

#### 10-423/10-623 Generative AI

Machine Learning Department School of Computer Science Carnegie Mellon University

# Real-world Issues and Considerations Managing Risk

Pat Virtue & Matt Gormley Lecture 21 Apr. 7, 2025

# "WITH GREAT POWER COMES GREAT RESPONSIBILITY"

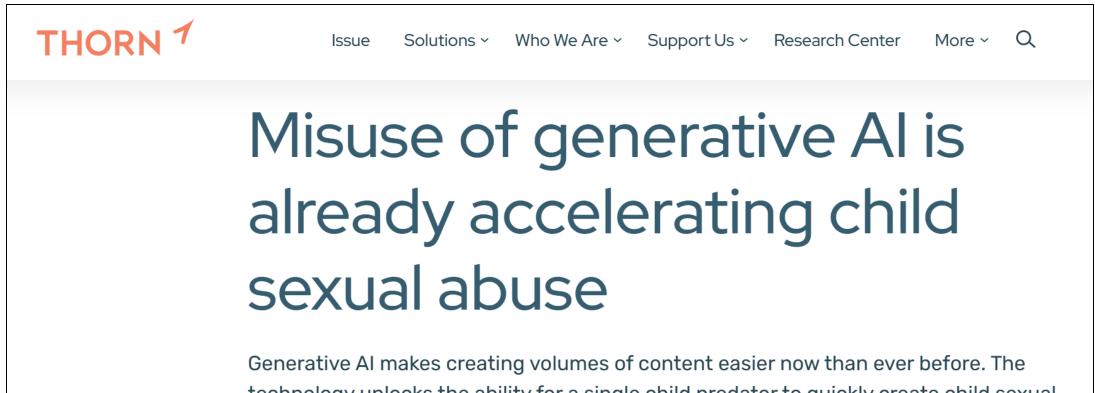
-- Uncle Ben, Spider-Man

### Responsible ML

Potentially dangerous products are out there

- Why are these products out in the world?
- How can we justify releasing them?

# Example: Child Trafficking



Generative AI makes creating volumes of content easier now than ever before. The technology unlocks the ability for a single child predator to quickly create child sexual abuse material (CSAM) at scale. These bad actors may adapt original images and videos into new abuse material, revictimizing the child in that content, or manipulate benign material of children into sexualized content, or create fully AI-generated CSAM.

# Example: Child Trafficking

THORN 1

Issue Solutions >

Who We Are ~

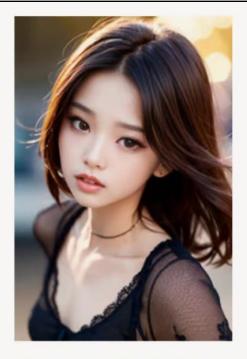
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Example of how Al is used to distort images



A woman generated with a popular Stable Diffusion model.



The same prompt, but with a LoRA to make the output moderately resemble Audrey Hepburn.



Addition of a textual inversion to make the resulting character appear younger.

## Example: Character.Al

# The New York Times

# Can A.I. Be Blamed for a Teen's Suicide?



By <u>Kevin Roose</u> Reporting from New York

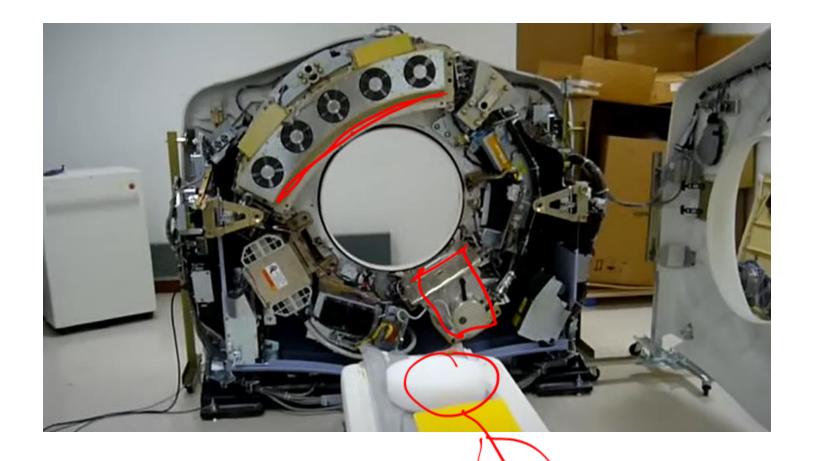
Published Oct. 23, 2024 Updated Oct. 24, 2024 Leer en español

