Principles of Software Construction: Objects, Design, and Concurrency

Course Introduction

toad

Spring 2014

Christian Kästner Charlie Garrod

School of Computer Science
institute for SOFTWARE RESEARCH

Construction of

Software Systems

at Scale

Libraries
Reuse
Design
I/O, GUI
Analysis
Concurrency

primes

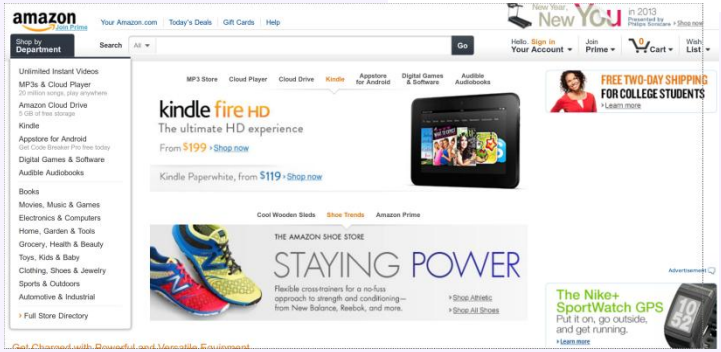
graph search

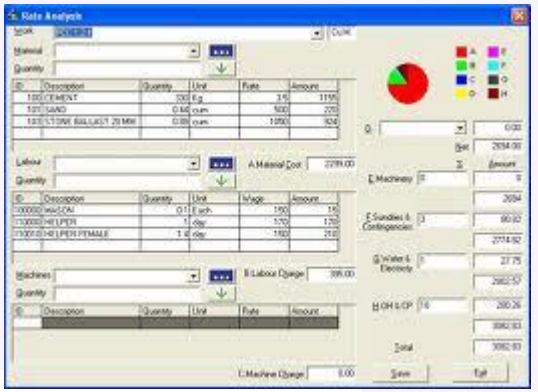
binary tree

GCD

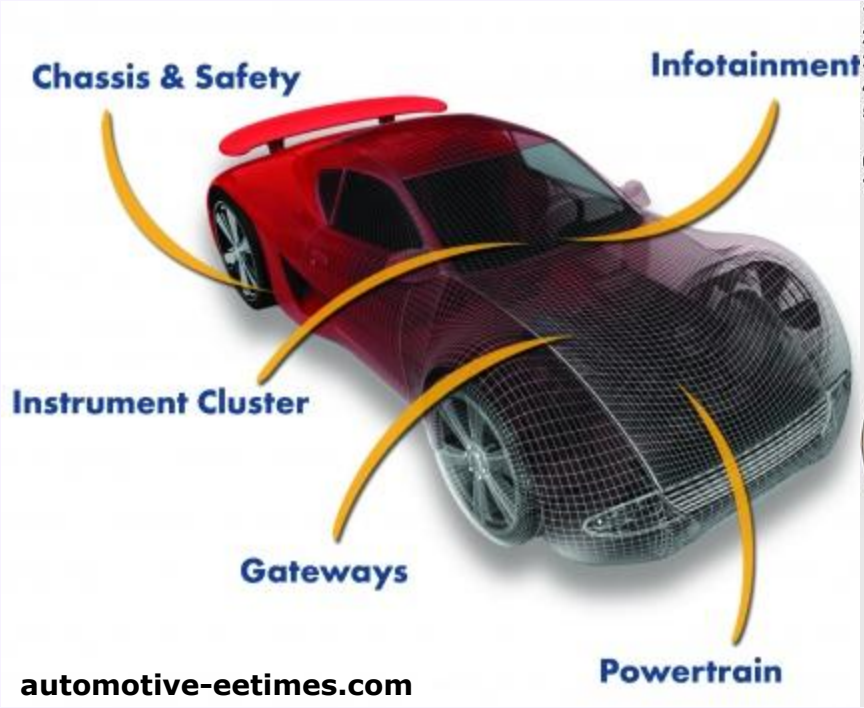
sorting

