

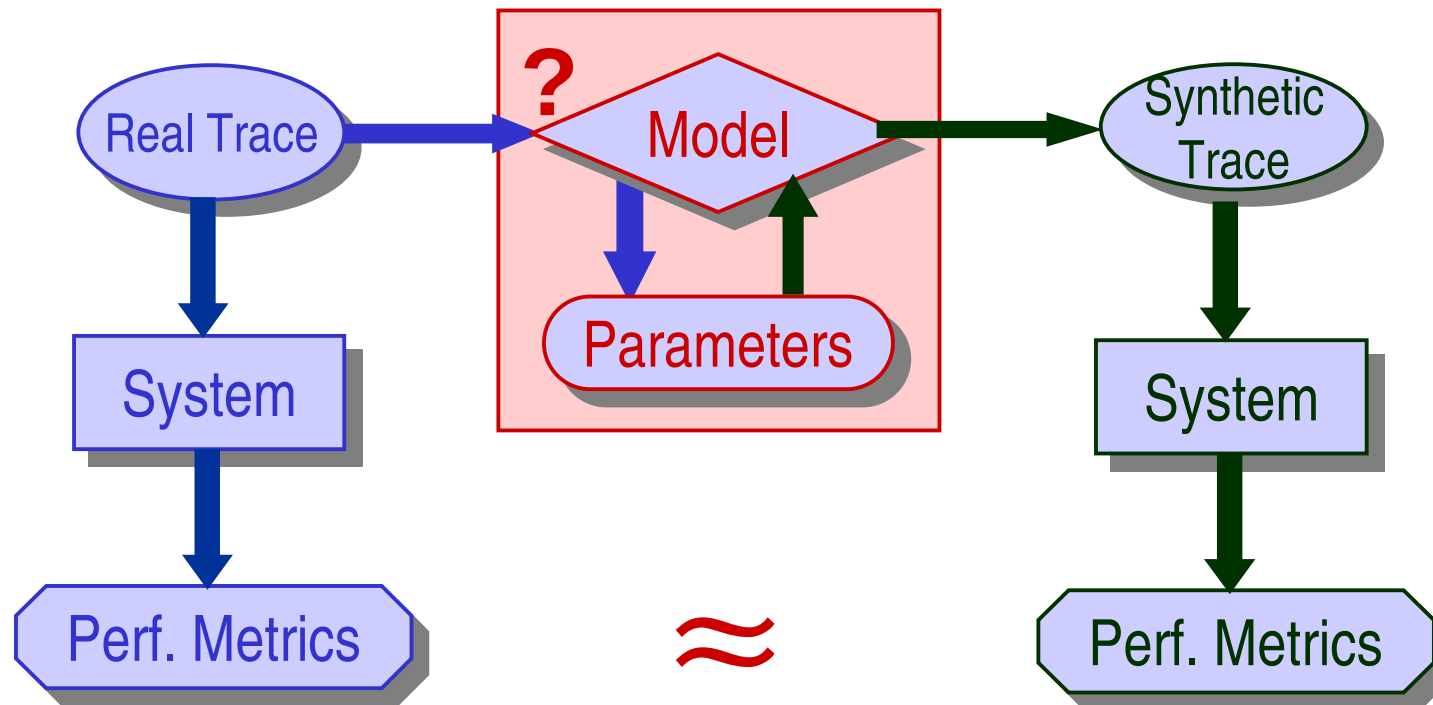
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# Capturing the Spatio-Temporal Behavior of Real Traffic Data

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Carnegie Mellon University

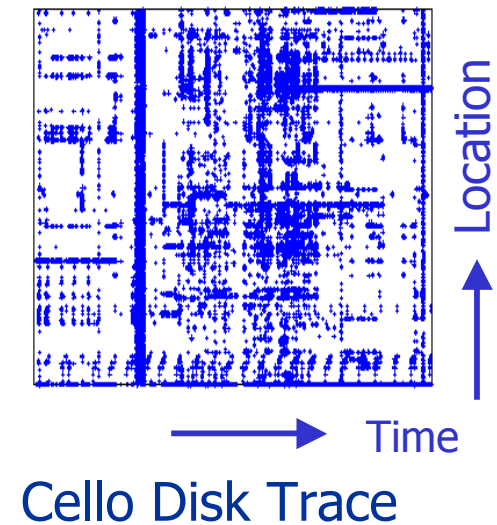
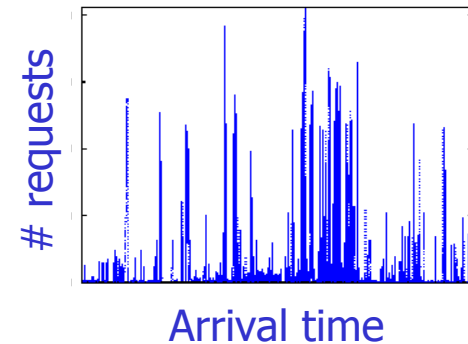
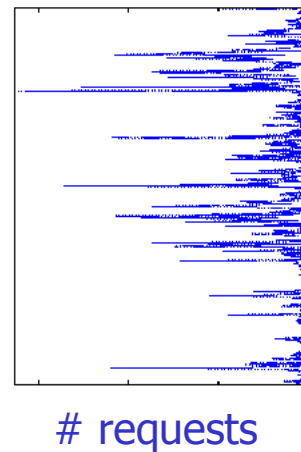
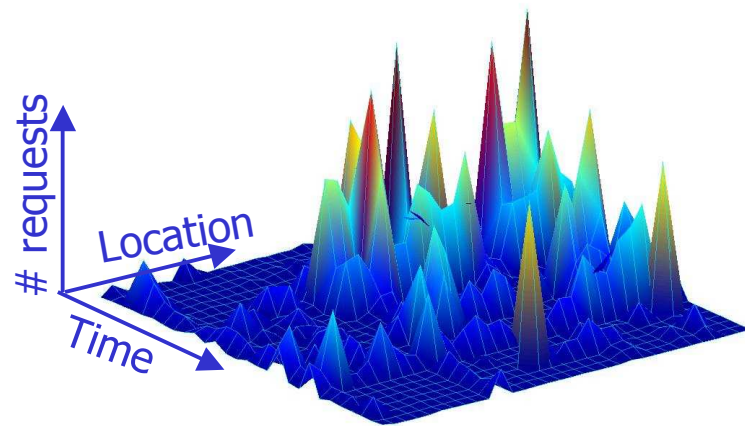
# Traffic Modeling



