

Manifest Sharing with Session Types

Stephanie Balzer and Frank Pfenning

Work in Progress!

Department of Computer Science
Carnegie Mellon University

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Background

- Session types rooted in logic [CP'10,CPT'16,W'12]
- Curry-Howard correspondence
 - Linear propositions as session types
 - Sequent proofs as message-passing concurrent programs
 - **Proof reduction as communication**
- Many threads and contributors
 - Luís Caires, Bernardo Toninho, Jorge Pérez, Dennis Griffith, Henry DeYoung, Limin Jia, Hanna Gommerstadt, Stephanie Balzer, Max Willsey, Coşku Acay, Miguel Silva, Mário Florido
- Implementations
 - Concurrent C0 (**Demo Thursday!**)
 - SILL (Sessions in Intuitionistic Linear Logic)

SILL: the Judgments

- Interpreting the linear logical judgment and proofs

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{D} \\ A_1, \dots, A_n \vdash C \end{array} \quad x_1:A_1, \dots, x_n:A_n \vdash P :: (z : C)$$

- Cut as parallel composition (spawn P which provides along fresh channel x)

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash P_x :: (x : A) \quad \Delta', x:A \vdash Q_x :: (z : C)}{\Delta, \Delta' \vdash x \leftarrow P_x ; Q_x :: (z : C)} \text{ cut}$$

- Identity as forward (x is implemented by y)

$$\frac{}{y:A \vdash x \leftarrow y :: (x : A)} \text{ id}$$

SILL: the Operational Reading

- Every channel has a *provider* and a *client*
- Session is tied to provider's thread of control
- Provider and client perform complementary actions
- From the provider perspective:

$A \multimap B$	receive channel of type A , continue as B
$A \otimes B$	send channel of type A , continue as B
$\mathbf{1}$	send 'end' and terminate
$\&\{\ell_i : A_i\}_{i \in I}$	receive label ℓ_k , continue as A_k
$\oplus\{\ell_i : A_i\}_{i \in I}$	send label ℓ_k , continue as A_k
$\forall x:\tau. B(x)$	receive value v of type τ , continue as $B(v)$
$\exists x:\tau. B(x)$	send value v of type τ , continue as $B(v)$

- Equirecursive types (must be contractive)

$\text{list } A = \oplus\{\text{nil} : \mathbf{1}, \text{cons} : A \otimes \text{list } A\}$

$\text{queue } A = \&\{\text{enq} : A \multimap \text{queue } A,$

$\text{deq} : \oplus\{\text{none} : \mathbf{1}, \text{some} : A \otimes \text{queue } A\} \}$

- Recursive processes implement these interfaces

- Programming experience in Concurrent C0 and SILL
 - Many fun and interesting concurrent programs
 - **Limitations on shared resources**
 - Database, input/output, event loop
- Wadler's challenge
 - Functional programming: recursive types recover the full expressive power of the untyped λ -calculus
 - Concurrent programming: **how can we recover the full expressive power of the untyped π -calculus?**
 - Note: SILL satisfies session-fidelity (preservation) and deadlock-freedom (global progress)

Of Course!

- $!A$ represents persistence/replication in linear logic
- Operationally [CP'10]
 - $c : !A$ send fresh persistent channel u along c
then provide A along u persistently
 - $u : A$ receive fresh linear channel y
then provide fresh instance of A along y
- This **copying semantics** is appropriate for pure functional programming, but just supports **“read only” sharing**

Decomposing !A

- !A actually represents two interactions
- Decompose !A = $\downarrow_L^S \uparrow_L^S A$
- Two layers of propositions/types (as in LNL [Benton'94], Adjoint Logic [Reed'09])

Shared $A_S ::= \uparrow_L^S A_L [| A_S \rightarrow B_S | A_S \times B_S | \dots]$

Linear $A_L ::= \downarrow_L^S A_S | A_L \multimap B_L | A_L \otimes B_L | \mathbf{1} | \dots$

