

15-319 / 15-619

Cloud Computing

Recitation 15

April 28st & 30th 2015

Overview

- **Last week's reflection**
 - Spark Program
- **This week's schedule**
 - Project 4.3
- **Demo**

Reflection on P4.2

- Implement a search engine in Spark
 - Wikipedia Page Dataset
 - TF-IDF
 - PageRank
- Issues
 - Scala as a new Language
 - Spark cluster management
 - Jobs taking too long to run

Survey!

- Time for you to reflect on the course
- Anonymous survey will be mailed to you
- System keeps track of survey responders
- **2% bonus** to sweeten the deal
- We want to know:
 - Course content, quality, improvements
 - Projects, quality, experience, fun factor, time investment
 - Logistics, course support, improvements
 - How would you improve the course?
- The course relies on feedback for improvement semester to semester!

Project 4

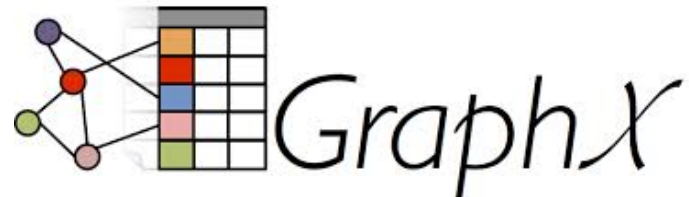
- Project 4.1
 - MapReduce Programming Using YARN
- Project 4.2
 - Iterative Programming Using Apache Spark
- **Project 4.3**
 - **Graph Programming Using GraphLab** 

Graph Computation

- Some types of data are best expressed using graphs
 - Eg: Social Networks, Transportation Grids...
- There are many computations that can be expressed as graph computations:
 - Eg: PageRank, Traversal, Min Cut/Max Flow etc..
- How about an efficient framework to execute graph-based computation?

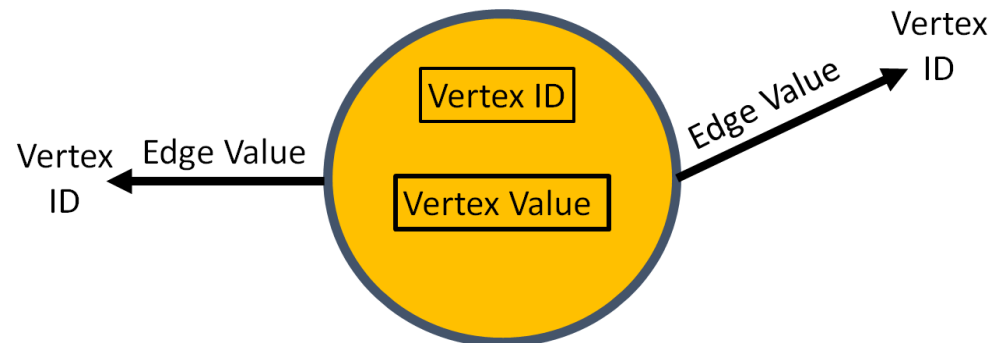
Take your pick...