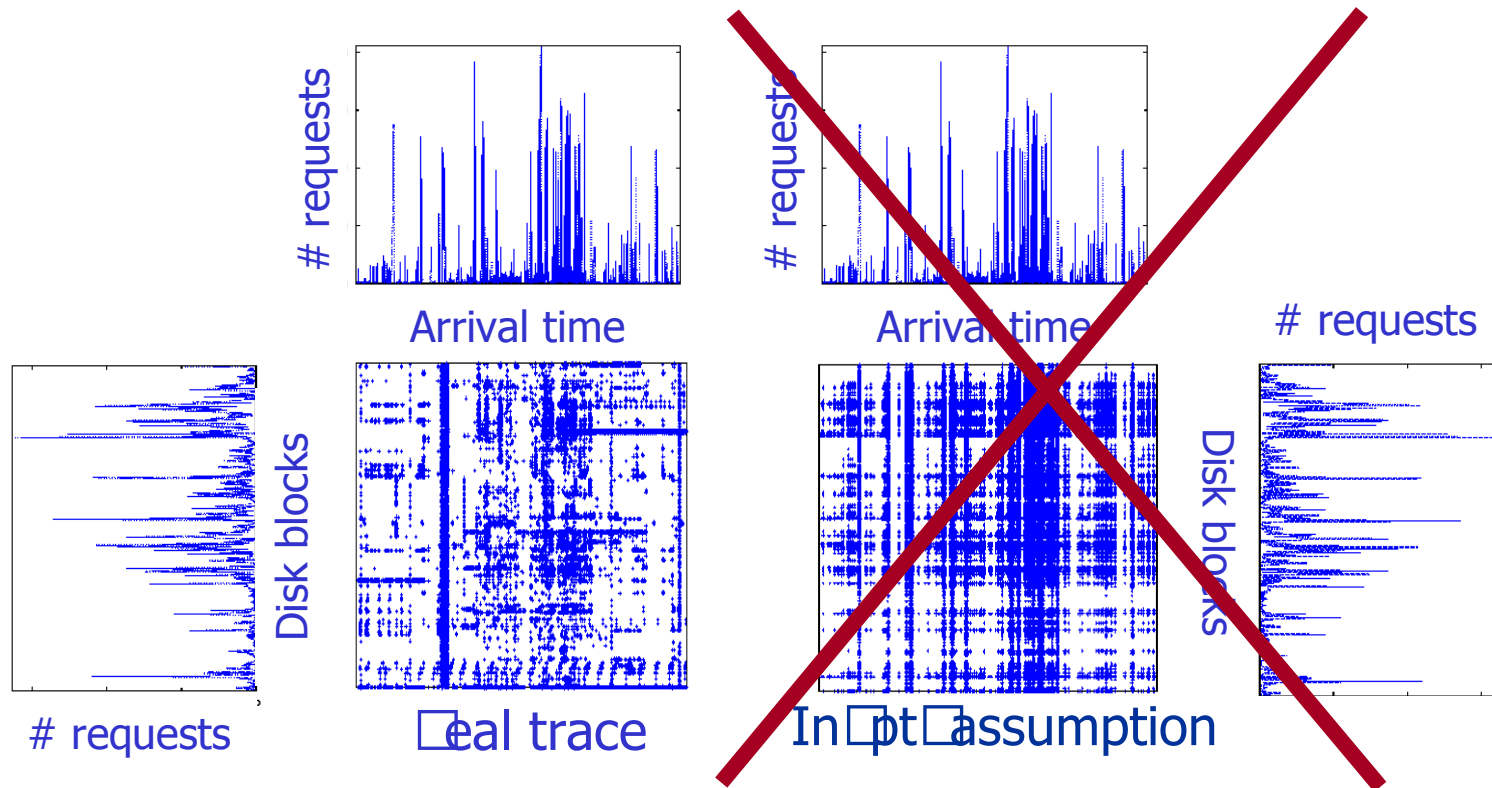
- Type of traffic: Disk/Memory
  - (arrival time, location, size, R/W, ...)

# Challenges: Burstiness

- Real traffic:
  - Is bursty along time
  - Is bursty along space



# Challenges: Correlation



**Real traffic has strong spatio-temporal correlation**

# Traffic Modeling: Goal

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- A statistical model which
  - Can generate realistic traffic
    - Captures **burstiness** over time and space
    - Captures spatio-temporal **correlation**
  - Is practical
    - **Accurate**
    - **Concise**
    - **Fast** to compute
    - **Fast** in parameter fitting

# Outline

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- Motivation
- Quantifying burstiness and correlation
- Our approach: PQRS model
- Experiments
- Conclusions

# Question

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- Question:
  - How to measure the burstiness and correlation?
- Answer: **Entropy** and **Mutual Information!**

# Quantifying

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- Existing measures:
  - **Entropy**: uniformity of a discrete probability function
  - **Mutual Information**: correlation between two random variables
- Applied to our domain:
  - Entropy for **burstiness**
  - Mutual Information for **correlation**



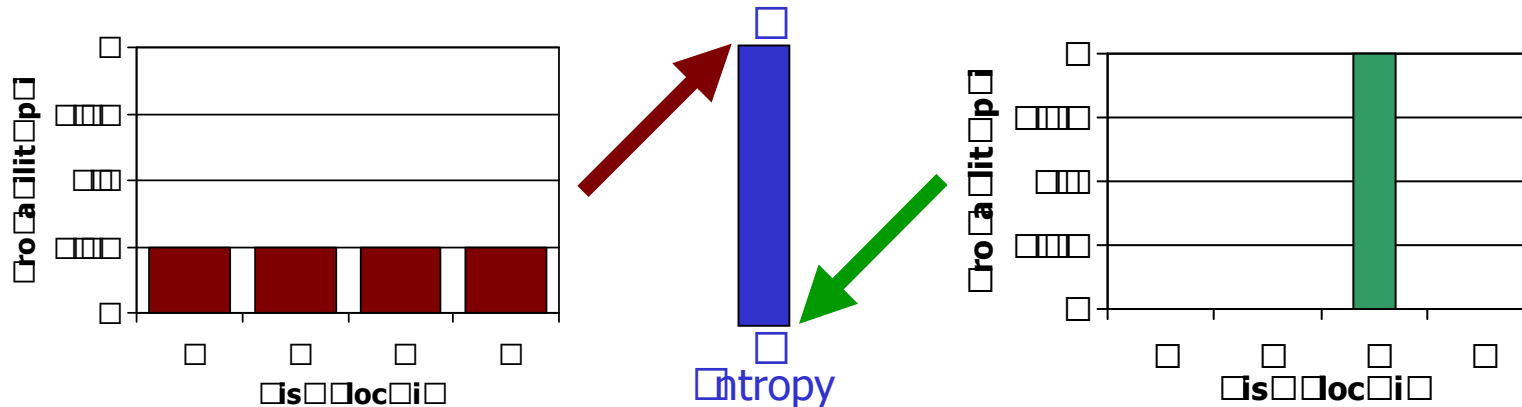
# Reminder: Entropy

- Entropy:

$H(E) = -p_1 \log_2 p_1 - p_2 \log_2 p_2 \dots - p_n \log_2 p_n$ ,  
for a random variable E. (e.g., disk block id)

High value for uniform distributions

Small value for highly biased distributions



# Reminder: Mutual Information

- Mutual information:**

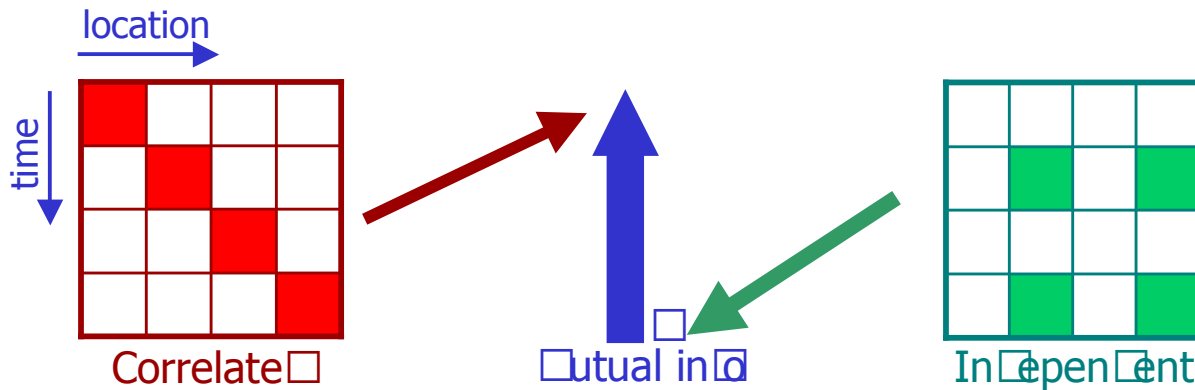
$$I(E;F) = H(E) + H(F) - H(E, F),$$

for two random variables E and F. (e.g., disk block id and arrival time)

where  $H(E, F)$  is the **joint entropy** defined as  $-\sum_{i,j} p_{i,j} \log_2 p_{i,j}$ .