- Each modality now is one interaction
- Shifts form an adjunction
- $\downarrow\uparrow$ forms a comonad, $\uparrow\downarrow$ a strong monad

Sharing: Independence Principle

- Shared channels may not depend on linear channels

Providing shared channel $\Gamma_S \vdash P :: (x_S : A_S)$

Providing linear channel $\Gamma_S ; \Delta_L \vdash P :: (x_L : A_L)$

- Shared channels are typed as if persistent
 - Can be used arbitrarily often
- Proof reduction semantics is still copying

Sharing: Logical Rules

- Omitting shared identity and cut
- Logically, exactly the same as for persistence
- Modal rules, based on independence principle

$$\frac{\Gamma ; \cdot \vdash A_L}{\Gamma \vdash \uparrow_L^S A_L} \uparrow_L^S R$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \uparrow_L^S A_L ; \Delta, A_L \vdash C_L}{\Gamma, \uparrow_L^S A_L ; \Delta \vdash C_L} \uparrow_L^S L$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A_S}{\Gamma ; \cdot \vdash \downarrow_L^S A_S} \downarrow_L^S R$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A_S ; \Delta \vdash C_L}{\Gamma ; \Delta \downarrow_L^S A_S \vdash C_L} \downarrow_L^S L$$

Sharing: Process Expressions

- From provider perspective

$x_s : \uparrow_L^S A_L$ accept connection request along x_s
 continue along linear x_0

$x_i : \downarrow_L^S A_S$ detach from linear client x_i ;
 continue along shared x_s

- Matching constructs

$x \leftarrow \text{accept } s ; P_x$ provider $s : \uparrow_L^S A_L$
 $x \leftarrow \text{acquire } s ; Q_x$ client $s : \uparrow_L^S A_L$

$s \leftarrow \text{detach } x ; P_s$ provider $x : \downarrow_L^S A_L$
 $s \leftarrow \text{release } x ; Q_s$ client $x : \downarrow_L^S A_L$

Example: Producer/Consumer Type

- Earlier purely linear type

$$\text{queue } A = \&\{ \text{enq} : A \multimap \text{queue } A, \\ \text{deq} : \oplus\{ \text{none} : \mathbf{1}, \text{some} : A \otimes \text{queue } A \} \}$$

- Modify type to make sharing **manifest**

$$\text{squeue } A = \uparrow_L^S \&\{ \text{enq} : A \multimap \downarrow_L^S \text{squeue } A, \\ \text{deq} : \oplus\{ \text{none} : \downarrow_L^S \text{squeue } A, \\ \text{some} : A \otimes \downarrow_L^S \text{squeue } A \} \}$$

- Require types to be **equi-synchronizing**

- Release (if there is one) is at the same type as acquire
- On any continuation path from $\uparrow_L^S A$ to $\downarrow_L^S B$ we have $B = \uparrow_L^S A$.
- Otherwise, dynamic type checking would be required

Example: Producer/Consume Code

$$\text{queue } A = \uparrow_L^S \&\{ \text{enq} : A \multimap \downarrow_L^S \text{queue } A, \\ \text{deq} : \oplus\{ \text{none} : \downarrow_L^S \text{queue } A, \\ \text{some} : A \otimes \downarrow_L^S \text{queue } A \} \}$$

```
elem : queue A <- A, queue A
```

```
#s <- elem #x #t =
```

```
  c <- accept #s
```

```
  case c of
```

```
  | enq => #y <- recv c
```

```
    d <- acquire #t           % begin critical region
```

```
    d.enq ; send d #y
```

```
    #t <- release d          % end critical region
```

```
    #s <- detach c
```

```
    #s <- elem #x #t         % recurse
```

```
  | deq => c.some ; send c #x
```

```
    #s <- detach c
```

```
    #s <- #t                 % implement #s by #t
```

