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15-826: Multimedia Databases and Data Mining

Lecture #4: Multi-key and Spatial Access Methods - I

C. Faloutsos

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Must-Read Material

- MM-Textbook, Chapter 4
- [Bentley75] J.L. Bentley: *Multidimensional Binary Search Trees Used for Associative Searching*, CACM, 18,9, Sept. 1975.
- Ramakrinshan+Gehrke, Chapter 28.1-3

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Outline

Goal: 'Find similar / interesting things'

- Intro to DB
- Indexing - similarity search
- Data Mining

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Indexing - Detailed outline

- primary key indexing
- secondary key / multi-key indexing
- spatial access methods
- text
- ...

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Sec. key indexing

- attributes w/ duplicates (eg., EMPLOYEES, with 'job-code')
- Query types:
  - exact match
  - partial match
    - 'job-code' = 'PGM' and 'dept' = 'R&D'
  - range queries
    - 'job-code' = 'ADMIN' and salary < 50K

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Sec. key indexing

- Query types - cont'd
  - boolean
    - 'job-code' = 'ADMIN' or salary>20K
  - nn
    - salary ~ 30K

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Solution?

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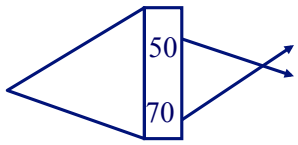
Solution?

- Inverted indices (usually, w/ B-trees)
- Q: how to handle duplicates?

salary-index



Name	Job-code	Salary	Dept
Smith	PGM	70	R&D
Jones	ADMIN	50	R&D
….			
Tomson	ENG	50	SALES

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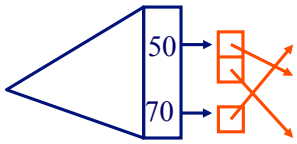
Solution

- A#1: eg., with postings lists

postings lists

salary-index



Name	Job-code	Salary	Dept
Smith	PGM	70	R&D
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….			
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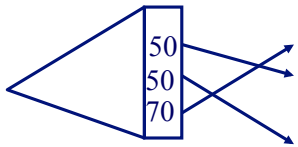
Solution

- A#2: modify B-tree code, to handle dup's

salary-index



Name	Job-code	Salary	Dept
Smith	PGM	70	R&D
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….			
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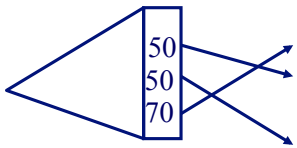
How to handle Boolean Queries?

- eg., 'sal=50 AND job-code=PGM'?

salary-index



Name	Job-code	Salary	Dept
Smith	PGM	70	R&D
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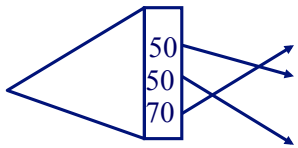
How to handle Boolean Queries?

- from indices, find lists of qual. record-ids
- merge lists (or check real records)

salary-index



Name	Job-code	Salary	Dept
Smith	PGM	70	R&D
Jones	ADMIN	50	R&D
….			
Tomson	ENG	50	SALES

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Sec. key indexing

- easily solved in commercial DBMS:

```
create index sal-index on
  EMPLOYEE (salary);
select * from EMPLOYEE
  where salary > 50 and
  job-code = 'ADMIN'
```


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Sec. key indexing

- can create combined indices:

```
create index sj on
  EMPLOYEE( salary, job-code);
```


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Indexing - Detailed outline

- primary key indexing
- secondary key / multi-key indexing
  - main memory: quad-trees
  - main memory: k-d-trees
- spatial access methods
- text
- ...

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Quad-trees

- problem: find cities within 100mi from Pittsburgh
- assumption: all fit in main memory
- Q: how to answer such queries quickly?

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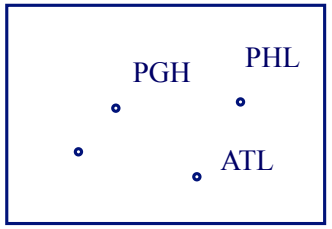
Quad-trees

- A: recursive decomposition of space, e.g.:



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Quad-trees

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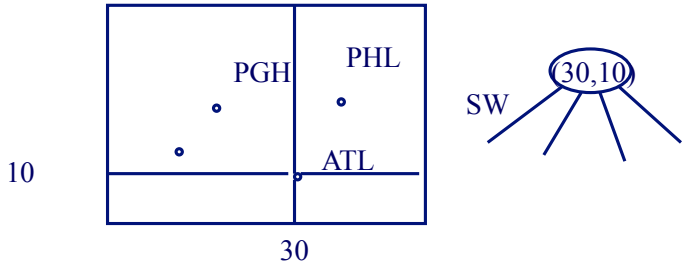