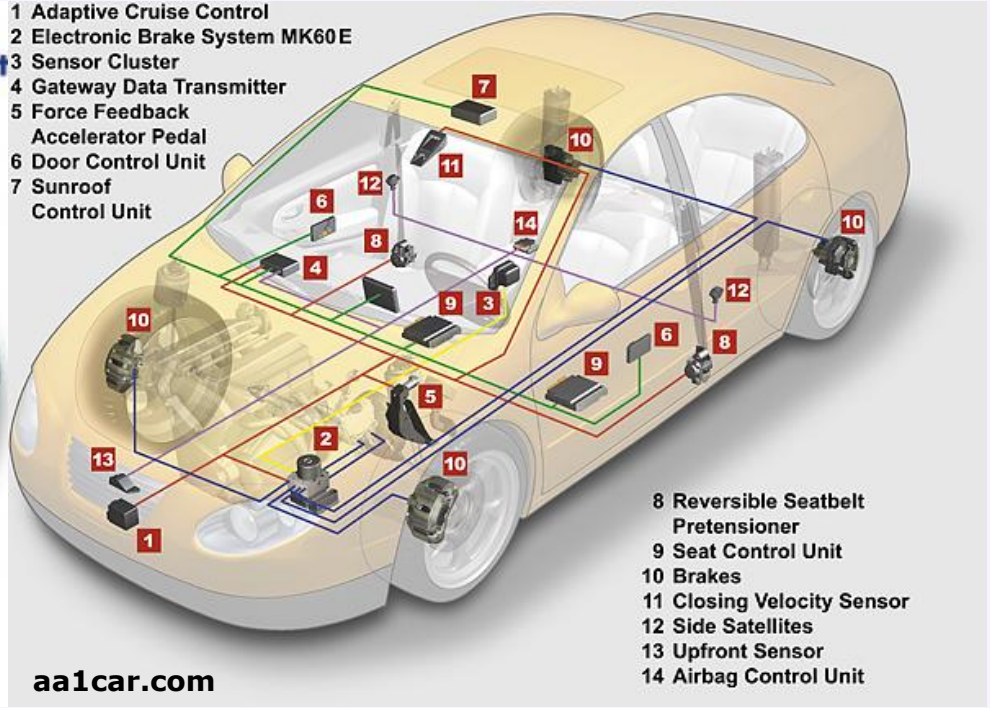
BDDs





Software and automobiles

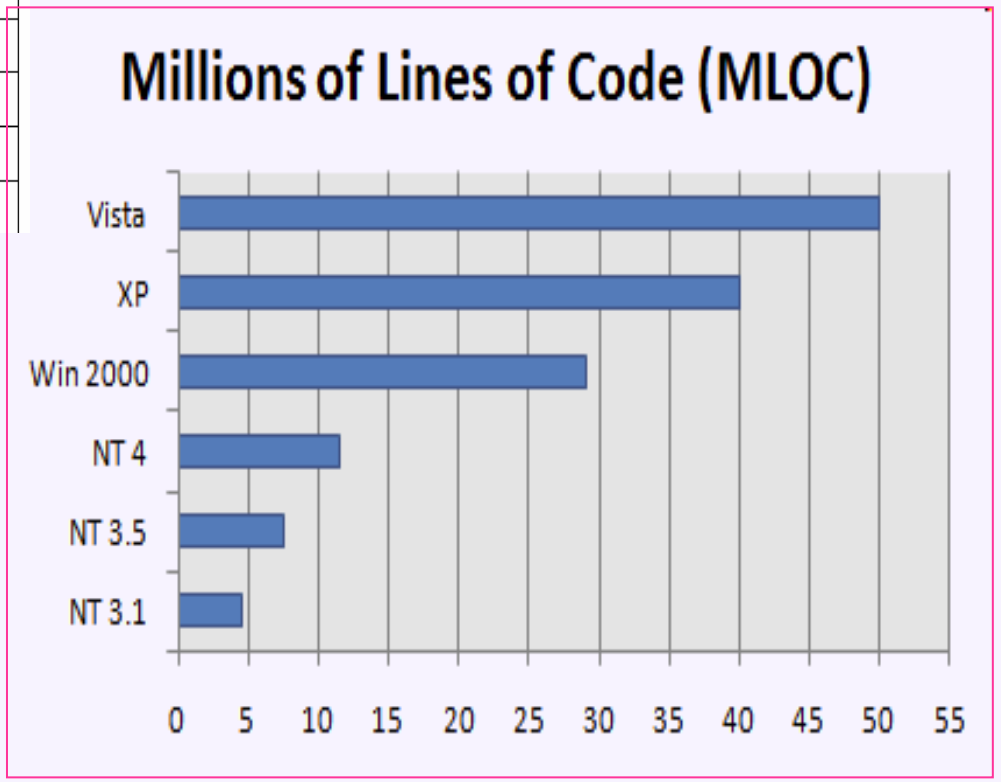




Air-bag system	Antilock brakes	Automatic transmission
Alarm system	Climate control	Collision-avoidance system
Cruise control	Communication system	Dashboard instrumentation
Electronic stability control	Engine ignition	Engine control
Electronic-seat control	Entertainment system	Navigation system
Power steering	Tire-pressure monitoring	Windshield-wiper control