□ Positive value □ or correlate □ variables

□ Zero □ or in □ dependent variables



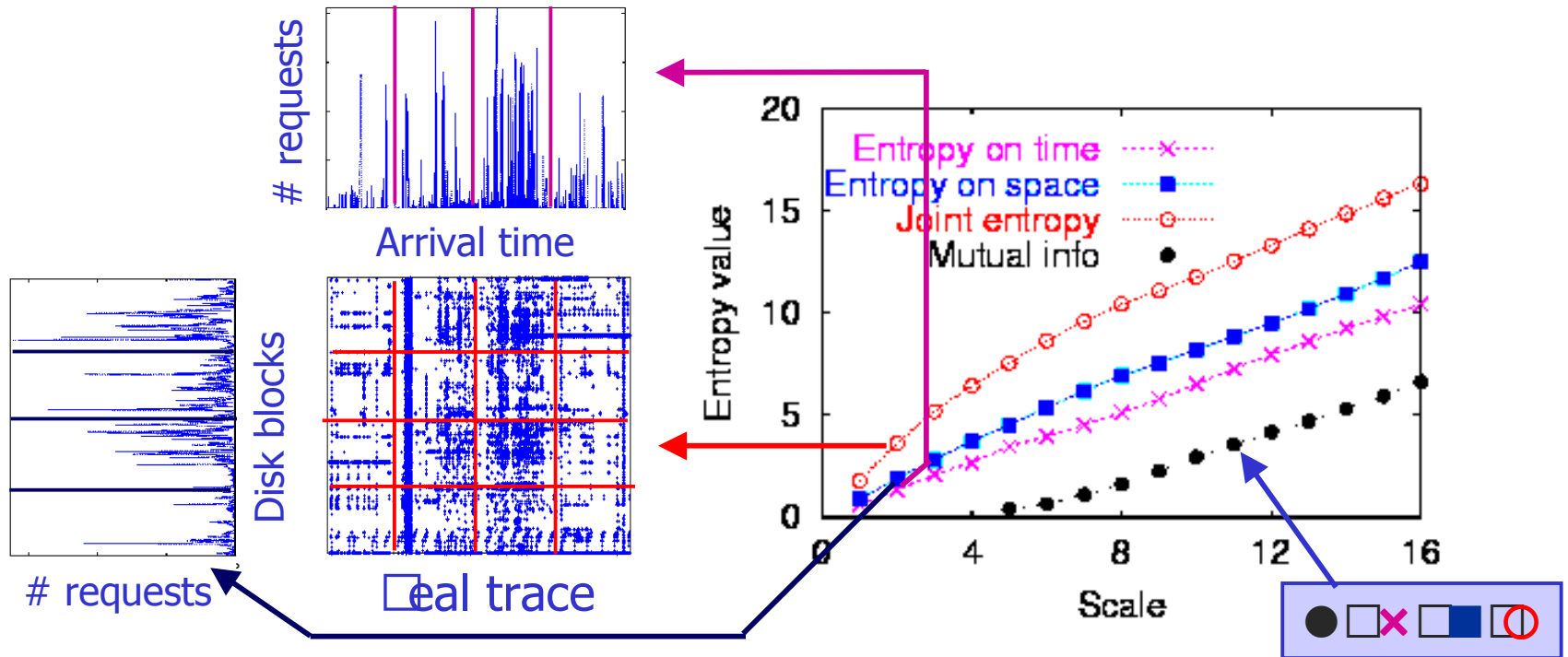
# Quantifying

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- Question:
  - How to apply entropy on real traffic data?
- Answer: **Entropy plots!**

# Our Approach: Entropy Plot

- **Entropy plot:** Entropy values against scale

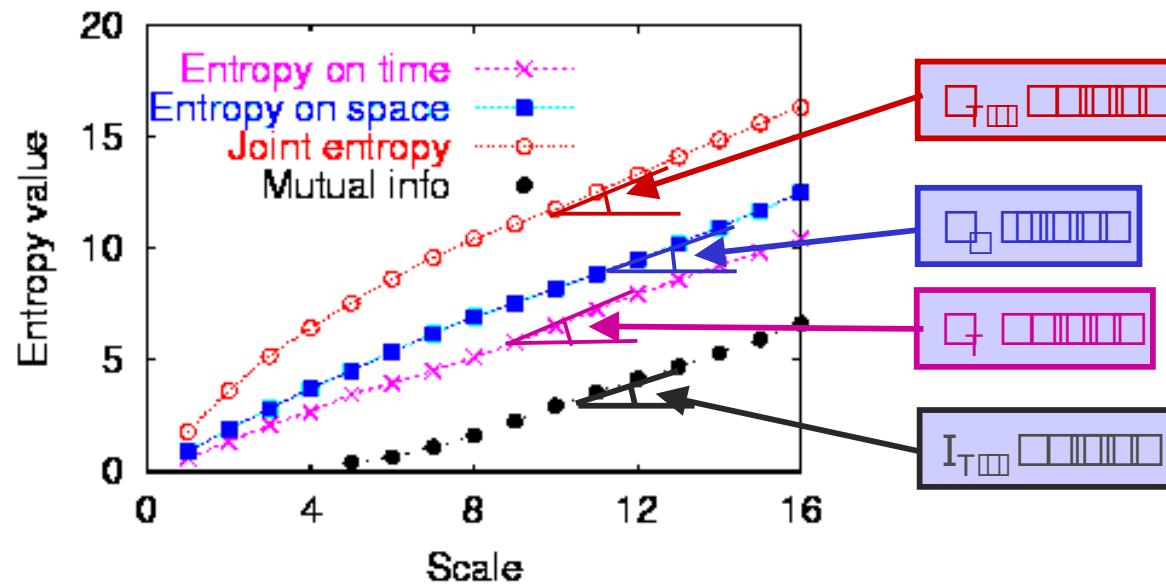


□ Entropy plot for real traffic data is linear

# Reading Entropy Plots

Real traffic data shows burstiness and strong correlation

- Linear temporal entropy plot  $\square \square \square$  uniform  $\square \square \square$  extremely bursty  $\square$
- Linear spatial entropy plot  $\square \square \square$  uniform  $\square \square \square$  extremely bursty  $\square$
- Linear mutual information entropy plot  $\square \square \square$  independent  $\square$



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Mengzhi Wang

October, 2002

# Real Traffic Data Summary

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- Real traffic data shows
  - **Burstiness** along time and space
  - Strong spatio-temporal **correlation**
  - **Linear** entropy plots

# Question

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- Question:
  - How to mimic such traffic?
- Answer: **PQRS Model!**

