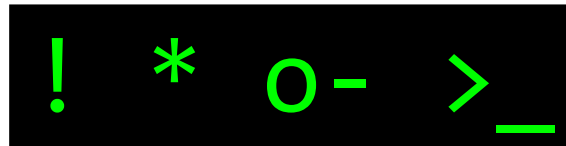


Rule-based Interactive Fiction



Chris Martens * Zachary Sparks * Claire Alvis * Will Byrd

Carnegie Mellon * Indiana University

Intro to IF

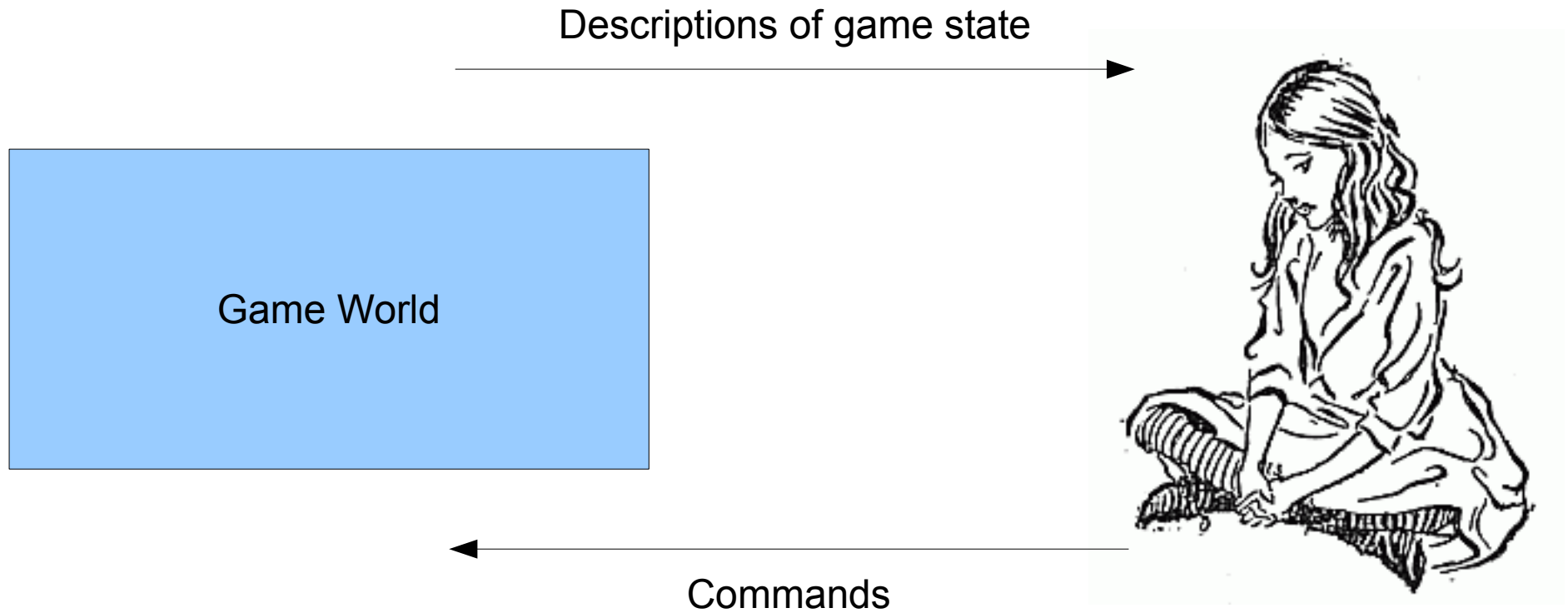
West of House

You are standing in an open field west of a white house, with a boarded front door.

There is a small mailbox here.

>_

Intro to IF



Intro to IF

West of House

You are standing in an open field west of a white house, with a boarded front door.

There is a small mailbox here.

>_

Intro to IF

> **x house**

The house is a beautiful colonial house which is painted white.
It is clear that the owners must have been extremely wealthy.

Intro to IF

> **open mailbox**

Opening the mailbox reveals a small leaflet.