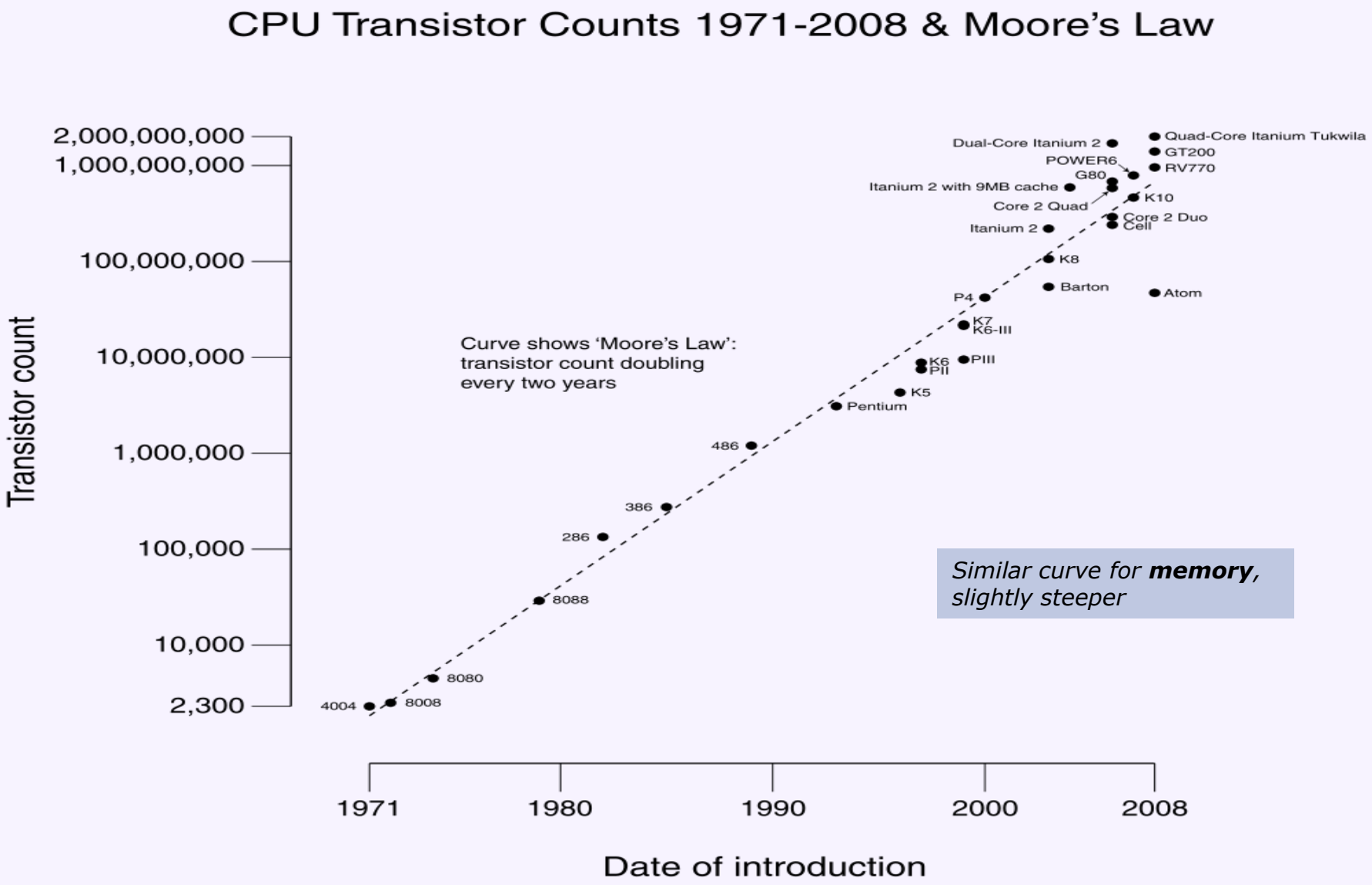
How much software?