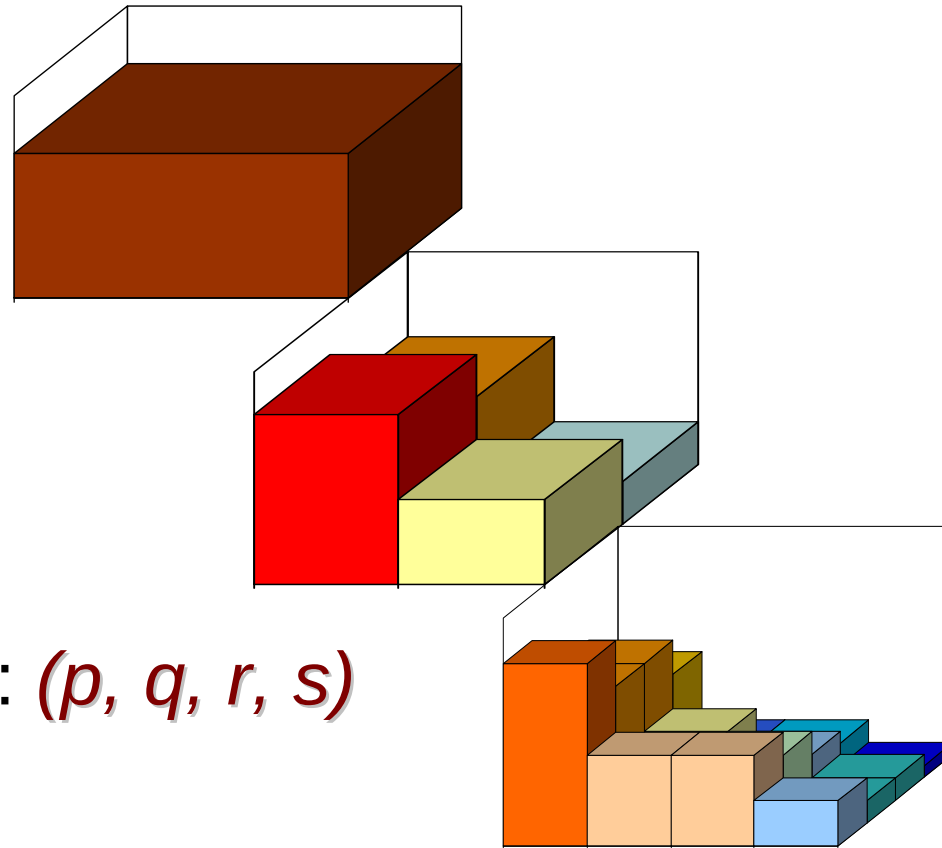
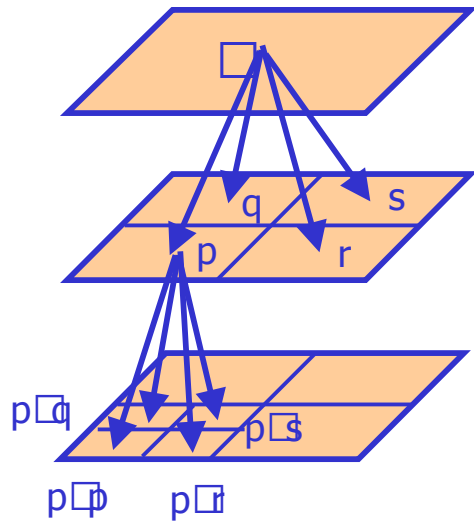
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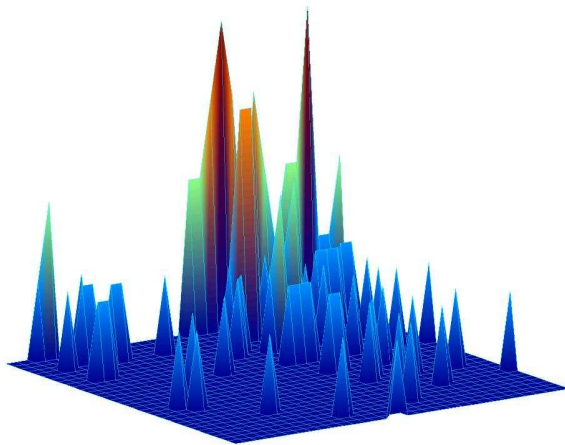
# Our Approach: PQRS Model



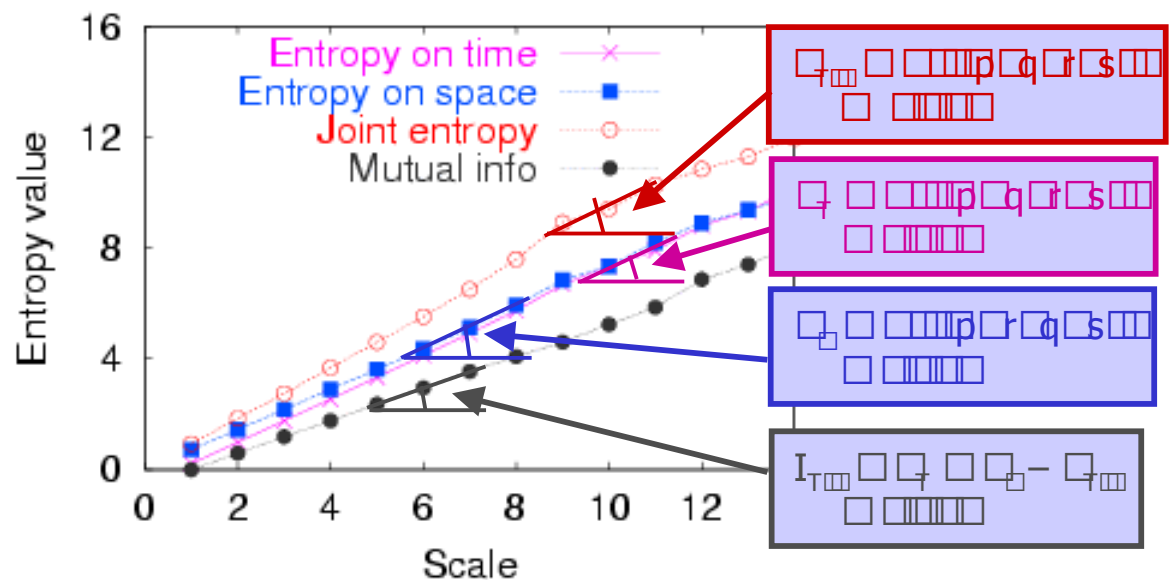
- Four parameters:  $(p, q, r, s)$

# Entropy Plots for PQRS Model

- **Lemma 5:** PQRS traces have **linear** entropy plots.



$(p,q,r,s) = (0.200, 0.027, 0.001, 0.772)$



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# PQRS Model Properties

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- **Lemma 7:** PQRS model includes **Poisson model** on arrival time and location when  
$$p=q=r=s = 0.25$$

- **Lemma 8:** PQRS model includes **independence model** for arrival time and location when  
$$p/q = r/s$$

# Efficiency of PQRS Model

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- **Lemma 9:** Generating a PQRS trace takes  $O(M*N)$  time: **linear** on # of requests.
- **Lemma 10:** Computing entropy plot takes  $O(M*N)$  time: **linear** on # of requests.
  - M: # of requests in the trace
  - N: # of steps in generation / # of points in entropy plot

# Traffic Modeling: Goal

---

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      - ü **Concise**
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# Evaluation Methodology

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- Datasets:
  - Cello disk traces from HP
    - Unix file servers, one day long, accurate to microseconds
  - TPC-C memory reference traces
    - Online transaction system, one run for each type of transactions
- Tools
  - Response time / queue length distributions for disk traces
    - Generated by DiskSim 2.0
  - Cache miss rates for memory traces
    - Generated by a realistic cache simulator (associativity, LRU)

# Evaluation Methodology

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- Questions:

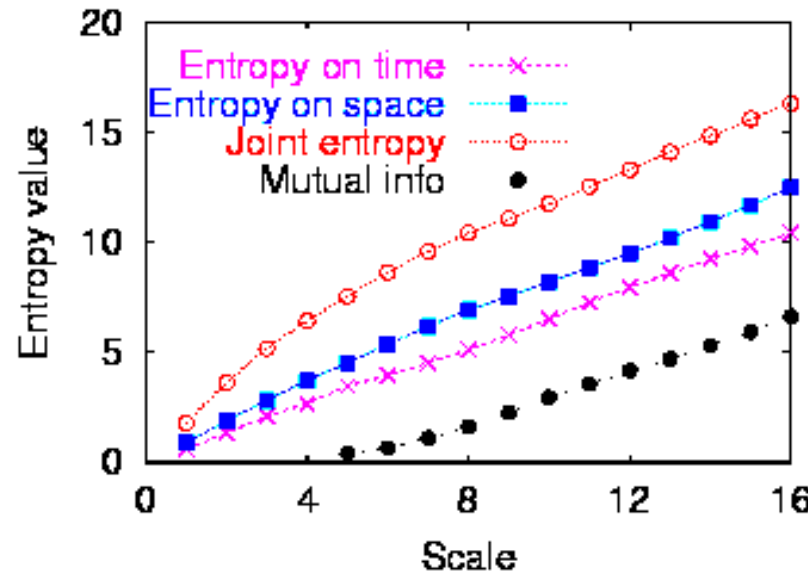
**Q1:** Are entropy plots of real traffic data linear?

