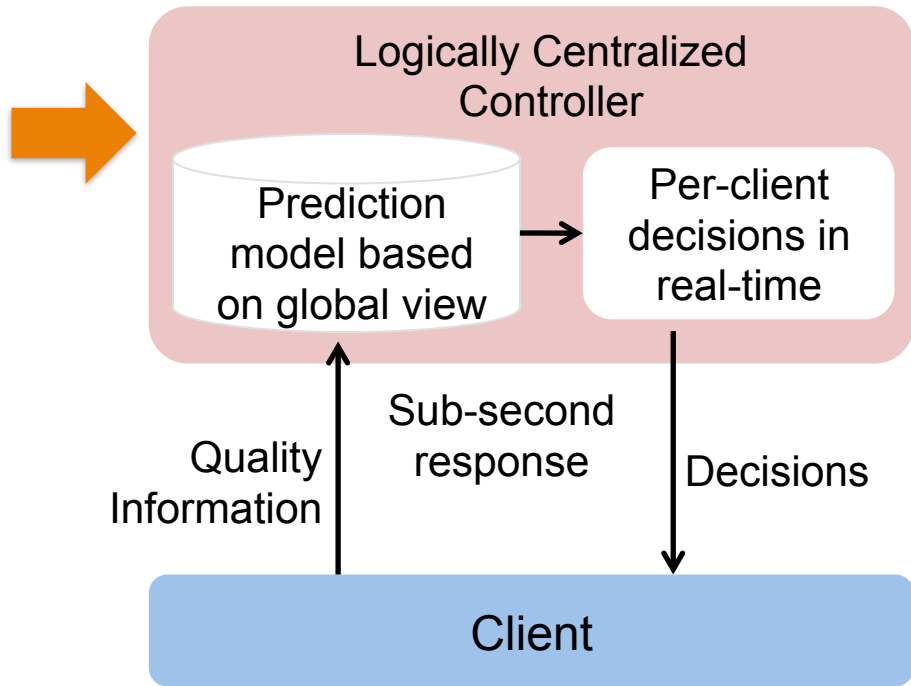
# DESIGN CHOICE: THIN SENSING/ACTUATION LAYER

- Minimal client footprint
  - Move computation to controller
- Define a “narrow waist” interface