n System	Year	% of Functions Performed in Software
F-4	1960	8
A-7	1964	10
F-111	1970	20
F-15	1975	35
F-16	1982	45
B-2	1990	65
F-22	2000	80

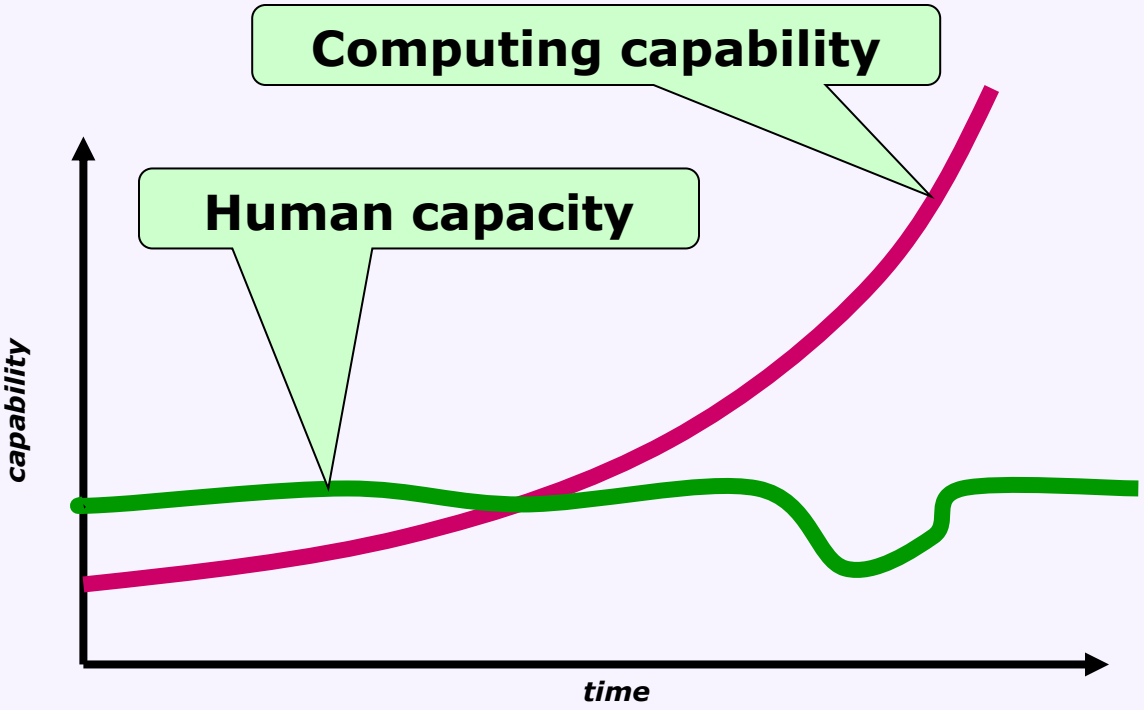


(informal reports)

