

Principles of Software Construction: Objects, Design, and Concurrency

Part 4: Et cetera

Toward SE in practice: People and process

Josh Bloch

Charlie Garrod

Administrivia

- Homework 6 available
 - Checkpoint deadline Thursday, December 3rd
 - Due Wednesday, December 9th

Key concepts from last Tuesday

- Java lambdas and streams

Use caution making streams parallel

Remember our Mersenne primes program?

```
static Stream<BigInteger> primes() {  
    return Stream.iterate(TWO, BigInteger::nextProbablePrime);  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    primes().map(p -> TWO.pow(p.intValueExact()).subtract(ONE))  
        .filter(mersenne -> mersenne.isProbablePrime(50))  
        .limit(20)  
        .forEach(System.out::println);  
}
```

Runs in 10.1s on my 12-core, 24-thread Ryzen 9 3900X

Does not reasonably terminate if the stream is `.parallel()`

Lambdas and streams summary

- When to use a lambda
 - Always, in preference to CICE
- When to use a method reference
 - Almost always, in preference to a lambda
- When to use a stream
 - When it feels and looks right
- When to use a parallel stream
 - When you've convinced yourself it has equivalent semantics and demonstrated that it's a performance win

What Josh didn't show you...

Stream interface is a monster (1/3)

```
public interface Stream<T> extends BaseStream<T, Stream<T>> {  
    // Intermediate Operations  
    Stream<T> filter(Predicate<T>);  
    <R> Stream<R> map(Function<T, R>);  
    IntStream mapToInt(ToIntFunction<T>);  
    LongStream mapToLong(ToLongFunction<T>);  
    DoubleStream mapToDouble(ToDoubleFunction<T>);  
    <R> Stream<R> flatMap(Function<T, Stream<R>>);  
    IntStream flatMapToInt(Function<T, IntStream>);  
    LongStream flatMapToLong(Function<T, LongStream>);  
    DoubleStream flatMapToDouble(Function<T, DoubleStream>);  
    Stream<T> distinct();  
    Stream<T> sorted();  
    Stream<T> sorted(Comparator<T>);  
    Stream<T> peek(Consumer<T>);  
    Stream<T> limit(long);  
    Stream<T> skip(long);  
}
```

Stream interface is a monster (2/3)

// Terminal Operations

```
void forEach(Consumer<T>);           // Ordered only for sequential streams
void forEachOrdered(Consumer<T>);   // Ordered if encounter order exists
Object[] toArray();
<A> A[] toArray(IntFunction<A[]> arrayAllocator);
T reduce(T, BinaryOperator<T>);
Optional<T> reduce(BinaryOperator<T>);
<U> U reduce(U, BiFunction<U, T, U>, BinaryOperator<U>);
<R, A> R collect(Collector<T, A, R>); // Mutable Reduction Operation
<R> R collect(Supplier<R>, BiConsumer<R, T>, BiConsumer<R, R>);
Optional<T> min(Comparator<T>);
Optional<T> max(Comparator<T>);
long count();
boolean anyMatch(Predicate<T>);
boolean allMatch(Predicate<T>);
boolean noneMatch(Predicate<T>);
Optional<T> findFirst();
Optional<T> findAny();
```

Stream interface is a monster (3/3)

// Static methods: stream sources

```
public static <T> Stream.Builder<T> builder();
public static <T> Stream<T> empty();
public static <T> Stream<T> of(T);
public static <T> Stream<T> of(T...);
public static <T> Stream<T> iterate(T, UnaryOperator<T>);
public static <T> Stream<T> generate(Supplier<T>);
public static <T> Stream<T> concat(Stream<T>, Stream<T>);
}
```

In case your eyes aren't glazed yet

```
public interface BaseStream<T, S extends BaseStream<T, S>>
    extends AutoCloseable {
    Iterator<T> iterator();
    Spliterator<T> spliterator();
    boolean isParallel();
    S sequential(); // May have little or no effect
    S parallel();   // May have little or no effect
    S unordered();  // Note asymmetry wrt sequential/parallel
    S onClose(Runnable);
    void close();
}
```

It keeps going: `java.util.stream.Collectors`

```
... toList()  
... toMap(...)  
... toSet(...)  
... reducingBy(...)  
... groupingBy(...)  
... partitioningBy(...)
```

```
    .  
    .  
    .
```

It keeps going: `java.util.stream.Collectors`

```
... toList()  
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... reducingBy(...)  
... groupingBy(...)  
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```