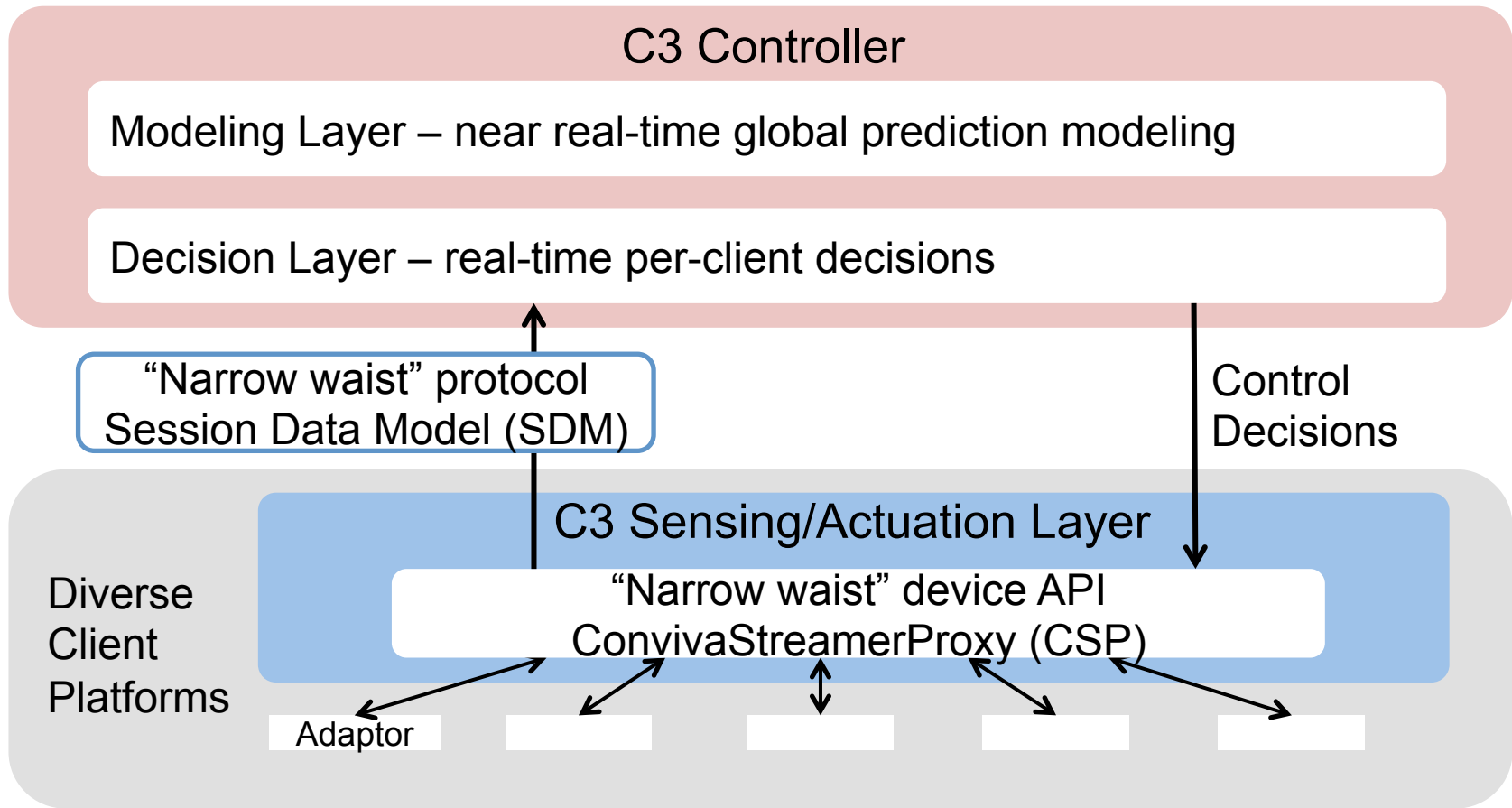


# DESIGN CHOICE: SPLIT CONTROL PLANE

- Create a global prediction model in near real-time (minutes)
- Make per-client decisions in real-time (sub-second) based on global model and most recent per-client local information