Moore's Law: transistors per chip



The limits of exponentials



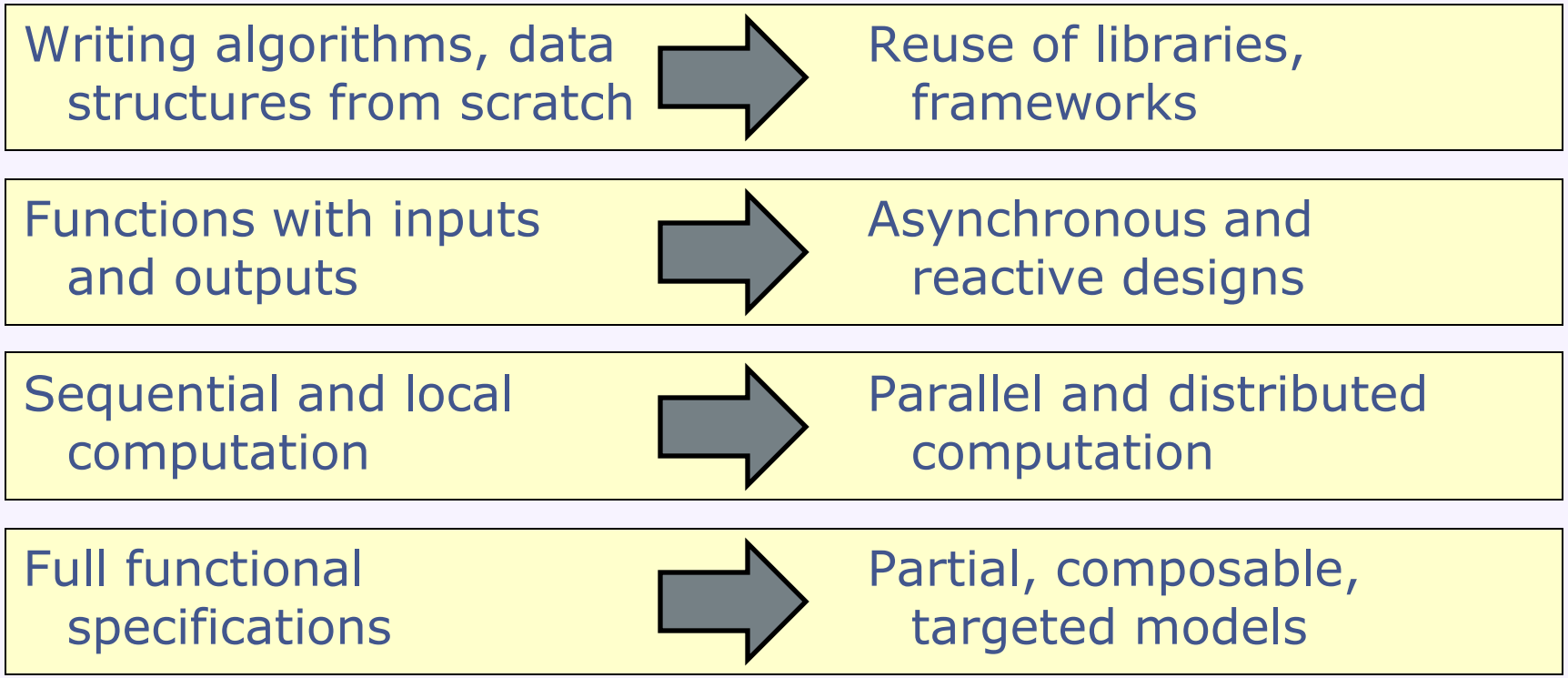
Scaling Up: From Programs to Systems

- You've written small- to medium-size programs in 15-122

- This course is about managing software complexity
  - **Scale** of code: KLOC -> MLOC
  - Worldly **environment**: external I/O, network, asynchrony
  - Software **infrastructure**: libraries, frameworks, components
  - Software **evolution**: change over time, design for change
  - Understanding: writing maintainable code
  - Correctness: testing, static analysis

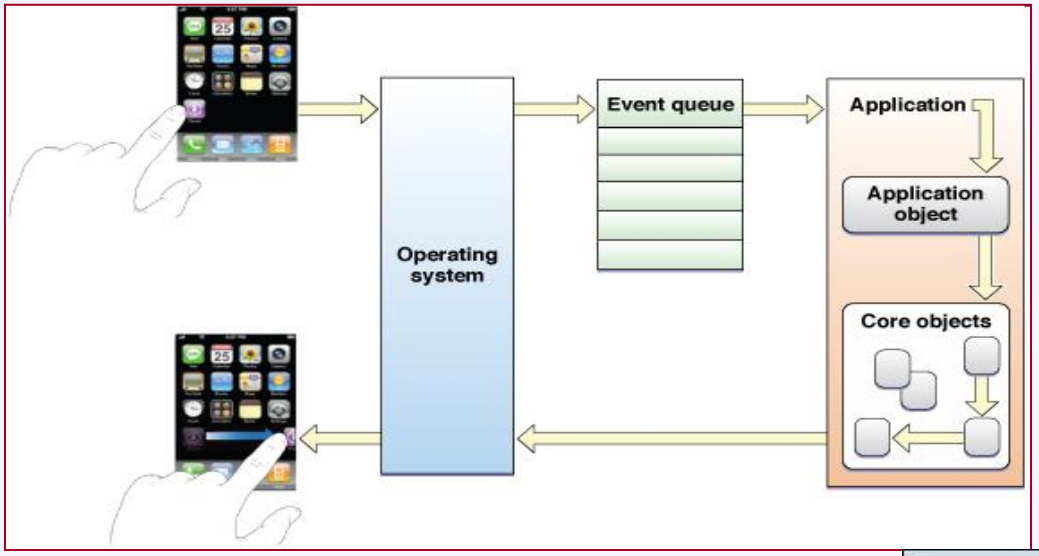
  - In contrast: algorithmic complexity not an emphasis in this course