```
    .  
    .  
    .
```

```
static <T,K,D,A,M extends Map<K,D>> Collector<T,?,M> groupingBy(  
    Function<? super T,? extends K> classifier,  
    Supplier<M> mapFactory,  
    Collector<? super T,A,D> downstream)
```

Optional<T> – a third way to indicate the absence of a result

```
public final class Optional<T> {  
    boolean isPresent();  
    T get();  
  
    void ifPresent(Consumer<T>);  
    Optional<T> filter(Predicate<T>);  
    <U> Optional<U> map(Function<T, U>);  
    <U> Optional<U> flatMap(Function<T, Optional<U>>);  
    T orElse(T);  
    T orElseGet(Supplier<T>);  
    <X extends Throwable> T orElseThrow(Supplier<X>) throws X;  
}
```

Changes to existing libraries... e.g.,

```
public interface Collection<E> {  
    ...  
    default Stream<E> stream();  
    default Stream<E> parallelStream();  
    default Spliterator<E> spliterator();  
}
```

Overall: Streams design discussion

- Recall the fundamental API design principles...

Today: Software engineering in practice

- An introduction to software engineering
- Methodologies discussion: Test-driven development

What is software engineering?

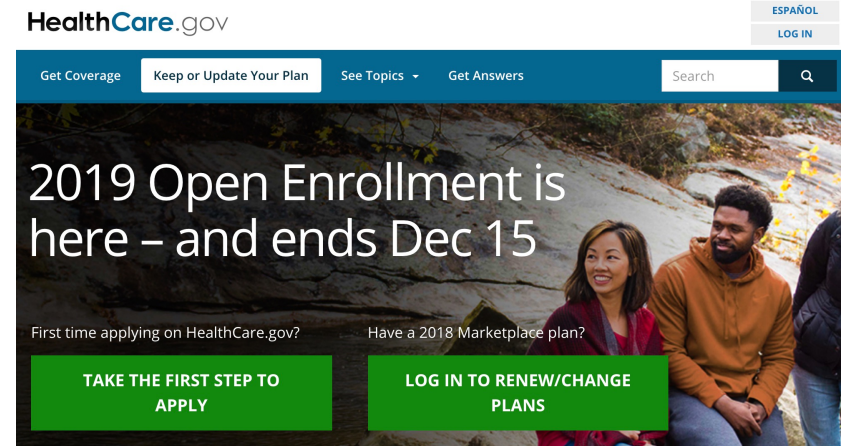
Compare to other forms of engineering

- e.g., Producing a car or bridge
 - Estimable costs and risks
 - Well-defined expected results
 - High quality
- Separation between plan and production
- Simulation before construction
- Quality assurance through measurement
- Potential for automation



Software engineering in the real world

- e.g., HealthCare.gov
 - Estimable costs and risks
 - Well-defined expected results
 - High quality
- Separation between plan and production
- Simulation before construction
- Quality assurance through measurement
- Potential for automation



1968 NATO Conference on Software Engineering



Sociotechnical systems

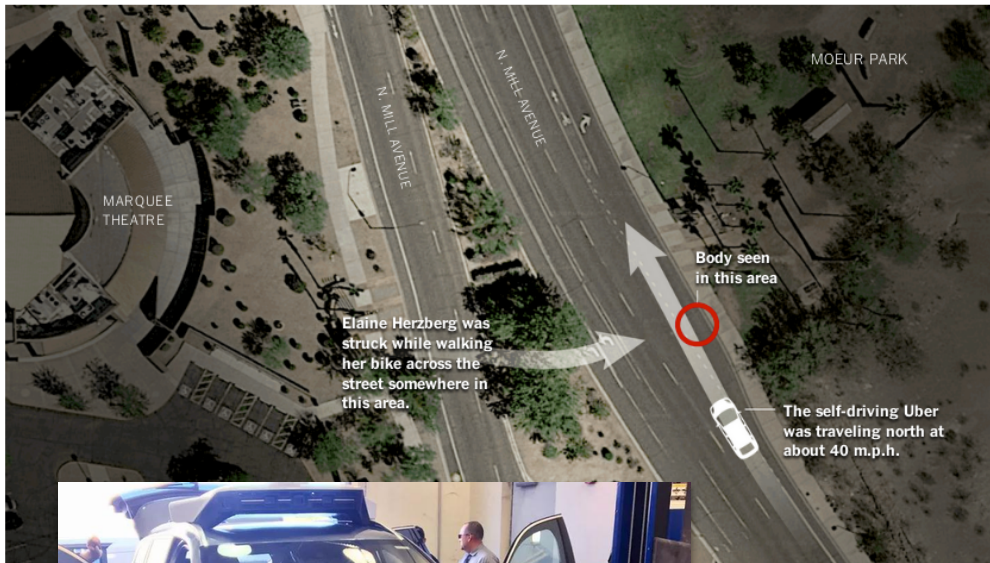
- A *sociotechnical system* is, roughly, any interlinked system of people, technology, and their environment

How a Self-Driving Uber Killed a Pedestrian in Arizona

By TROY GRIGGS and DAISUKE WAKABAYASHI UPDATED MARCH 21, 2018

A woman was struck and killed on Sunday night by an autonomous car operated by Uber in Tempe, Ariz. It was believed to be the first pedestrian death associated with self-driving technology.

What We Know About the Accident



<https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2018/03/20/us/self-driving-uber-pedestrian-killed.html?mtref=www.google.com&assetType=REGIWALL>
<https://www.bbc.com/news/business-50312340>
<https://www.bbc.com/news/technology-44243118>

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Uber in fatal crash had safety flaws say US investigators

6 November 2019