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Quad-trees

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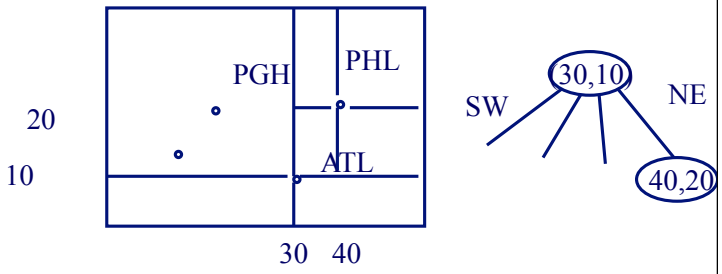

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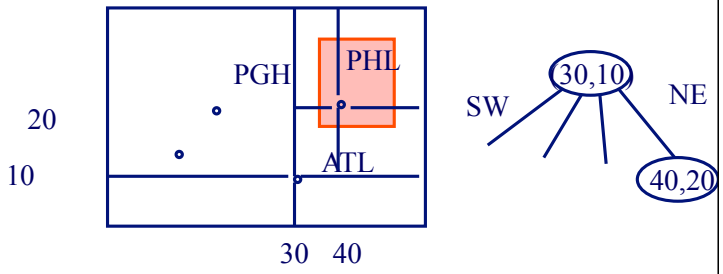
Quad-trees - search?

- find cities with (35<x<45, 15<y<25):



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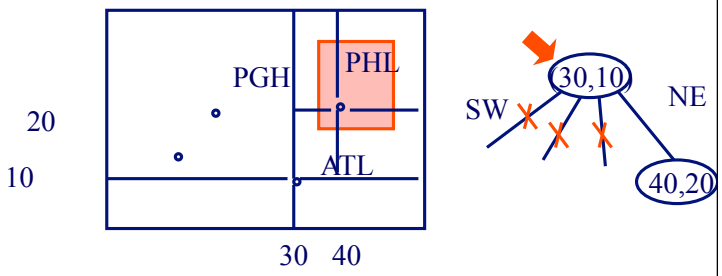

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Quad-trees - search?

- pseudocode:

```
range-query( tree-ptr, range)
  if (tree-ptr == NULL) exit;
  if (tree-ptr->point within range){
    print tree-ptr->point}
  for each quadrant {
    if ( range intersects quadrant ) {
      range-query( tree-ptr->quadrant-ptr, range);
    }
```


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Quad-trees - k-nn search?

- k-nearest neighbor algo - more complicated:
  - find 'good' neighbors and put them in a stack
  - go to the most promising quadrant, and update the stack of neighbors
  - until we hit the leaves

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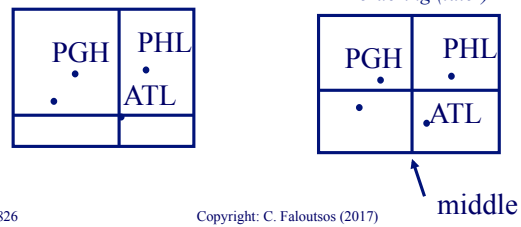
Quad-trees - discussion

- great for 2- and 3-d spaces
- several variations, like fixed decomposition:

'adaptive' 'fixed'

z-ordering (later)



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Quad-trees - discussion

- but: unsuitable for higher-d spaces (why?)

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Quad-trees - discussion

- but: unsuitable for higher-d spaces (why?)
- A: 2^d pointers, per node!
- Q: how to solve this problem?
- A: k-d-trees!

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Indexing - Detailed outline

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- ...

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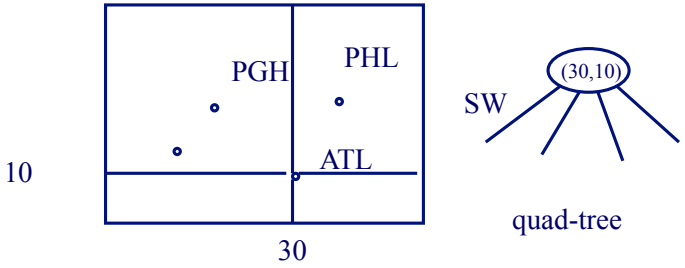
k-d-trees

- Binary trees, with alternating 'discriminators'