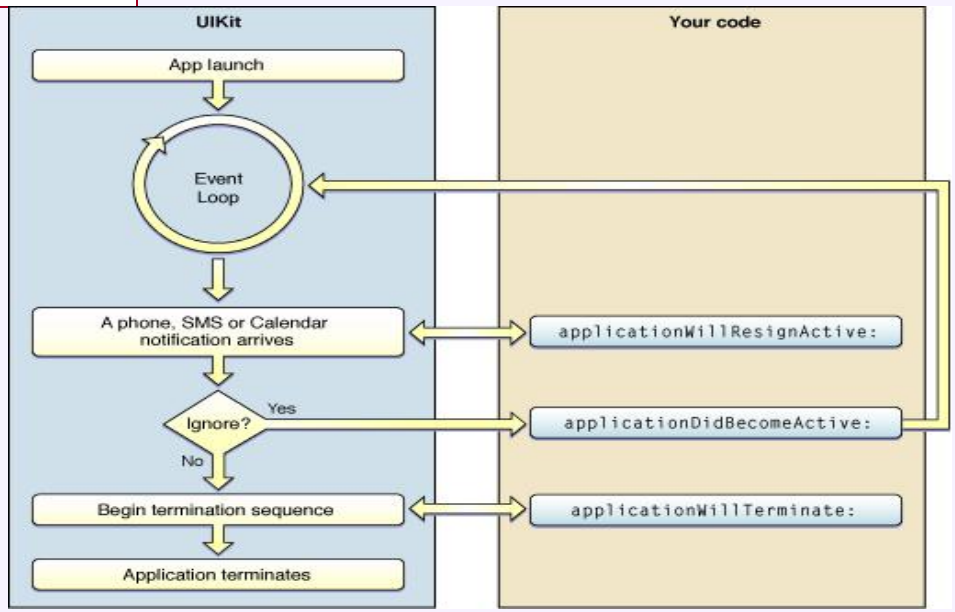
From Programs to Systems



Our goal: understanding both the **building blocks** and also the **principles** for construction of software systems at scale

A framework for mobile app software (iOS)





The four course themes

- **T**hreads and Concurrency
  - Concurrency is a crucial system abstraction
    - E.g., background computing while responding to users
  - Concurrency is necessary for performance
    - Multicore processors and distributed computing
  - *Our focus*: application-level concurrency
    - Cf. functional parallelism (150, 210) and systems concurrency (213)
- **O**bject-oriented programming
  - For flexible designs and reusable code
  - A primary paradigm in industry – basis for modern frameworks
  - Focus on Java – used in industry, some upper-division courses
- **A**nalysis and Modeling
  - *Practical* specification techniques and verification tools
  - Address challenges of threading, correct library usage, etc.
- **D**esign
  - Proposing and evaluating alternatives
  - Modularity, information hiding, and planning for change
  - Patterns: well-known solutions to design problems

Motivating example: Virtual Worlds

Discussion: Virtual Worlds

- How can the virtual world to scale to thousands of users?
- How can we organize the system to easily add new things?
- How can we support different kinds of things, while taking advantage of their similarities? (can you think of an example?)

Considering the examples

- **T**hreads and Concurrency
  - In the GUI-based app
  - On game clients
  - On the game servers
- **O**bject-oriented programming
  - Organizing by object types, then actions
- **A**nalysis and Modeling
  - How to gain confidence regarding *all* possible executions
- **D**esign
  - How to organize systems that grow and evolve
  - How to define the interfaces between infrastructure and our code

After 214?

- 214 consists primarily of code-level software engineering, including the design of systems and applications
  - TOAD
- 313: Foundations of software engineering
  - Human and business aspects
  - Plan the process for and manage a software project, manage risk, coordinate teams
  - Elicit, describe, and evaluate a system's requirements
  - Design a software system and evaluate a design with regard to various quality attributes (software architecture)
  - Develop and justify a quality-assurance strategy for a software project (static analysis, inspection, …)
  - Business models and open source
- 413: Software Engineering Practicum (a project course)
- Software Engineering Minor

Toad's Take-Home Messages

- 214: managing complexity, from programs to systems
  - Threads and concurrency
  - Object-oriented programming
  - Analysis and modeling
  - Design
- Virtual worlds illustrate some challenges
- Object-oriented programming organizes code around **concepts**
  - Methods capture behavior, fields capture state
  - As we will see, this organization allows
    - Greater reuse of concepts
    - Better support for change when concepts vary