The mother of a 14-year-old Florida boy says he became obsessed with a chatbot on Character.AI before his death.

On the last day of his life, Sewell Setzer III took out his phone and texted his closest friend: a lifelike A.I. chatbot named after Daenerys Targaryen, a character from "Game of Thrones."

# Example: Medical Imaging Systems

#### CT scanner without it's covers on



# Managing Risk

- Design Controls
- ML Model Cards
- Full-cycle Accountability

# RESPONSIBLE ENGINEERING: DESIGN CONTROLS

#### Design controls

- Documentation
- Verification/Validation
- FMEA
- CAPA

### **Code of Federal Regulations**

```
      ▼ Title 21 Food and Drugs
      Part / Section

      ▼ Chapter I Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health and Human Services
      1 - 1299

      ▼ Subchapter H Medical Devices
      800 - 898

      ▼ Part 820 Quality System Regulation
      820.1 - 820.250

      ▼ Subpart C Design Controls
      820.30

      § 820.30 Design controls.
```

#### Design controls

- Documentation
- Verification/Validation
- FMEA
- CAPA

#### FMEA (Failure Modes & Effects Analysis)

Process Step/Input	Potential Failure Mode	Potential Failure Effects	Y (1 - 10)	Potential Causes	Current Controls	(۱
What is the process step, change or feature under investigation?	In what ways could the step, change or feature go wrong?	What is the impact on the customer if this failure is not prevented or corrected?	SEVERIT	What causes the step, change or feature to go wrong? (how could it occur?)	What controls exist that either prevent or detect the failure?	DETECTION

#### FMEA (Failure Modes & Effects Analysis)

		Potential Failure Effects	(1 - 10)		Severity Scale  Adapt as appropriate			
Process Step/Input	Potential Failure Mode			Potential Cau				
					Effect	Criteria: Severity of Effect	Ranking	
step, change or	In what ways could the step, change or feature go wrong?	What is the impact on the customer if this failure is not prevented or corrected?		What causes the step, change of feature to go wro-	Hazardous - Without Warning	May expose client to loss, harm or major disruption - failure will occur <b>without</b> warning	10	
					Hazardous - With Warning	May expose client to loss, harm or major disruption - failure will occur <b>with</b> warning	9	
					Very High	Major disruption of service involving client interaction, resulting in either associate re-work or inconvenience to client	8	
					High	Minor disruption of service involving client interaction and resulting in either associate re-work or inconvenience to clients	7	
					Moderate	Major disruption of service not involving client interaction and resulting in either associate re-work or inconvenience to clients	6	
					Low	Minor disruption of service not involving client interaction and resulting in either associate re-work or inconvenience to clients	5	
					Very Low	Minor disruption of service involving client interaction that does not result in either associate re-work or inconvenience to clients	4	
					Minor	Minor disruption of service not involving client interaction and does not result in either associate re-work or inconvenience to clients	3	
					Very Minor	No disruption of service noticed by the client in any capacity and does not result in either associate re-work or inconvenience to clients	2	
https://goleansixsigma.com/failure-modes-effects-analys					None	No Effect	1	

### Design controls

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- Verification/Validation
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- CAPA