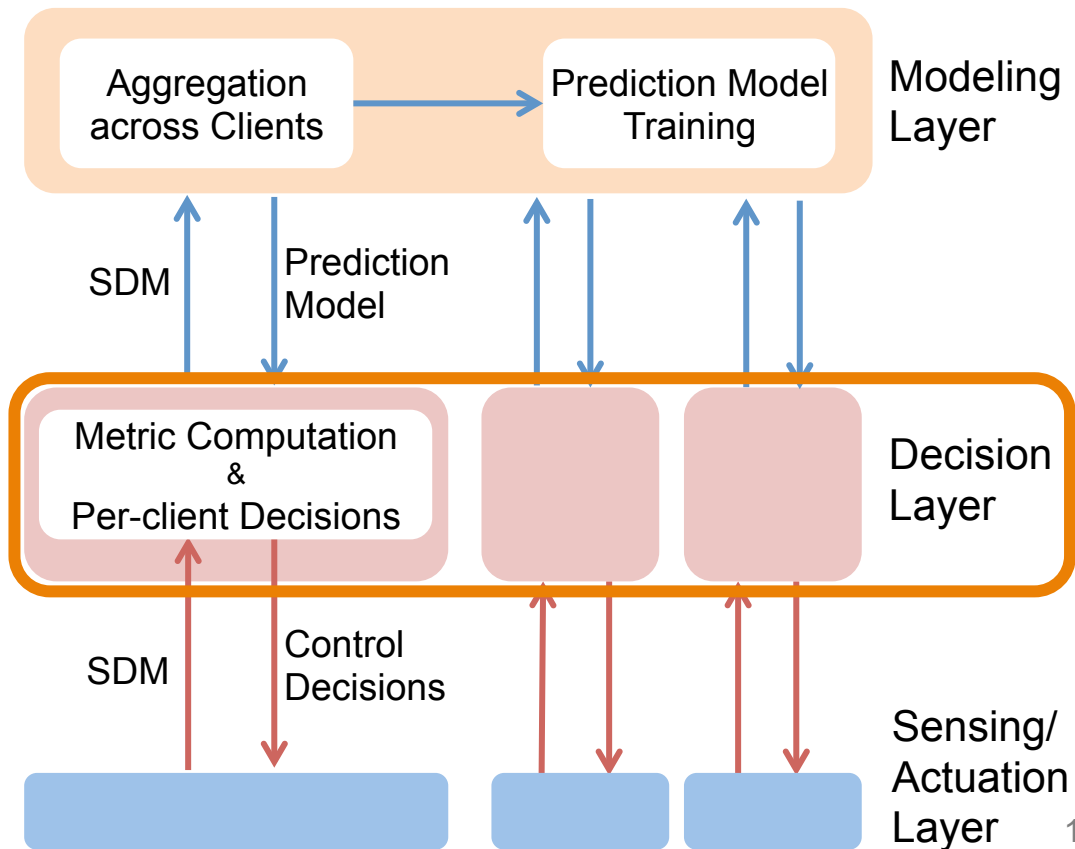
# C3 ARCHITECTURE





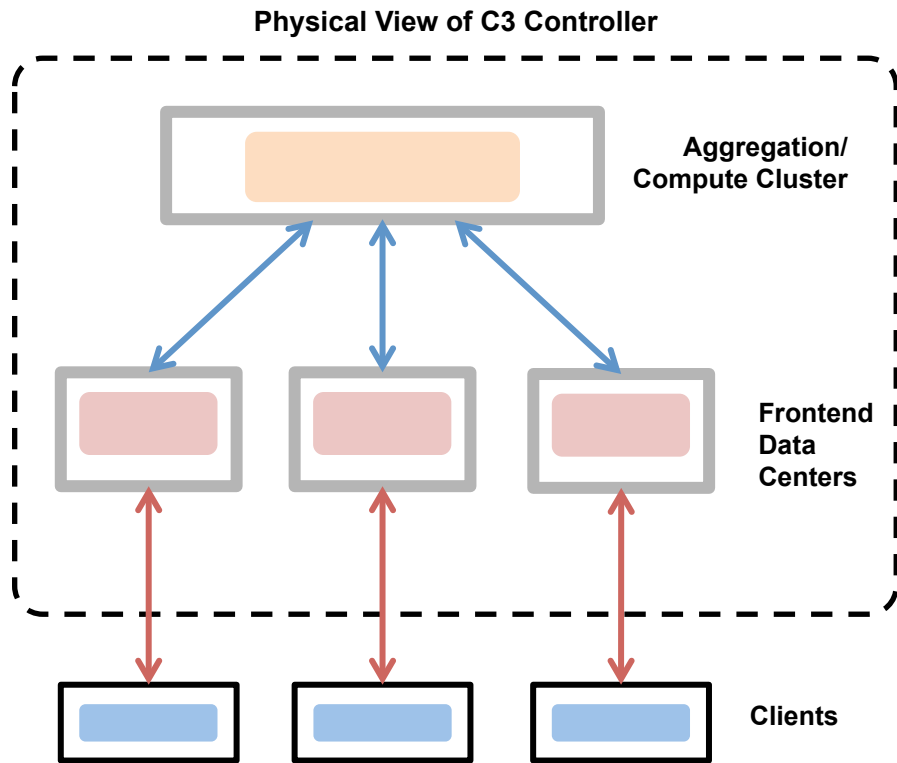
# SPLIT CONTROL-PLANE

- Dual-loop control
  - Client-driven real-time loop (red)
  - Periodic global model learning and dissemination loop (blue)
- Intelligent Decision Layer
  - Per-client decisions based on global model and client quality info