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k-d-trees

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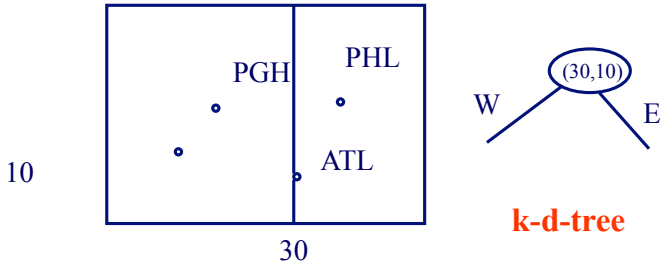

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k-d-trees

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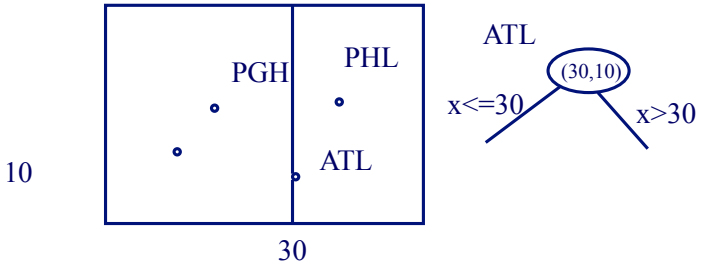

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k-d-trees

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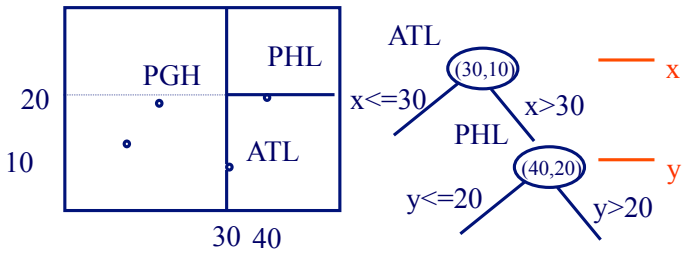

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(Several demos/applets, e.g.)

- http://donar.umiacs.umd.edu/quadtree/points/kdtree.html

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Indexing - Detailed outline

- primary key indexing
- secondary key / multi-key indexing
  - – main memory: quad-trees
  - – main memory: k-d-trees
    - insertion; deletion
    - range query; k-nn query
- spatial access methods
- text
- ...

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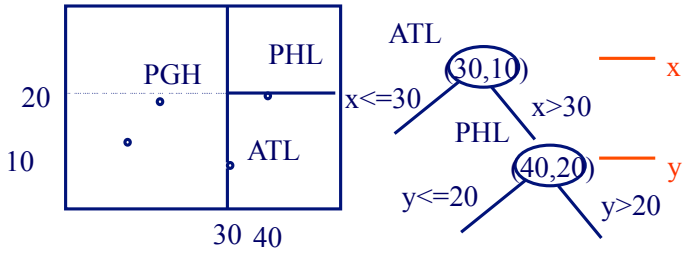
k-d-trees - insertion

- Binary trees, with alternating 'discriminators'



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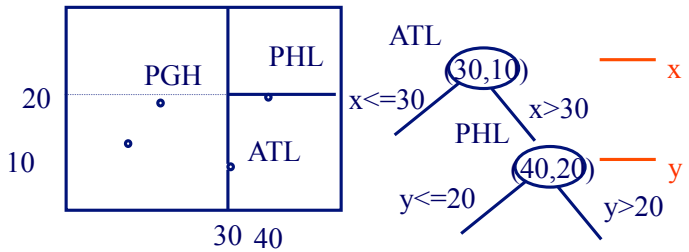
k-d-trees - insertion

- discriminators: may cycle, or ....
- Q: which should we put first?



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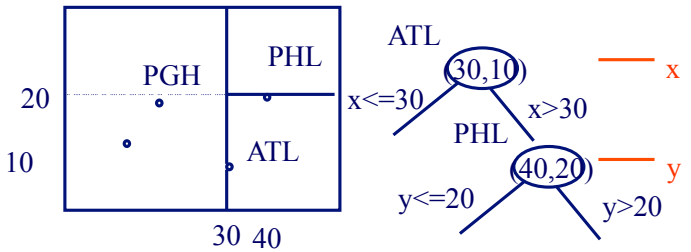
k-d-trees - deletion

- How?



