## Algorithms: Solutions 8

## Problem 1

Give a nonrecursive algorithm that prints all elements of a binary search tree in sorted order.

```
ITERATIVE-TREE-WALK(T)

x \leftarrow \text{TREE-MINIMUM}(root[T])

while x \neq \text{NIL}

do print key[x]

x \leftarrow \text{TREE-SUCCESSOR}(x)
```

The running time is  $\Theta(n)$ , where n is the number of nodes in the tree.

## Problem 2

Consider a binary search tree, and give an algorithm that prints all nodes whose keys are between two given values.

```
INORDER-RANGE-WALK(x, min, max)
if x \neq \text{NIL}
then if min \leq key[x]
then INORDER-RANGE-WALK(left\text{-}child[x], min, max)
if min \leq key[x] \leq max
then print key[x]
if key[x] \leq max
then INORDER-RANGE-WALK(right\text{-}child[x], min, max)
```

The running time is O(h+k), where h is the height of the tree, and k is the number of nodes whose keys are between the two given values.