## **Boot Camp**

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# Query #1

- Who has a class that conflicts with the 410 lecture?
  - Contact me after class (big potential for trouble)

# Query #2

- What is source code "for"?
  - What is done with it?

#### Source code

- The purpose of code is for *people to read* 
  - By a reviewer / security auditor
  - By your group
  - By your manager
  - By your successor
  - By you six months later (6 hours later if no sleep)
- Oh, yeah, the compiler reads it too

### This is a *Transformative* Class

- Genuine achievement, available to you
  - What is an OS, *really?*
  - Concurrency (locks, races, deadlock)
  - What is VM, really?
  - Process model, C run-time model
  - Interrupts
  - Design synthesis, planning
  - Serious competence in debugging!
- If that sounds like a lot, it is!

#### This Is a Hard Class

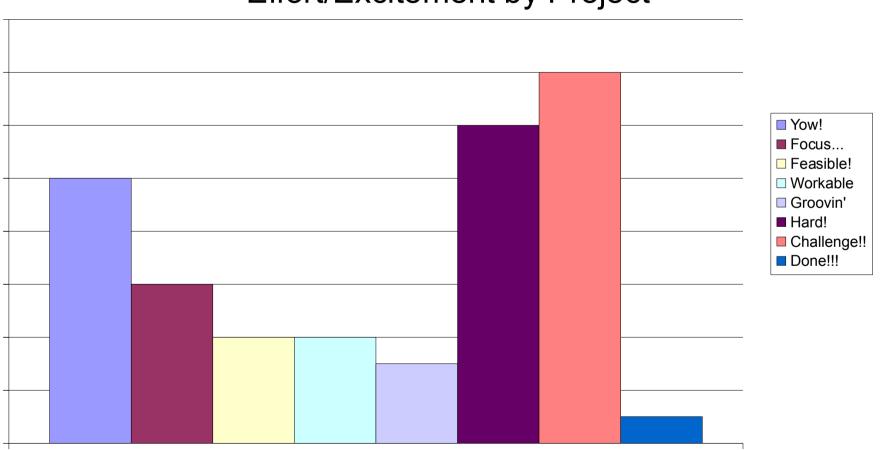
- CS doesn't have "capstone" classes, but similar...
- Traditional hazards
  - 410 letter grade one lower than typical classes
  - All *other* classes this semester: one grade lower

#### • Aim

- If you aim for a B you might not get one
- If you aim for a C you might not get one
- "I'll drop if I can't get an A"
  - (You *must* discuss this with your partner *early*)

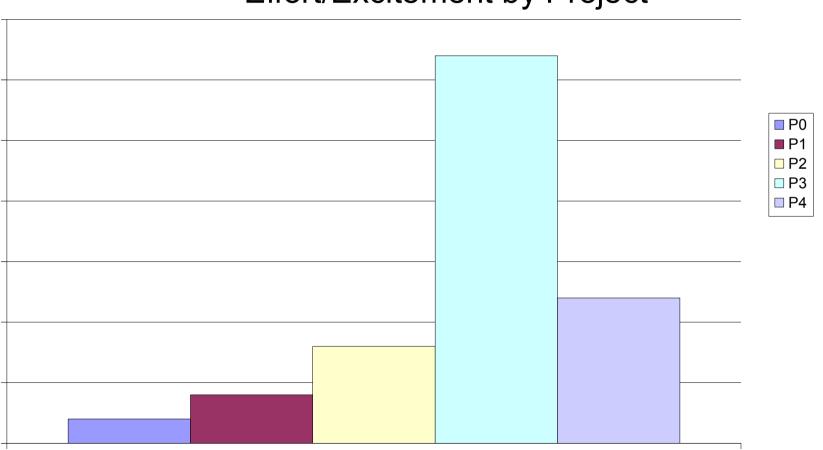
# The Shape of a Class

#### Effort/Excitement by Project



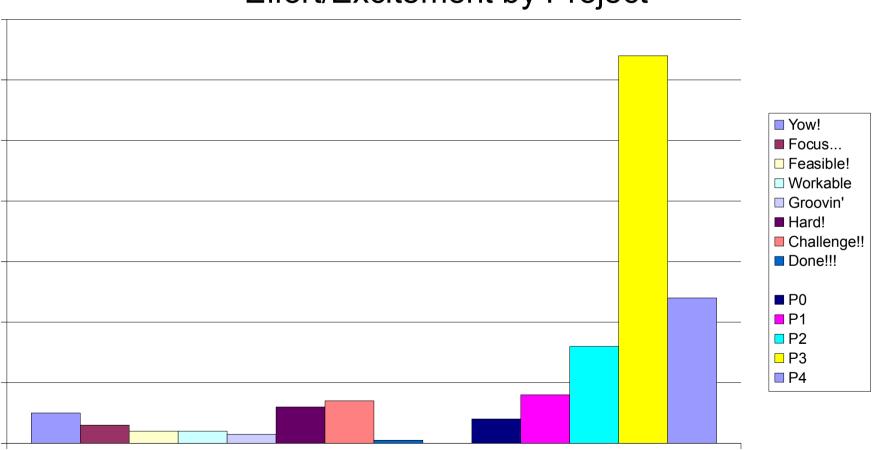
#### 15-410

#### Effort/Excitement by Project



#### Scale Matters!

#### Effort/Excitement by Project



## **Implications**

- "Trouble with one assignment" is *real* trouble
  - You can't just "swing at the next ball"
    - The next ball is two to four times faster!
  - Each project is training for the next (like Math)
    - If you skip part of one project, the next one might be *unachievable*.
- So...
  - Aim to do *really well* on P0
    - Start *the first day* (*for sure* by the second)
  - Then recover, aim to do even better on P1