# RESPONSIVENESS & SCALE

- Sub-second response time
  - Geographically distributed decision layer
  - Geo-distribution using cloud
- Controller scale
  - Horizontally scaled decision layer
  - Burst scaling using cloud
  - Big-data technologies including Spark for modeling layer

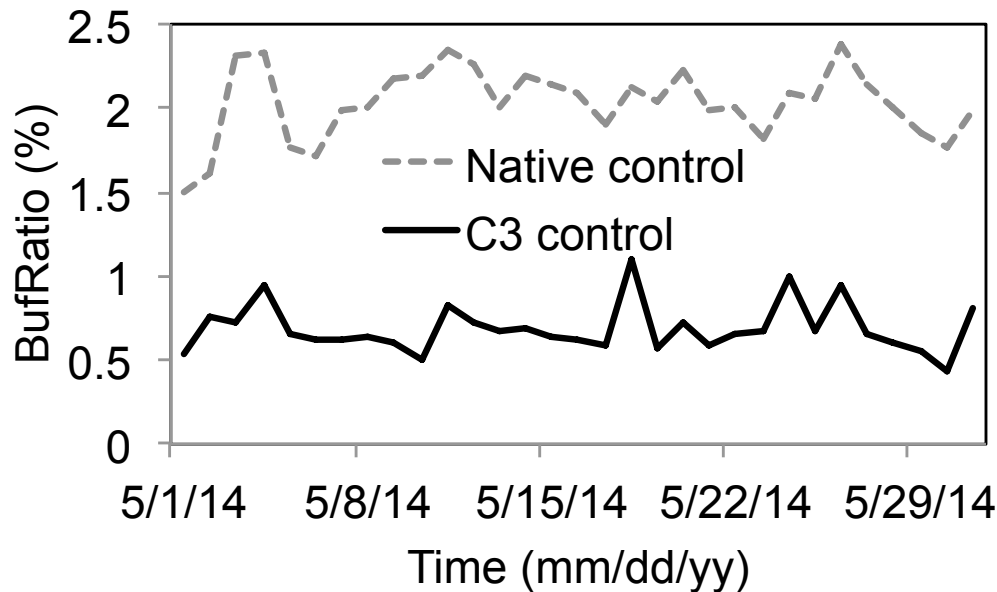


# REAL-WORLD DEPLOYMENT & EVOLUTION

- Earlier phases explored alternate architectures
  - Partitioning
  - “Heavy client” (client offload of computation and decision logic)
- C3 platform used by premium video publishers over 8 years
  - Over 1 billion unique devices
  - Over 3 million concurrent devices during major events
    - E.g., World Cup, Super Bowl
- Significant quality improvement results