**Q2:** Does correlation matter in terms of performance?

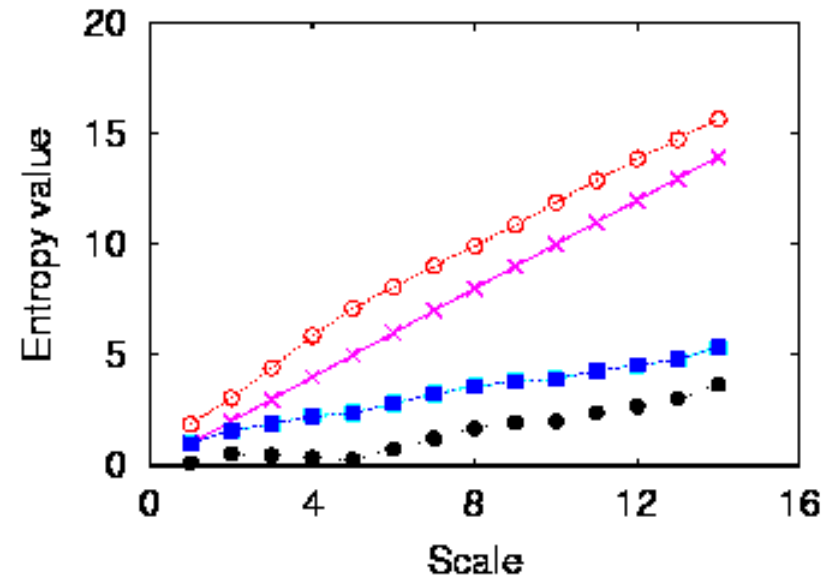
**Q3:** How does the PQRS model perform?



# Q1: Linear Entropy Plots!



Entropy plot for a disk trace

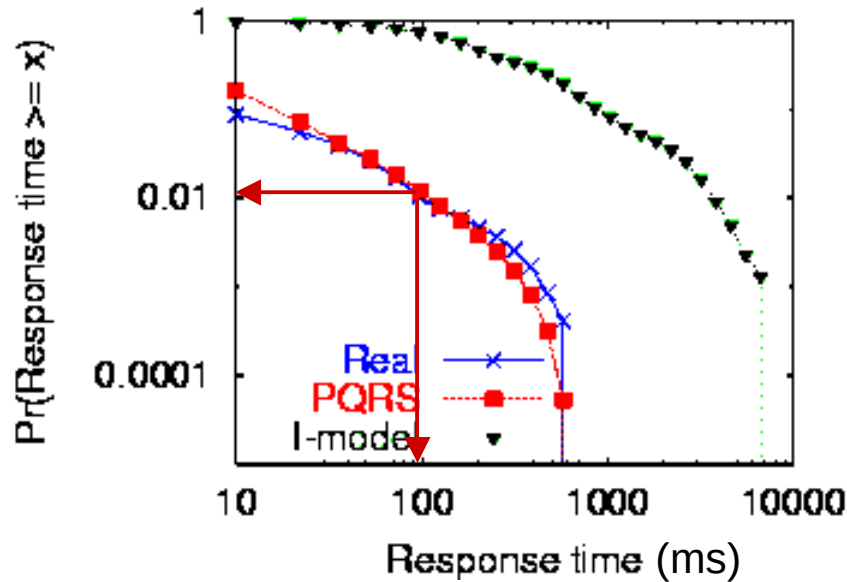


Entropy plot for a memory trace

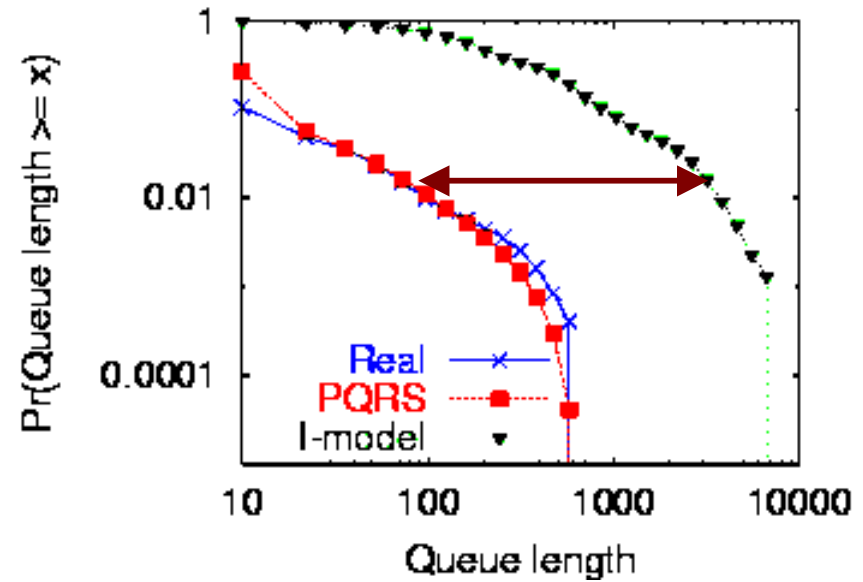
- PQRS model is applicable!

