

Project 3 Overview

15-441 Spring 2010

Recitation #9

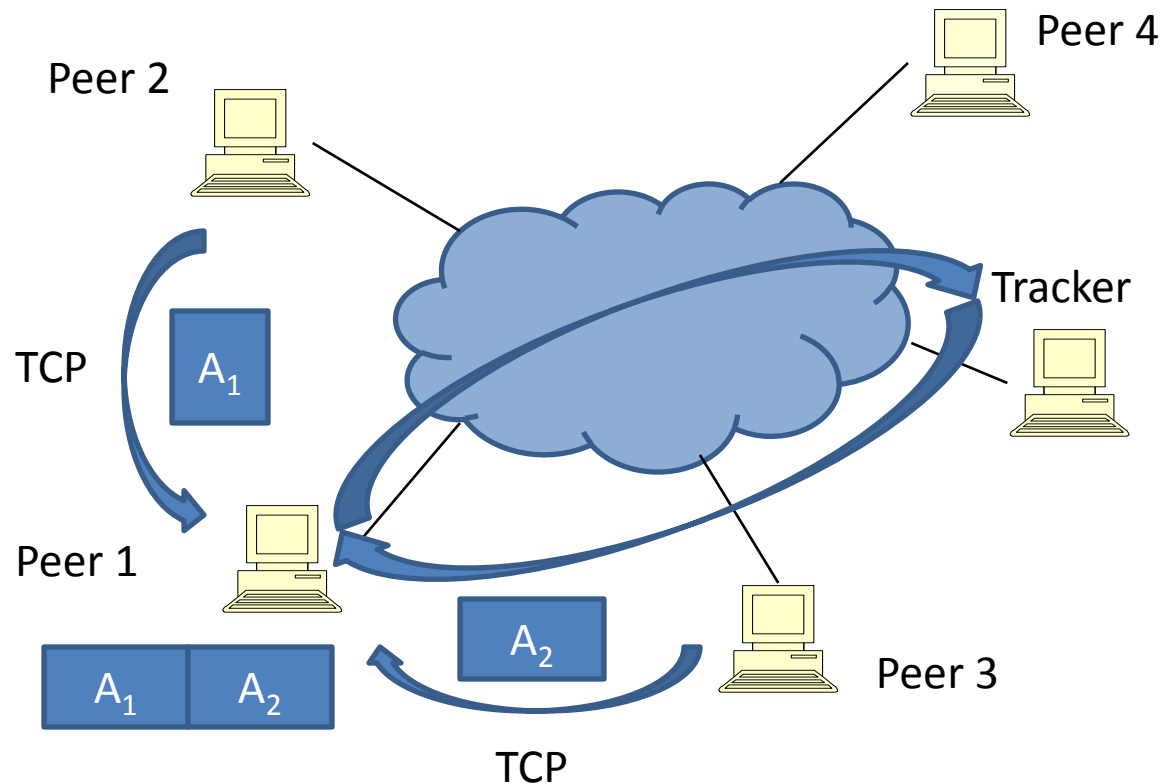
So Far ..

- IRC Server (Project 1)
 - Focus: IRC protocol, select()
- IRC Routing (Project 2)
 - Focus: Routing (OSPF)
 - Working as a team

Now what?

- Project 3
 - A bit of BitTorrent
 - Flow Control
 - Congestion Control
 - Again, work in teams
 - Choose fast and mail your andrew ids (id1 id2) it to kaushik@cs.cmu.edu with the subject ``15441 GROUP''

BitTorrent



- Get the torrent file (has tracker and metadata for the file)
- Contact the tracker
- Tracker tells the peer which peers to contact for the different chunks
- Use TCP to get the chunks, use checksum to see if error-free and merge