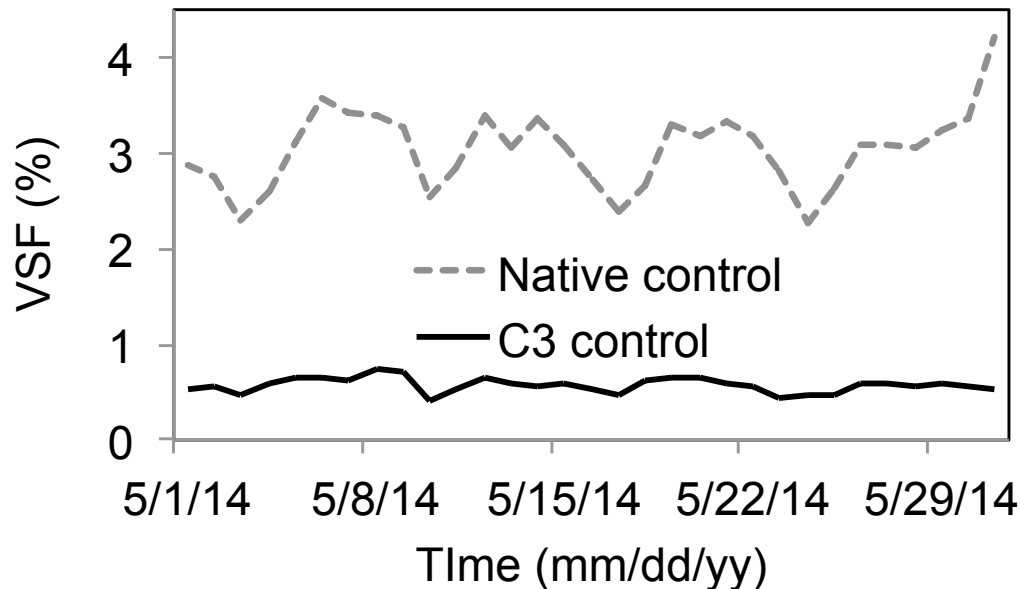
# QUALITY IMPROVEMENT: REBUFFERING

- Premium content publisher
- One month A/B test
- Result: Greater than 50% reduction in Buffering Ratio



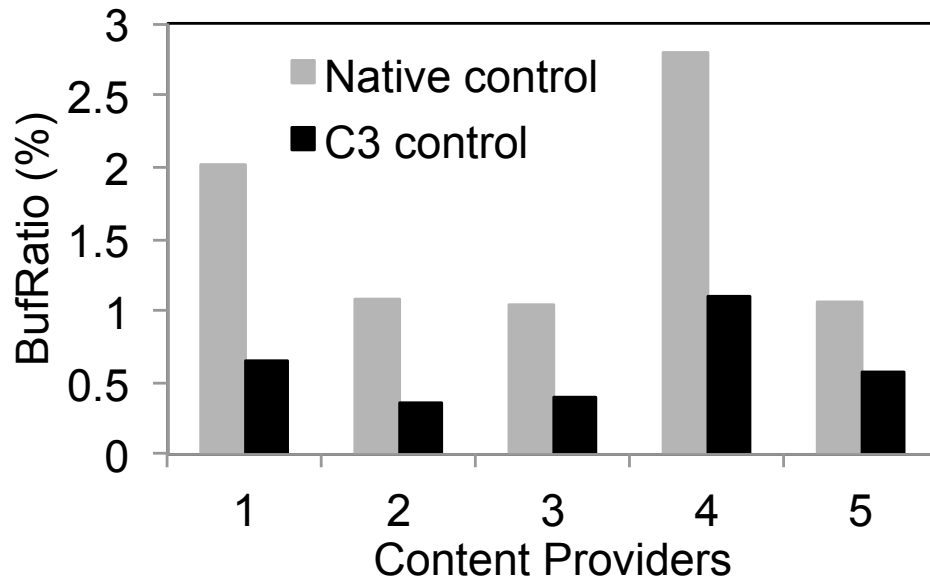
# QUALITY IMPROVEMENT: START FAILURES

- Premium content publisher
- One month A/B test
- Result: Greater than 60% reduction in Video Start Failures



# QUALITY IMPROVEMENT ACROSS PROVIDERS

Rebuffering Ratio  
improvement consistent  
results across 5 different  
content providers



# LESSONS

- Validates centralized control at an unprecedented scale
- Reinforces the case for centralized control
  - Drivers: client heterogeneity, global policies, real-time monitoring
  - Enablers: big-data, cloud, application-level resilience
- Unique challenges driving new ideas
  - Split control balances global view and real-time
  - Minimal client critical to handle heterogeneity
- Broader applicability of C3 architecture
  - Other applications (e.g., gaming, voice, conferencing)
  - Network layer control (e.g., SDN, CDN)

# CONCLUSIONS

- Television is coming to the Internet, high expectations on quality
- Large optimization space for video quality
  - Drives the need for a proactive approach
- C3 is a centralized predictive control approach
- Solves key challenges: (a) client heterogeneity, (b) Internet-scale
  - Minimal sensing/actuation layer & move all computation to the controller
  - Split control-plane scale-out solution exploiting application-level resilience
- C3 used by many content providers with quality improvement results