Example: Producer/Consume Code

$$\text{queue } A = \uparrow_L^S \&\{ \text{enq} : A \multimap \downarrow_L^S \text{ queue } A, \\ \text{deq} : \oplus\{ \text{none} : \downarrow_L^S \text{ queue } A, \\ \text{some} : A \otimes \downarrow_L^S \text{ queue } A \} \}$$

```
empty : queue A
```

```
#s <- empty =
```

```
  c <- accept #s
```

```
  case c of
```

```
    | enq => #y <- recv c
```

```
          #s <- detach c
```

```
          #e <- empty
```

```
          #s <- elem #y #e % continue as elem #y
```

```
    | deq => c.none
```

```
          #s <- detach c
```

```
          #s <- empty % continue as empty
```

- $\uparrow_L^S A_L$: accept (provider) and acquire (client)

$$\frac{\Gamma ; \cdot \vdash P_x :: (x : A_L)}{\Gamma \vdash x \leftarrow \text{accept } s ; P_x :: (s : \uparrow_L^S A_L)} \uparrow_L^S R$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, s : \uparrow_L^S A_L ; \Delta, x : A_L \vdash Q_x :: (z : C_L)}{\Gamma, s : \uparrow_L^S A_L ; \Delta \vdash x \leftarrow \text{acquire } s ; Q_x :: (z : C_L)} \uparrow_L^S L$$

Typing Rules

- $\downarrow_L^S A_S$: detach (provider) and release (client)

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P_s :: (s : A_S)}{\Gamma ; \cdot \vdash s \leftarrow \text{detach } x ; P_s :: (x : \downarrow_L^S A_S)} \downarrow_L^S R$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, s:A_S ; \Delta \vdash Q_s :: (z : C_L)}{\Gamma ; \Delta, x:\downarrow_L^S A_S \vdash s \leftarrow \text{release } x ; Q_s :: (z : C_L)} \downarrow_L^S L$$

Operational Semantics

- Asynchronous message passing
- Specify with multiset rewriting over predicates

$\text{proc}(x_i, P)$ P provides along linear channel x , generation i

$\text{proc}(x_S, P)$ P provides along shared channel x_S

$\text{unavail}(x_S)$ no process currently providing x_S

$\text{msg}(x_i, M)$ message P is sent along x_i

- Processes cycle through linear (x_i) and shared (x_S) phases
- Think of i as index into message buffer for x
- Think of S as lock on shared process

- Session fidelity (type preservation)
 - Need either equi-synchronous types or runtime checking
 - Proof is somewhat complex due to forwarding
- “Progress”
 - Failure of progress only due to deadlock in acquiring shared channels
- Proofs are in progress as we speak . . .

Interpreting the Asynchronous π -Calculus

- A π -calculus channel may have multiple endpoints
- Represent a π channel by a **buffer process**
- Version 1: single-element buffer of shared type U
$$U = \uparrow_L^S \oplus \{ \text{none} : \&\{U \multimap \downarrow_L^S U, \text{loop} : \downarrow_L^S U\}, \\ \text{some} : \&\{U \otimes \downarrow_L^S U, \text{loop} : \downarrow_L^S U\} \}$$
- Version 2: multi-element buffer (like shared queue)
 - Use coin flip to model nondeterminism in buffer
 - Coin flip implementable with a simple shared channel
- Process is represented by a **worker process** of type **1**
- Replication is modeled by recursion
- Conjecture: constitute **asynchronous bisimulation** (of some form ...)

Semantics in the Asynchronous π -Calculus

- Use continuations channels as part of every interaction
- Represent a SILL channel by a pair of π -channels (a_i, a_S)
 - a_i is i th continuation of linear channel a
 - a_S is associated shared channel
- Conjecture: constitute bisimulation (of some form ...)

Summary and Questions

- Model sharing by decomposing $!A$ into $\downarrow_L^S \uparrow_L^S A$
- Typing rules just as in LNL [Benton'94]
- Depart from the Curry-Howard isomorphism in operational semantics
 - Computation interleaves proof construction and proof reduction
 - Deadlock if proof cannot be constructed
 - Is this a general approach to multi-party session types?
- Expressive enough to interpret the asynchronous π -calculus
- Examples include dining philosophers, producer/consumer, database
- Elegant criteria for freedom from deadlock?