Google
Pregel



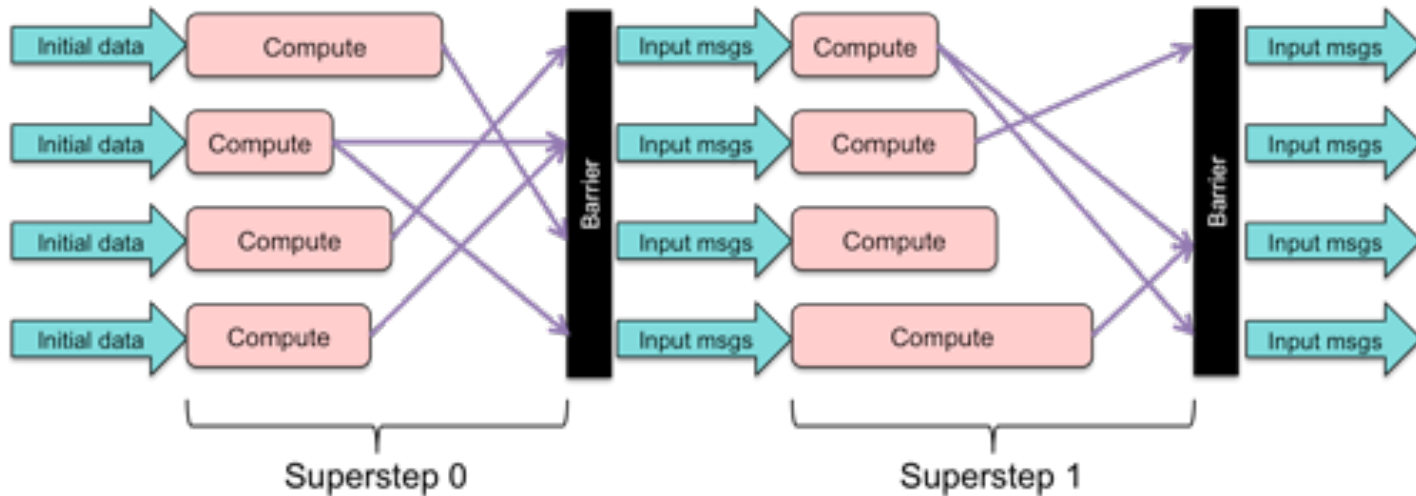
Pregel and Company

- Graph processing framework introduced by Google
- Programs are expressed as operations to be performed on a vertex
- Programs are executed in iterative, bulk-synchronous (lock-step) fashion



Pregel's Performance

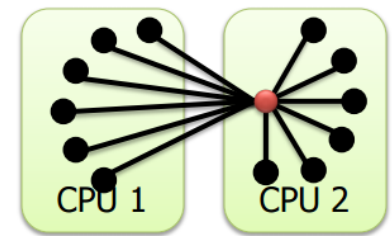
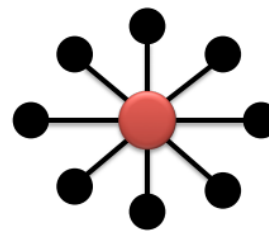
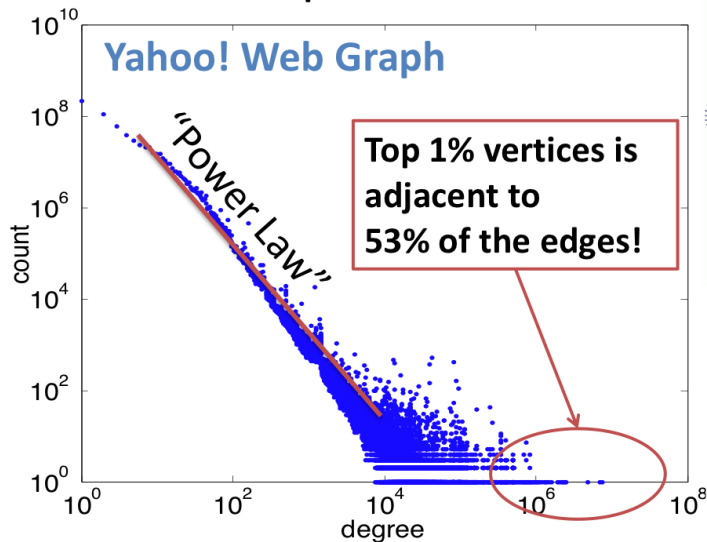
- Synchronous execution can be a performance bottleneck



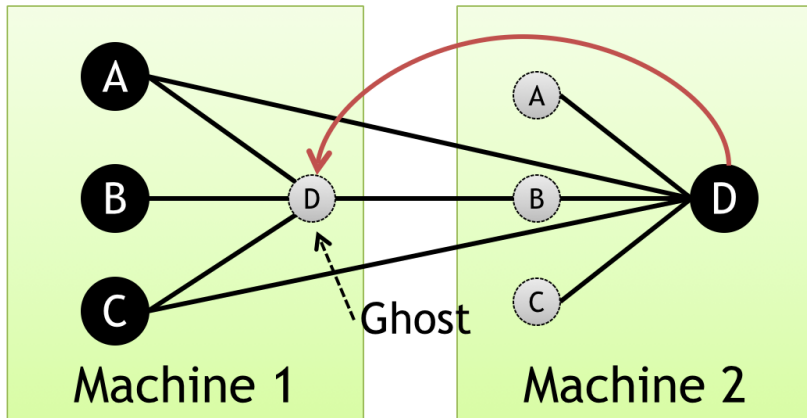
GraphLab

- Graph processing framework
- Supports both synchronous and asynchronous execution
- Optimized for power-law graphs