Intro to IF

```
> take leaflet  
Taken.
```

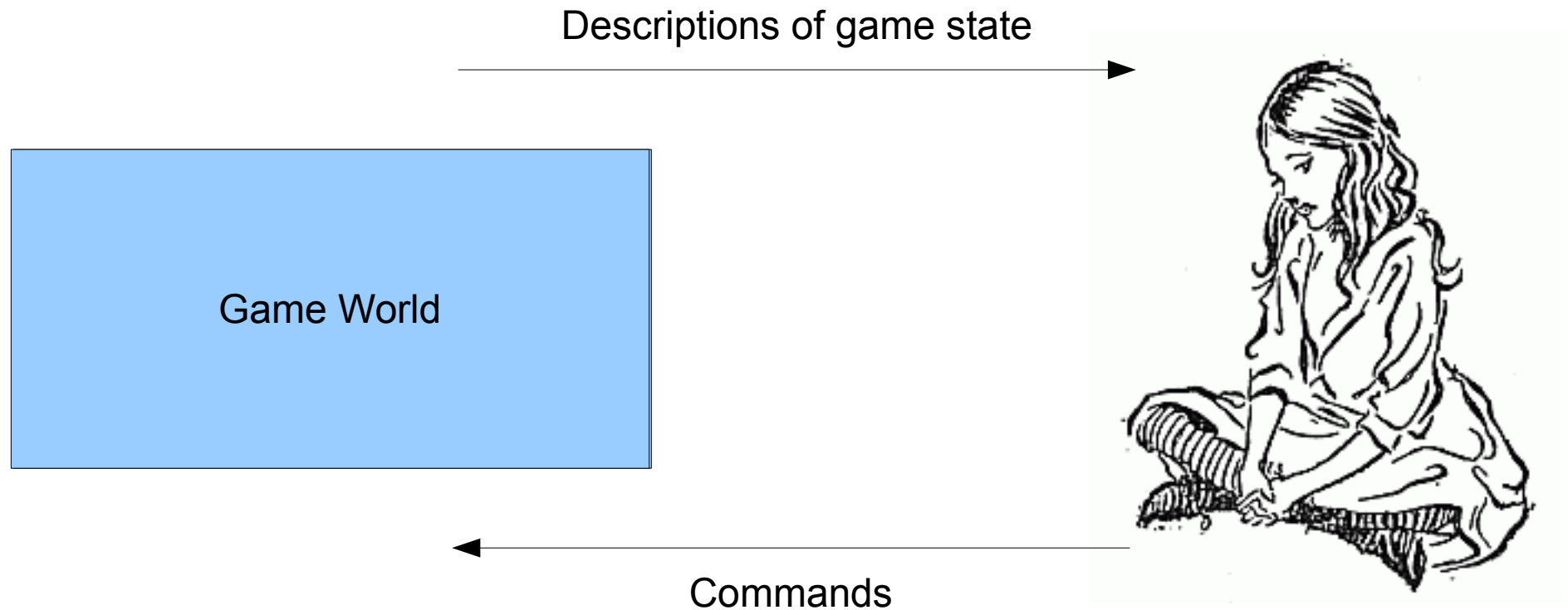
Intro to IF

```
> inventory
```

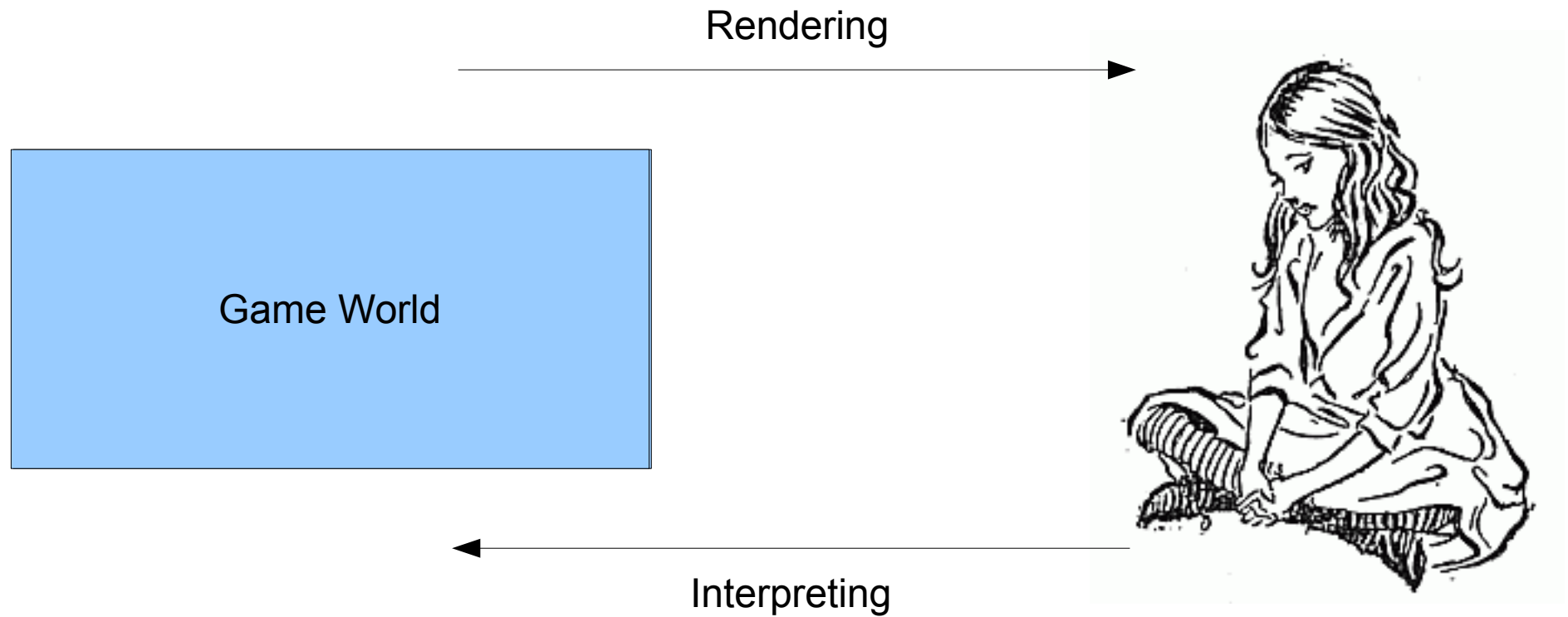
```
You are carrying:
```

```
    A leaflet
```


Intro to IF



Intro to IF



A good domain for PL!

Really, this is a suggestion that we study all *interactive* programs in a declarative way.

IF is just fun :)

Logic Programming

Curry-Howard:

Props as Types / Proofs as Programs

Miller: (“Proof search foundations for logic programming,” WOLLIC'03)

Props as Programs

Proof search as execution

Takeaway

Interactive proof search as *interactive* execution

(i.e. gameplay)

Takeaway

Interactive proof search as interactive execution

“[Building [proof] scripts is surprisingly addictive, in a videogame kind of way...”

Xavier Leroy

“Formal certification of a compiler back-end”

POPL'06

The Author's Task

- Describe the world (map, locations of objects, win conditions)
- Describe the state transitions that move the game forward
- Anticipate player input

Inform7

(see inform7.com)

3 There is a room called West of House. "You are standing in an open field
4 west of a white house, with a boarded front door."

5

6 The white house is a backdrop in West of House.

7 The description of the house is

8 "The house is a beautiful colonial house which is painted white. It is
9 clear that the owners must have been extremely wealthy."

10

11 The small mailbox is a container in West of House.

12 The small mailbox is closed and openable.

13 After opening the mailbox, say "Opening the small mailbox reveals a
14 leaflet."

15 Instead of taking the mailbox, say "It is securely anchored."

16

17 The leaflet is in the small mailbox.