# Q2: Correlation Matters!

Disk trace performance comparison



Response time distribution

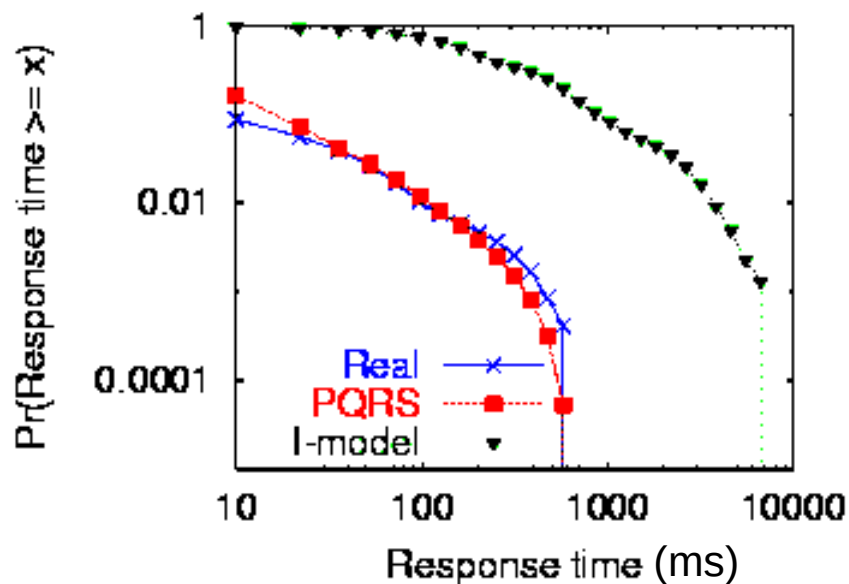


Queue length distribution

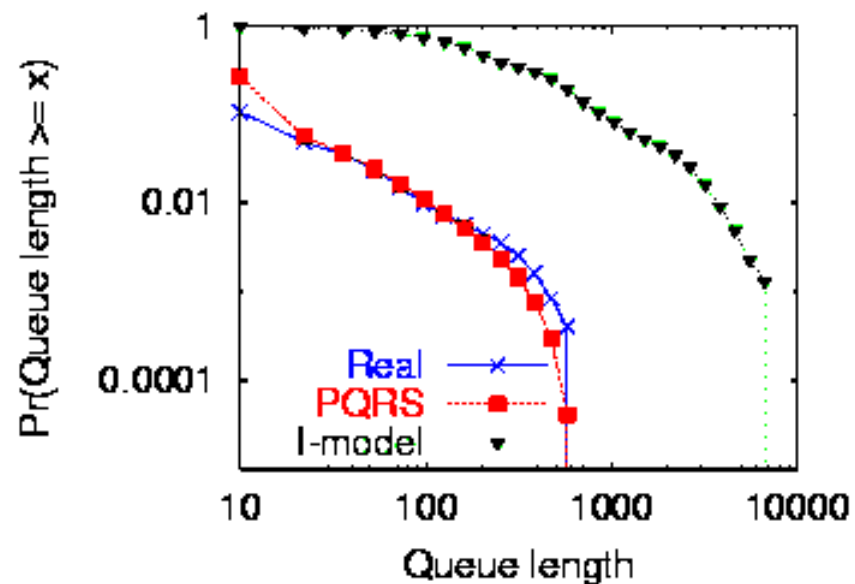
Independence leads to worse performance

# Q3: PQRS Wins! (Disk)

Disk trace performance comparison

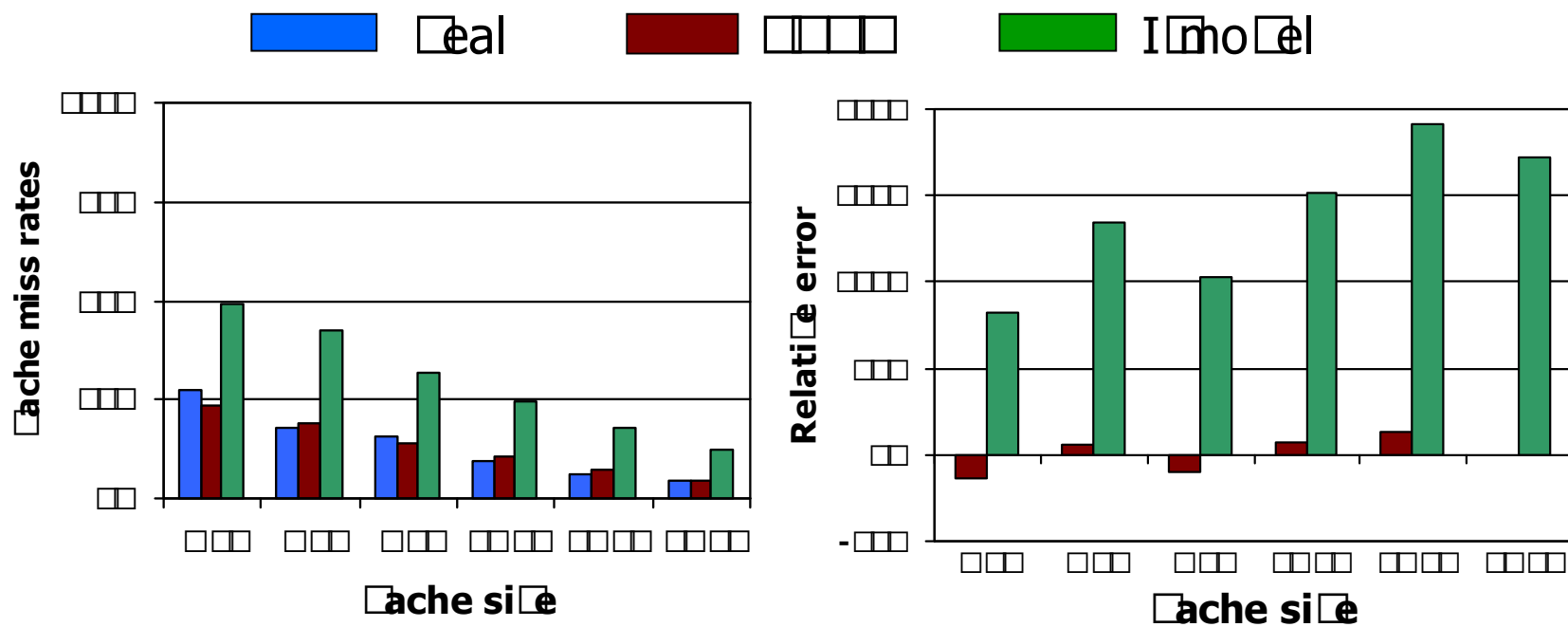


Response time distribution



Queue length distribution

# Q3: PQRS Wins! (Memory)



# Traffic Modeling: Goal

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# Conclusions

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- Quantifying burstiness and correlation
  - Entropy plots as measurement
  - Existence of strong spatio-temporal correlation
- PQRS model:
  - Captures the burstiness and correlation
  - Has good scalability
  - Matches the performance properties of real traces
    - Independence assumption leads to 10x worse performance
    - PQRS provides low relative error

# Related Work

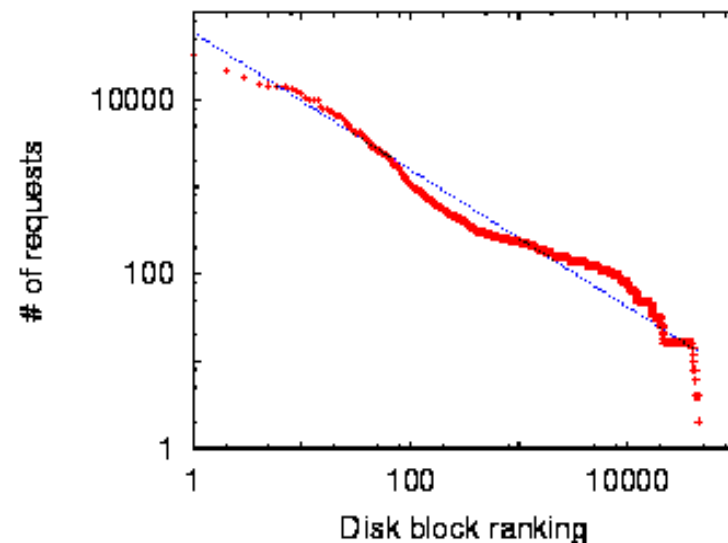
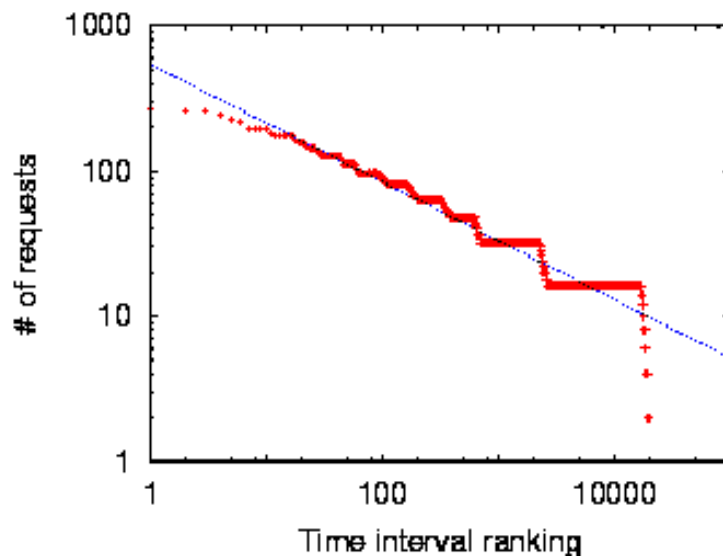
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- Temporal modeling
    - fBm[Leland94], fARIMA[Garrett94], ON/OFF[Barford98], MWM[Riedi99], b-model[Wang02], ...
    - No location information
  - Web cache trace generating
    - [Almeida96], [Breslau99], [Busari01], ...
    - Categorical space
  - Disk traffic modeling
    - [Ganger95], [Shriver98], [Gomez00], ...
- ⌞ No measure for spatio-temporal correlation



# Zipf or Not?

- Not exactly Zipf-like distributions



Rank frequency plots for time ticks and disk blocks

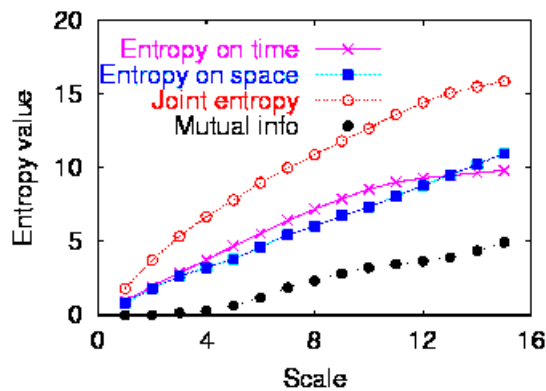
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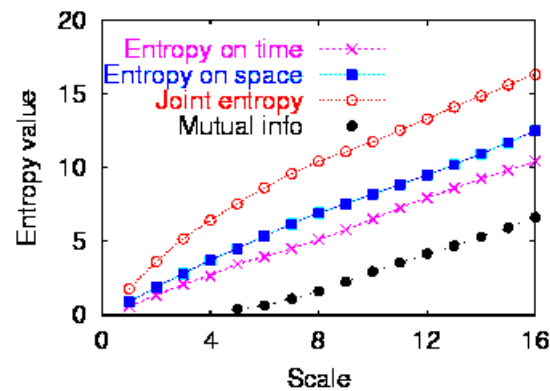
<http://www.pdl.cmu.edu/>