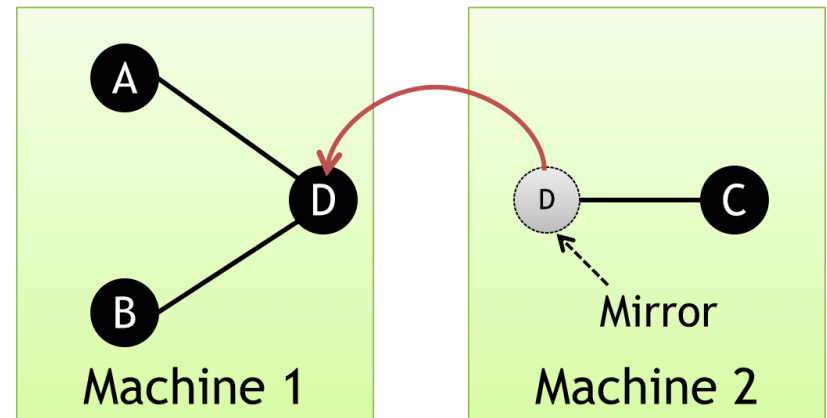
■ Natural Graphs:



Graph Partitioning in GraphLab



Edge Cut

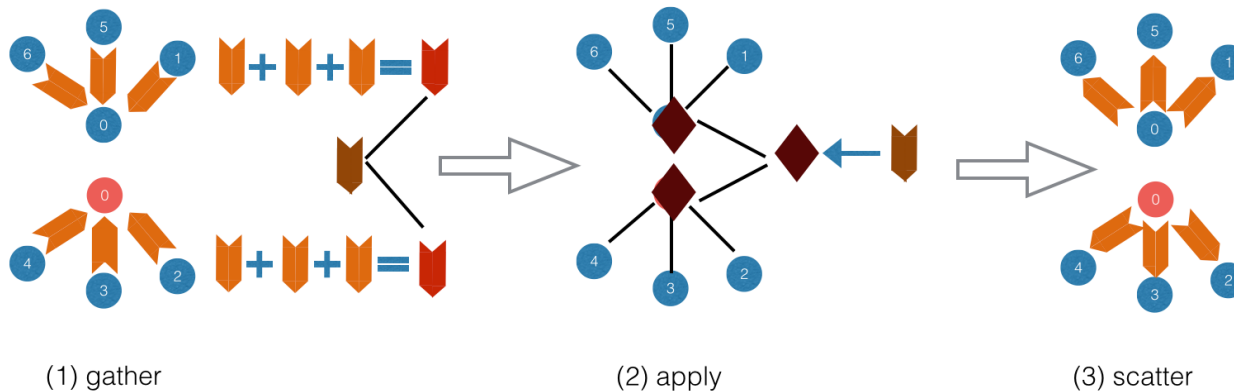


Vertex Cut

- Vertex-cut approach added in GraphLab to handle power-law graphs

How to write a GraphLab program?

- Write three functions that execute on every vertex of a graph
 - Gather
 - Apply
 - Scatter



Example Program - PageRank

$$R[i] = 0.15 + \sum_{j \in \text{Nbr}(i)} w_{ji} \times R[j]$$

GraphLab_PageRank(i)

```
// Compute sum over neighbors
total = 0
foreach( j in in_neighbors(i)):
    total = total + R[j] * wji
```

**Gather Information
About Neighborhood**

```
// Update the PageRank
R[i] = 0.1 + total
```

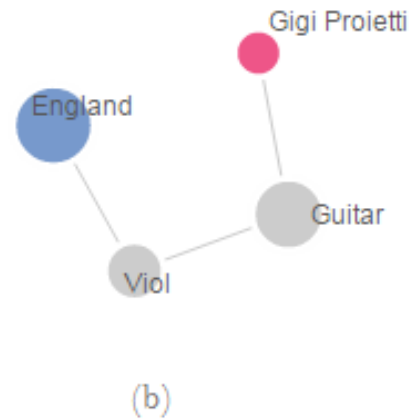
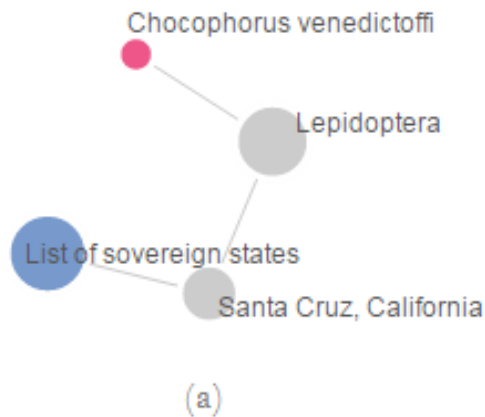
Update Vertex

```
// Trigger neighbors to run again
if R[i] not converged then
    foreach( j in out_neighbors(i))
        signal vertex-program on j
```