18 The description of the leaflet is

19 "'WELCOME TO ZORK!'"

Inform7

3 There is a room called **West of House**.

6 The **white house** is a backdrop in West of House.

11 The **small mailbox** is a container in West of House.

17 The **leaflet** is in the small mailbox.

Inform7

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19 "'WELCOME TO ZORK!'"

Logic Programming

```
> take leaflet
```

```
?- take(leaflet, X).
```

Logic Programming

```
> take leaflet  
Taken.
```

```
?- take(leaflet, X).  
X = say("Taken.")
```

Logic Programming

Try: X = say "taken"

```
      .                .  
      .                .  
      .                .  
visible(leaflet)  portable(leaflet)  
-----  
take(leaflet, say "taken").
```

Logic Programming

There is a room called West of House.
"You are standing..."

```
in(player, westofhouse).  
description(westofhouse, "You are standing...").
```

Logic Programming

The small mailbox is a container in West of House.
The small mailbox is closed and openable.

```
in(mailbox, westofhouse).  
closed(mailbox).  
openable(mailbox).
```

Logic Programming

(Inform7 has defaults!)

```
examine(X, say(D))  
  :- visible(X), description(X, D).
```


Logic Programming

```
open(C, say("opened"))  
    :- openable(C), closed(C).  
%% But also change state! Mailbox opened; contents visible...?
```

Logic Programming

```
take(X, say("taken"))  
    :- portable(X), visible(X).  
%% But also change in(X,Y) to in(X,player)!  
  
%% And then there are all the failure conditions...
```

Linear Logic Programming

$*$, $-o$, $!$

A logic for reasoning about resources and state. $*$ conjoins 2 resources, $-o$ consumes a resource and produces another, $!$ recovers the original logic.