Chunking and hashing

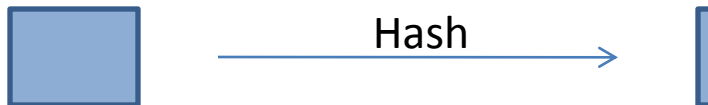
- Original file



- Chunks



- Hashing



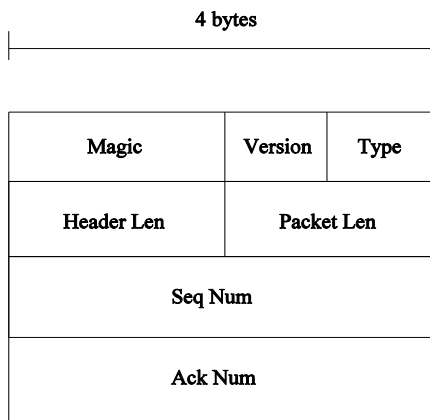
- Torrent



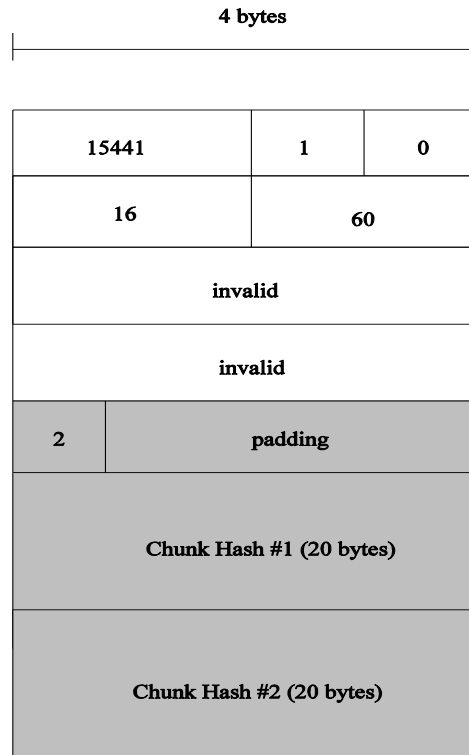
This project

- Open chunks file, read the list of chunk hashes
 - All file data accessed from a single master data file
 - Peers are configured to tell them what chunks they own
- Send WHOHAS <list>
 - Instead of the tracker, flood the network
- Receive I HAVE <list> from different peers
- GET <chunk-hash> for each chunk from some peer
 - Instead of TCP, use UDP
 - Implement congestion control
- Check the hash(chunk_rcvd) with chunk_hash
- Merge all the received chunks

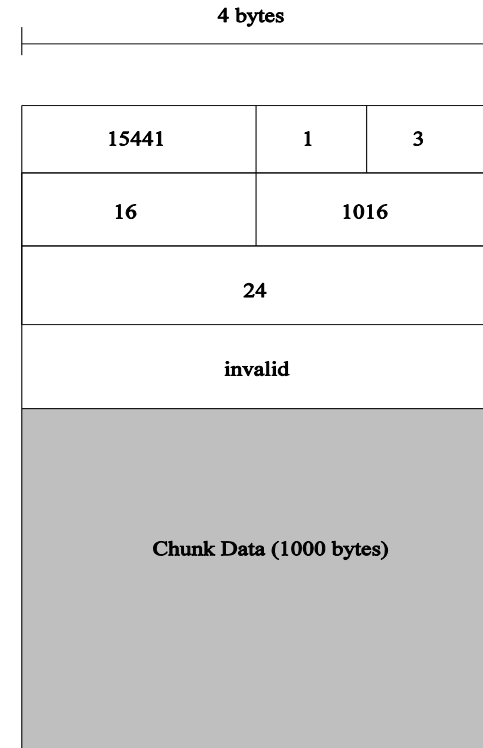
Packet formats



Basic packet header



WHOHAS request



DATA packet

Terminology

- **Master-data-file**
 - All the data in the network is present here
 - A peer can only access the chunk that it owns
 - A peer owns a chunk if chunk-id and hash present in the has-chunk-file
- **Master-chunk-file**
 - File that lists chunk IDs and hashes for the chunks in the master-data-file
- **Has-chunk-file**
 - Per-node file containing list of hashes a node owns
 - Chunk IDs in this file match with those in the master-chunk-file
- **Get-chunk-file**
 - Provided by user; contains the chunk ids and hashes to be downloaded
 - Chunk IDs in this file do not match with those in the master-chunk file; they represent the position of the chunk in the file
- See Section 5 of the project description for an example

More terminology

- Peer-list-file
 - Contains list of all the peers in the network
 - In this project, each peer knows the identity of every other peer
- Peer-identity
 - Used by the peer to get its IP address and port
- Max-downloads
 - Maximum number of simultaneous connections allowed in each direction

Provided files

- hupsim.pl
 - Emulates a network topology using topo.map
- spiffy.[c|h]
 - Interfaces with the simulator to send and receive packets (spiffy_sendto(), spiffy_recvfrom())
- sha.[c|h]
 - Generates SHA-1 hash
- input_buffer.[c|h]
 - Handles user input
- debug.[c|h]
 - Helps in debugging
- bt_parse.[c|h]
 - Parses command-line arguments
- peer.c
 - Skeleton peer file (handles some setup and processing)
- nodes.map
 - Peer-list-file
- topo.map
 - Network topology used by hupsim.pl (your code should not read this file)
- make-chunks
 - Creates chunk-file given an input file

Flow Control and Congestion Control

- Implement sliding window
 - Only sender window (receiver window size need not be communicated in the header)
 - Packet-based sliding window (unlike TCP)
- Implement congestion control (on top of UDP)
 - Only for data packets (chunks)
 - Slow start, congestion avoidance, fast retransmit
 - More on these in the next recitation

Checkpoints

- Checkpoint 1 (Due: April 9th) – Start now!
 - Simple configuration of 2 hosts
 - Generate WHOHAS queries based on the input
 - Correctly respond with IHAVE
 - Assume no loss in the network
- Checkpoint 2 (Due: April 13th)
 - Send GET request and download entire chunk (2-host configuration)
 - Use simple stop-and-wait (no loss)
- Checkpoint 3 (Due: April 19th)
 - Sliding window
 - Reliability (timeouts and retransmissions)
 - Spiffy router to test your network (with loss)
- Checkpoint 4 (Due: April 23rd)
 - Simple congestion avoidance

Project advice

- Stay ahead of the checkpoints
- Be an early bird (10 extra points)
 - Submit by April 27th
- Don't be late
 - Submit by April 30th
- Project 3 contest! (More extra credit)
 - Optimize your system and make it robust
- Be efficient while working as a team
- Read the project write-up more than once!
- See FAQ (coming soon)
- See bboard for related questions
- Post on bboard if nothing above helps