**Signal Neighbors &
Modify Edge Data**

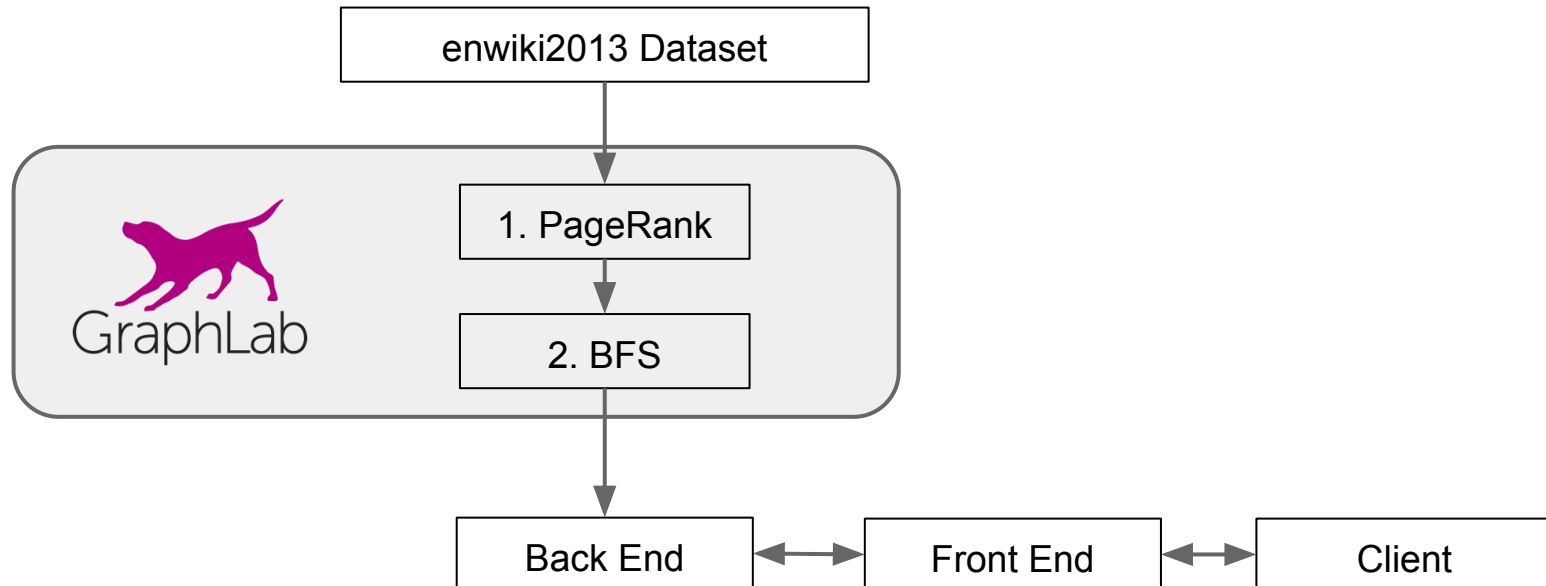
Project 4.3

- Find relevant topics that connect two terms
 1. Process the wikipedia graph dataset: PageRank
 2. Breadth First Search (BFS) using GraphLab
 3. Visualize the results



Project 4.3 - Overview

- Use the enwiki2013 graph dataset
- Run pagerank to find the popular pages
- Find connections between the pages using BFS



Demo

To launch a GraphLab cluster, do the following steps:

- Launch three m3.large instances with `ami-e697958e` which has GraphLab installed.
- Upload your key pair file (.pem file) into each instance and create a config file in `/home/ubuntu/.ssh/`. Add the following lines into this config file:

```
Host *.compute-1.amazonaws.com
```

```
IdentityFile <path of your .pem file such as~/mykey.pem>
```


Demo cont.

- Log into one instance and create a file called `machines` in the home directory (`/home/ubuntu/`)
- Put the DNS of the current instance in the first line of this file, and the DNSs of another two instances in the subsequent lines.
- Now you can launch your GraphLab applications from this instance!

Upcoming Deadlines

- The end is near...
- Course Survey
 - Due: 11:59PM ET May 01st (Friday)
- Project 4.3
 - Due: 11:59PM ET May 03rd (Sunday)
 - 10% bonus if submitted by Friday