# Entropy plots for disk traces

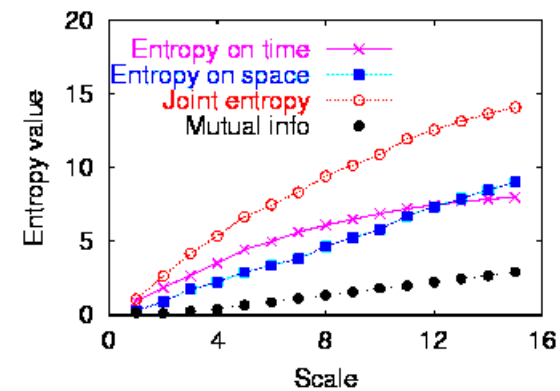
- All the disk traces have linear entropy plots
  - Bursty along time and space
  - Of strong spatio-temporal correlation



Disk 1



Disk 2



Disk 3

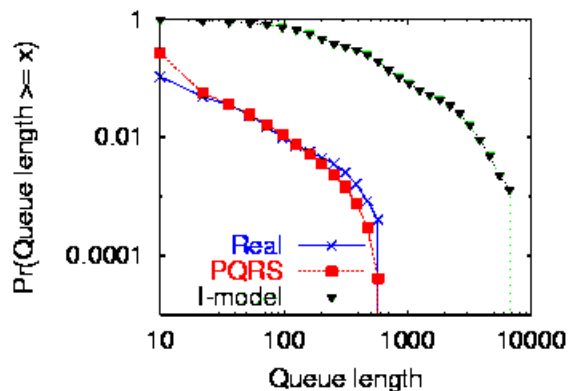
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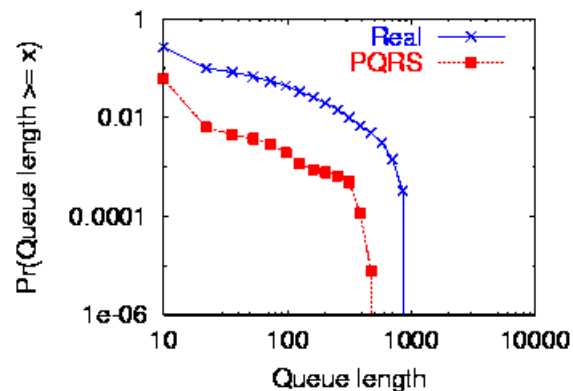
<http://www.pdl.cmu.edu/>

# Disk Trace Performance (1/2)

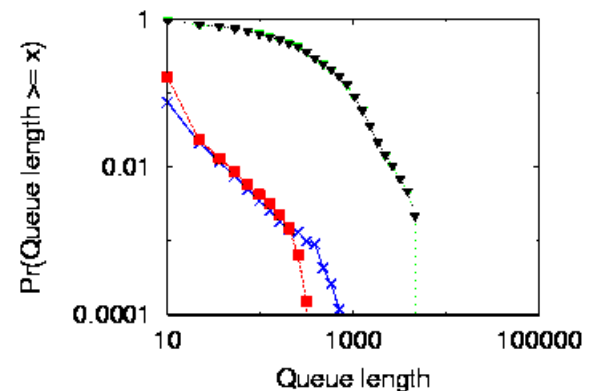
- Correlation matters
  - Strong correlation leads to shorter queues



Disk 1



Disk 2



Disk 3

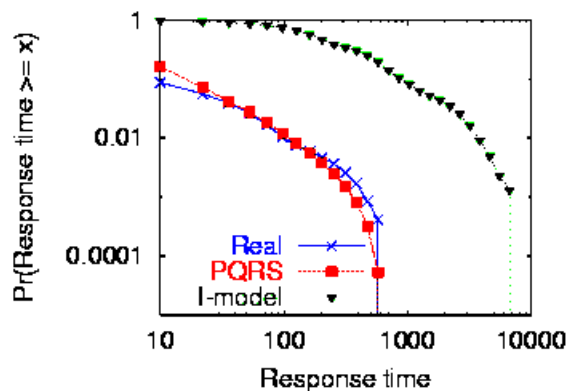
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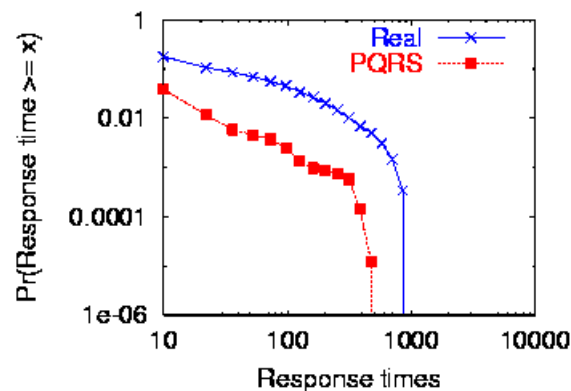
<http://www.pdl.cmu.edu/>

# Disk Trace Performance (2/2)

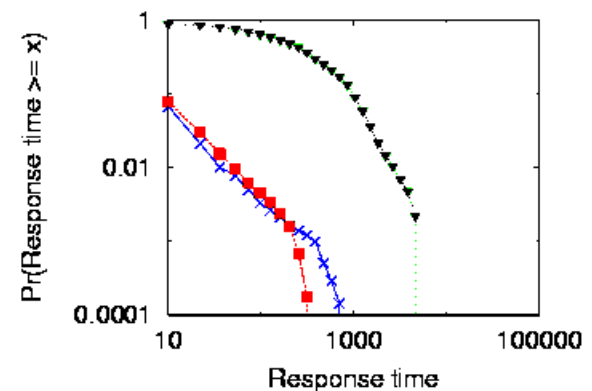
- PQRS model works very well
  - Capturing the burstiness and correlation accurately