#### **ECFR CONTENT**

- § 820.100 Corrective and preventive action.
  - (a) Each manufacturer shall establish and maintain procedures for implementing corrective and preventive action. The procedures shall include requirements for:
    - (1) Analyzing processes, work operations, concessions, quality audit reports, quality records, service records, complaints, returned product, and other sources of quality data to identify existing and potential causes of nonconforming product, or other quality problems. Appropriate statistical methodology shall be employed where necessary to detect recurring quality problems;
    - (2) Investigating the cause of nonconformities relating to product, processes, and the quality system;
    - (3) Identifying the action(s) needed to correct and prevent recurrence of nonconforming product and other quality problems;
    - (4) Verifying or validating the corrective and preventive action to ensure that such action is effective and does not adversely affect the finished device;
    - (5) Implementing and recording changes in methods and procedures needed to correct and prevent identified quality problems;
    - (6) Ensuring that information related to quality problems or nonconforming product is disseminated to those directly responsible for assuring the quality of such product or the prevention of such problems; and
    - (7) Submitting relevant information on identified quality problems, as well as corrective and preventive actions, for management review.
  - (b) All activities required under this section, and their results, shall be documented.

# Managing Risk

- Design Controls
- ML Model CardsFull-cycle Accountability

### ML MODEL CARDS

#### ML Model Cards

- Mitchell, Margaret, et al.
- "Model cards for model reporting."
- Proceedings of the conference on fairness, accountability, and transparency. 2019.

#### ML Model Cards

#### **Model Card**

- Model Details. Basic information about the model.
  - Person or organization developing model
  - Model date
  - Model version
  - Model type
  - Information about training algorithms, parameters, fairness constraints or other applied approaches, and features
  - Paper or other resource for more information
  - Citation details
  - License
  - Where to send questions or comments about the model
- Intended Use. Use cases that were envisioned during development.
  - Primary intended uses
  - Primary intended users
  - Out-of-scope use cases
- **Factors**. Factors could include demographic or phenotypic groups, environmental conditions, technical attributes, or others listed in Section 4.3.
  - Relevant factors
  - Evaluation factors

- Metrics. Metrics should be chosen to reflect potential realworld impacts of the model.
  - Model performance measures
  - Decision thresholds
  - Variation approaches
- Evaluation Data. Details on the dataset(s) used for the quantitative analyses in the card.
  - Datasets
  - Motivation
  - Preprocessing
- Training Data. May not be possible to provide in practice.
  When possible, this section should mirror Evaluation Data.
  If such detail is not possible, minimal allowable information
  should be provided here, such as details of the distribution
  over various factors in the training datasets.
- Quantitative Analyses
  - Unitary results
  - Intersectional results
- Ethical Considerations
- Caveats and Recommendations

#### **Exercise:** ML Model Card Hunt

 Search the web to find the model card for a real-world model

 What models don't seem to have a model card?

#### Model Card

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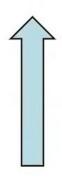
#### REMOVING HARMFUL TRAINING DATA

#### **FULL-CYCLE ACCOUNTABILITY**

## Al Accountability

- Slide from Alex London, CMU
- I. System of accountability across the lifecycle?





Reporting, coordination & oversight.

- Training in practices and procedures for safe, reliable deployment?
   Feedback & monitoring for continuous improvement?
- im provem ent?3. Contingency planning?
- How are models validated?
  - a. Confounding & validity?
  - Parameters of reliable use?

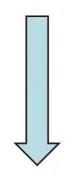


Mode

What policy is the system implementing?

- 1. What are we trying to do?
- 2. Definition of success / failure?
  - a. Metrics & comparator
- 3. Whose interests impacted?
  - Benefits / risks / fairness / autonomy
  - Strategies to promote / reduce, mitigate
- Do we have permission / access to data that supports use case?
  - a. Suitable ontology?
  - Representative?
  - Direct measure of relevant features or use of proxies?
    - . Are proxies valid?

Roles & responsibilities at every stage



Procedures & expectations