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An Uber self-driving test vehicle that hit and killed a woman in 2018 had software problems, according to US safety investigators.

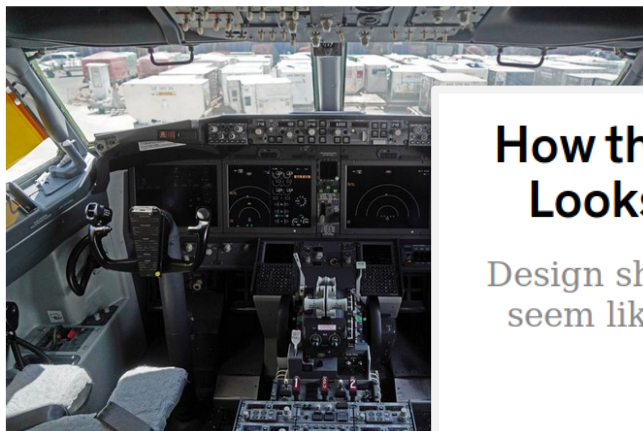
Elaine Herzberg, 49, was hit by the car as she was crossing a road in Tempe, Arizona.

The US National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) found the car failed to identify her properly as a pedestrian.

The detailed findings raised a series of safety issues but did not determine the probable cause of the accident.

June 28, 2019, 4:46 PM EDT

- Planemaker and suppliers used lower-paid temporary workers
- Engineers feared the practice meant code wasn't done right



The cockpit of a grounded 737 Max 8 aircraft. *Photographer: Dimas*

The Max software -- plagued by its own problems -- grounded months longer. A recent 10-week reveal revealed a new flaw -- was a problem -- was laying off experienced engineers. The company was laying off suppliers to cut costs.

How the Boeing 737 Max Disaster Looks to a Software Developer

Design shortcuts meant to make a new plane seem like an old, familiar one are to blame

By Gregory Travis

The views expressed here are solely those of the author and do not represent positions of IEEE Spectrum or the IEEE.



Photo: Jemal Countess/Getty Images

This is part of the wreckage of Ethiopian Airlines Flight ET302, a Boeing 737 Max

A year after the first 737 Max crash, it's unclear when the plane will fly again

Two crashes of Boeing's 737 Max 8 killed 346 people, and authorities are blaming Boeing's design, a faulty sensor and airline staff. Plus: Everything you need to know about the plane.



Kent German November 1, 2019 9:01 AM PDT



6



ed killing 346 people.

is 737 Max 8 that killed 346 people, Boeing is facing its newest and most critical aircraft models. The round the world, and the Federal Aviation

Major topics in 17-313 (Foundations of SE)

- Process considerations for software development
- Requirements elicitation, documentation, and evaluation
- Design for quality attributes
- Strategies for quality assurance
- Empirical methods in software engineering
- Time and team management
- Economics of software development

The foundations of our Software Engineering program

- Core computer science fundamentals
- Building good software, organizing software projects
 - Development teams, customers, and users
 - Process, requirements, estimation, management, and methods
- The larger context of software
 - Business, society, policy
- Engineering experience
- Communication skills
 - Written and oral

Summary

- Software engineering requires consideration of many issues, social and technical, above code-level considerations
- Interested? Take 17-313
- Shameless plug: Take API Design, 17-480