Disk 1



Disk 2



Disk 3

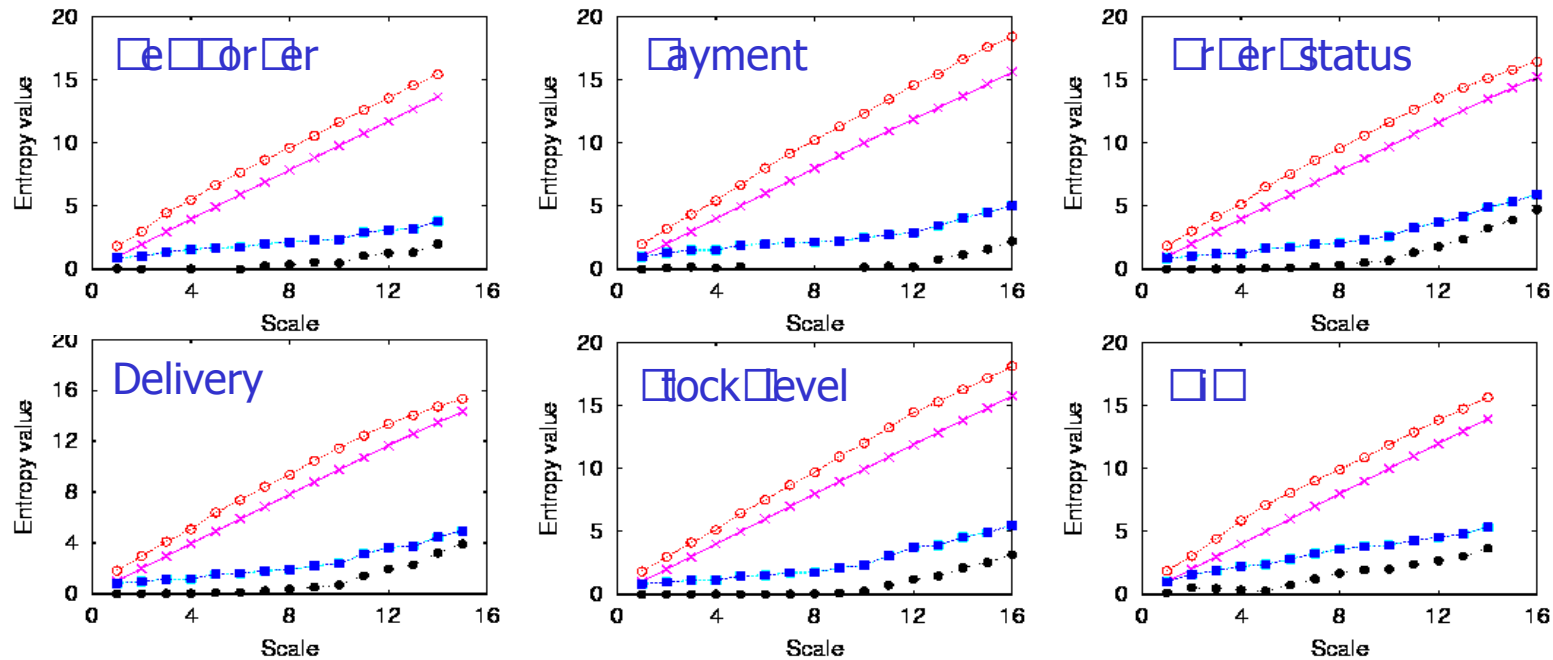
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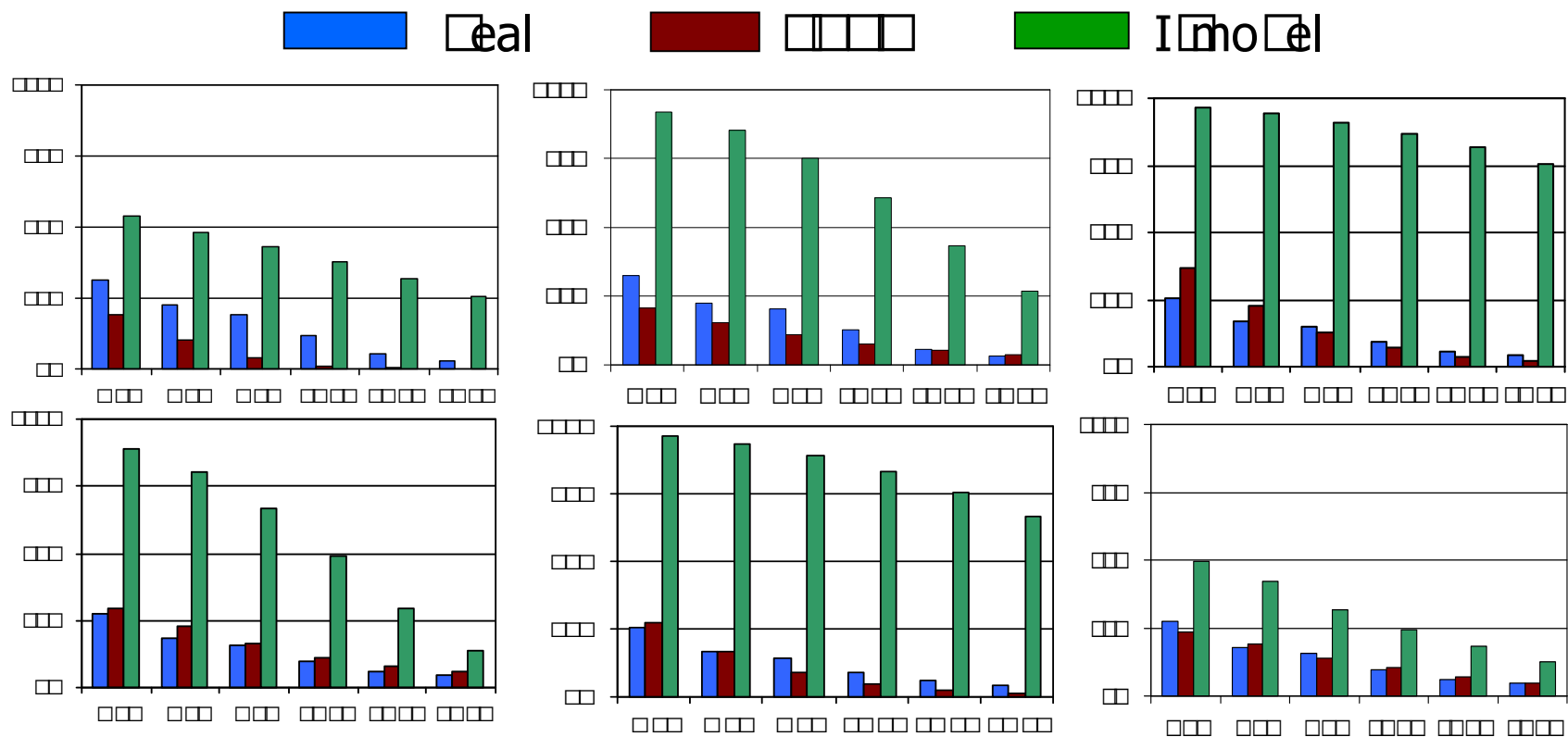
# Entropy Plots for Memory Traces

- All memory traces have linear entropy plots
  - Bursty along space but smooth along time
  - Of moderate spatio-temporal correlation



# Performance of Memory Traces

- PQRS model works well !



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# Parameter Fitting (Disk)

---

- Disk traces are
  - Bursty along time and space
  - Of strong spatio-temporal correlation

| Trace  | # requests | $R_T$        | $R_S$        | $R_{T,S}$ | $I_{T,S}$    | (p,q,r,s)                    |
|--------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------|
| Disk-a | 4,575,798  | <b>0.641</b> | <b>0.819</b> | 1.058     | <b>0.402</b> | (0.862, 0.001, 0.257, 0.741) |
| Disk-r | 1,822,781  | <b>0.847</b> | <b>0.833</b> | 0.984     | <b>0.696</b> | (0.016, 0.258, 0.720, 0.006) |
| Disk-w | 3,300,628  | <b>0.641</b> | <b>0.728</b> | 0.992     | <b>0.377</b> | (0.150, 0.013, 0.053, 0.784) |
| Disk-0 | 1,101,416  | <b>0.814</b> | <b>0.690</b> | 0.941     | <b>0.563</b> | (0.043, 0.184, 0.722, 0.001) |
| Disk-2 | 1,396,649  | <b>0.790</b> | <b>0.723</b> | 0.904     | <b>0.609</b> | (0.200, 0.027, 0.001, 0.772) |
| Disk-7 | 371,320    | <b>0.722</b> | <b>0.573</b> | 0.881     | <b>0.414</b> | (0.056, 0.135, 0.808, 0.001) |

# Parameter Fitting (Memory)

- Memory traces are
  - Smooth along time
  - Highly bursty along space
  - Strong spatio-temporal correlation

| Traces       | Length     | # requests | $R_T$        | $R_S$        | $R_{T,S}$ | $I_{T,S}$    | (p,q,r,s)                    |
|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------|
| New order    | 14,990,636 | 4,000,000  | <b>0.962</b> | <b>0.200</b> | 0.996     | <b>0.166</b> | (0.030, 0.255, 0.001, 0.714) |
| Payment      | 17,242,172 | 4,573,044  | <b>0.963</b> | <b>0.281</b> | 1.042     | <b>0.202</b> | (0.239, 0.047, 0.713, 0.001) |
| Order status | 1,355,168  | 268,943    | <b>0.950</b> | <b>0.456</b> | 0.417     | <b>0.417</b> | (0.095, 0.185, 0.001, 0.722) |
| Delivery     | 525,100    | 129,388    | <b>0.957</b> | <b>0.439</b> | 0.409     | <b>0.409</b> | (0.090, 0.192, 0.001, 0.717) |
| Stock level  | 14,453,440 | 3,613,360  | <b>0.974</b> | <b>0.349</b> | 0.271     | <b>0.271</b> | (0.231, 0.064, 0.704, 0.001) |
| Mix          | 12,268,876 | 4,000,000  | <b>0.983</b> | <b>0.309</b> | 0.302     | <b>0.302</b> | (0.248, 0.054, 0.697, 0.001) |