Linear Logic Programming

```
in(mailbox, westofhouse).  
closed(mailbox).  
!openable(mailbox).
```

Linear Logic Programming

```
open(C, say("opened")) * opened(C)  
  o- !openable(C) * closed(C).
```

```
take(X, say("taken")) * in(X,player) * visible(X)  
  o- !portable(X) * visible(X) * in(X,Y).
```

But there's a problem with this that we don't yet know how to solve...

Linear Logic Programming

```
take(X, say("taken"))
  * in(X, player)
  * visible(X)           %% ???
o- !portable(X)
  * visible(X)
  * in(X, Y).
```

It isn't clear whether to conserve this resource. How is it defined?

Linear Logic Programming

`visible(X)`

`o- in(player,R) * in(X,R).`

`visible(X)`

`o- in(X,C) * open(C) * visible(C).`

Linear Logic Programming

`visible(X) * in(player,R) * in(X,R)`

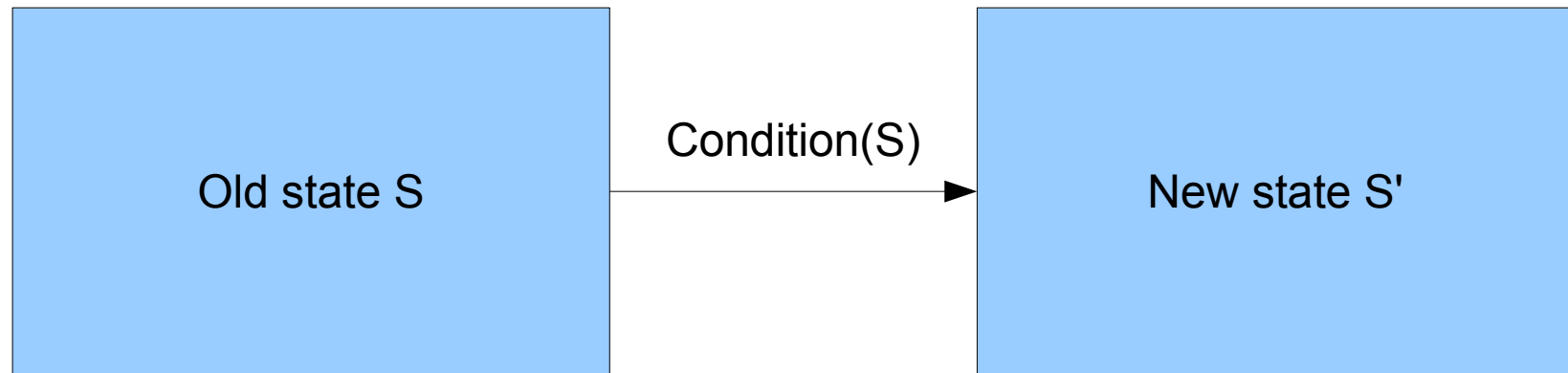
`o- in(player,R) * in(X,R).`

`visible(X)`

`* in(X,C) * open(C) * visible(C)`

`o- in(X,C) * open(C) * visible(C).`

Linear Logic Programming



“Read-Only Access to Resources” a la Garg & Pfenning

Possibly Fruitful?

Proof Irrelevance

Hybrid Logic

Other Kripke-style modal logic

Other Challenges

Overriding Defaults

It's visible *unless* the room is dark
unless the player carries a flashlight
unless the batteries are dead
(and so on)

Plotkin, A. Rule-based programming. <http://eblong.com/zarf/rule-language.html>, June 2010.

Other Challenges

Negation

Taking something: check whether the player already has it!

Could put the failure rule first...

Other Challenges

In general, giving the author control of rule precedence.

Possibly fruitful: *Defeasible Logic*

(Donald Nute, defeasible.org)

Summary

Interactive programs as interactive proof search!

Richer logics for hard problems!

Some systems to check out:

- Lolli: <http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~fp/courses/15816-f01/software.html>
- Lollibot/Ollibot: <https://github.com/clf/ollibot>