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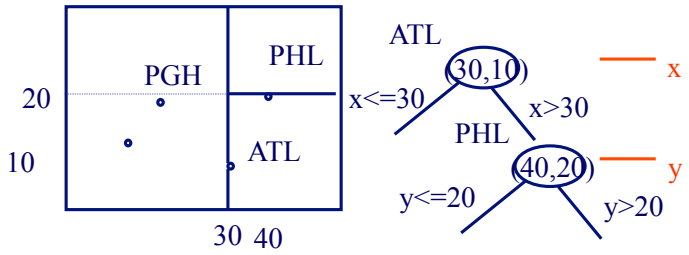
k-d-trees - deletion

- Tricky! 'delete-and-promote' (or 'mark as deleted')



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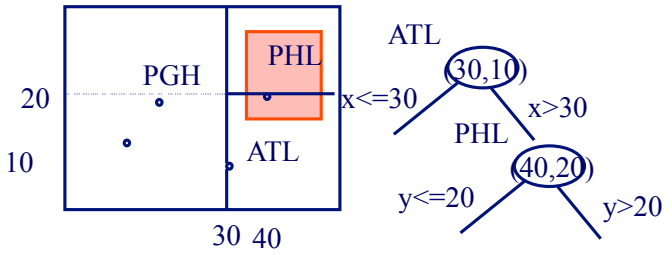
k-d-trees - range query



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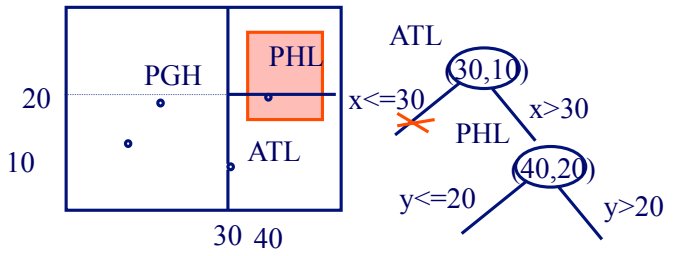
k-d-trees - range query

- similar to quad-trees: check the root; proceed to appropriate child(ren).



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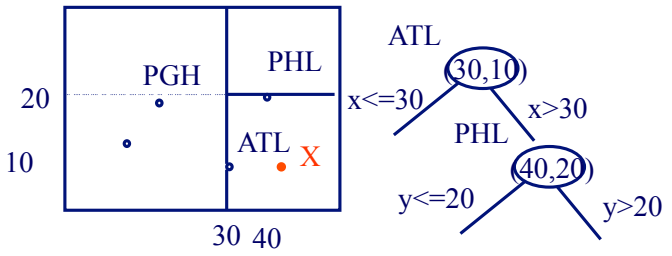
k-d-trees - k-nn query

- e.g., 1-nn: closest city to 'X'



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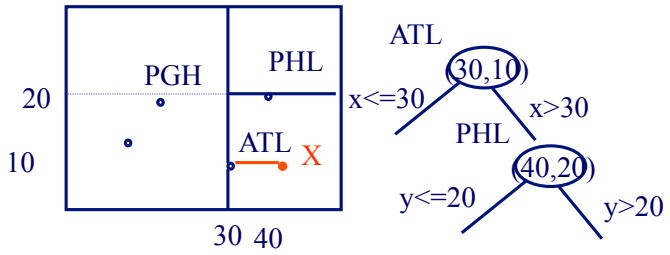
k-d-trees - k-nn query

- A: check root; put in stack; proceed to child



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k-d-trees - k-nn query

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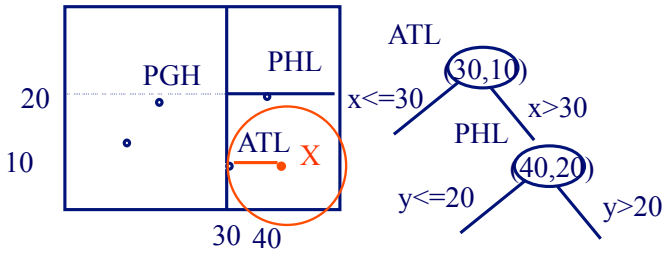

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    - insertion; deletion
    - range query; k-nn query
    - discussion
- spatial access methods
- text

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k-d trees - discussion

- great for main memory & low 'd' (~<10)
- Q: what about high-d?
- A:
- Q: what about disk
- A:

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k-d trees - discussion

- great for main memory & low 'd' (~<10)
- Q: what about high-d?
- A: most attributes don't ever become discriminators
- Q: what about disk?
- A: Pagination problems, after ins./del. (solutions: next!)

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Conclusions

- sec. keys: B-tree indices (+ postings lists)
- multi-key, main memory methods:
  - quad-trees
  - k-d-trees

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References

- [Bentley75] J.L. Bentley: *Multidimensional Binary Search Trees Used for Associative Searching*, CACM, 18,9, Sept. 1975.
- [Finkel74] R.A. Finkel, J.L. Bentley: *Quadtrees: A data structure for retrieval on composite keys*, ACTA Informatica,4,1, 1974
- Applet: eg., http://donar.umiacs.umd.edu/quadtree/points/kdtree.html