#### Good News

- Good news...it can be done!
  - Spring 2010
    - Two groups dropped
    - One "lone wolf" dropped
    - Two groups half-dropped (merged into one, finished ok!)
    - One group split
    - All other groups turned in working kernels
- Remainder of this lecture
  - How to get from here to there

## Academic Integrity

- This is a design class
  - Not a "cut&paste class" or a "looking things up" class
  - We expect you to practice solving design problems
- Model: our spec ⇒ your ideas ⇒ your code
  - Not: copy code from Linux kernel
  - Not: port code from some other OS class / web site
  - *Completely* not: use some other student's code
- There are exceptions
  - Some uses of some outside code are ok: see syllabus!

## Academic Integrity

- "We expect you to fail"
  - It is possible to fail an assignment and pass the class
    - (If you come from another university this may be new)
  - It is *not* possible to copy or cheat on an assignment and pass the class
    - Beyond failing, other dreadful things happen too
      - Dean of Student Affairs
      - Scholarship problems
      - Graduation delays
    - Please don't turn a simple failure into a giant catastrophe

## Work Flow – You may be used to...

- Assignment handout ⇒ code outline
- Compilation implies correctness
- Graded by a script
- All done!
  - Never use it again
  - Delete it at end of semester
- Total opposite of real life

#### Work Flow – 410 Additions

- Design
- Divide into parts
- Manage your partner
- Merge
- Debug *hard* problems

## Surprises

- "Code complete" means "I am far behind"
  - Merge can take *three days*
  - Then you *start* to find bugs (1-2 weeks)
- Code with "the right idea" will *immediately* crash
  - If you're lucky!
- This is not a "basic idea is right" class
  - You can't ship "basic ideas" to customers
  - Understand all details—*then* you have the basic idea

# On Debugging

As soon as we started programming, we found to our surprise that it wasn't as easy to get programs right as we had thought. Debugging had to be discovered. I can remember the exact instant when I realized that a large part of my life from then on was going to be spent in finding mistakes in my own programs.

- Maurice Wilkes (1949)

# Debugging

- Bugs aren't just last-minute glitches
- They are crucial learning experiences
  - Learning a lot can take a lot of time

### What Does A Bug Mean?

- "It tells me 'triple fault' why??"
  - Research: 20 minutes
  - Think: 20 minutes
  - Debug: 2 hours.
  - ...three times.
- May need to write code to trap a bad bug
  - Asserts or more-targeted debug module
- Then you will find your design was wrong!
  - Don't be shocked this is part of 410 / life

#### "All Done"?

- Finally, when you're done...
  - You will use your code for the next assignment!
  - We will read it (goal: every line)

### Warning About 15-213

- It's an absolutely vital class
- We expect you to *know* 
  - Byte, word, register, 1<<2
  - Thread, stack
  - malloc(), free() (when & why)
  - how to translate  $C \Leftrightarrow x86$
- Trouble with 213?
  - If you didn't get a B or an A, see me
  - If the malloc() lab didn't go well, see me

#### Warning to Graduate Students

- This is an undergraduate class
  - There will be "a diversity of grades"
- Getting "average grades on every assignment" most likely means a C, not a B
  - "Everything pretty much worked" is C territory
  - B requires repeated solid performance
  - A requires *repeated excellence*

#### The deadline disaster

- "If you wait until the last minute, it takes only a minute!" -- Vince Cate
- Small problem
  - Your grade will probably suffer
- Big problem
  - Learning and retention require sleep
  - Why work super-hard only to forget?

#### How to Have Trouble

- How to get an R
  - Arrive unprepared (e.g., barely escape 213)
  - Do everything at the last minute
  - Don't read the book or come to class
  - Hide from course staff no matter what
- How to get a D
  - Don't get the kernel project genuinely working
    - (There are other ways, but this one is popular)

#### How to do well!

- Confront the material
- Confront debugging
- Embrace the experience
  - Unix, Simics, revision control
- Invest in *good* code
- Start unbelievably early
- Read your partner's code
- Leave time for design

#### Confront the Material

- We are doing printf() all the way down
  - Subroutine linkage, how & why
  - Stub routine, IDT entry, trap handler wrapper
  - Output/input-echo interlock
  - Logical cursor vs. physical cursor
  - Video memory (what does scrolling mean?)
- Can't really gloss over *anything*

## Confront Debugging

- Real life: you will debug other people's code
  - Any bug could be yours, partner's, ours, or Simics; you need to *find* it.
- *Can't* debug using only printf()
  - printf() changes your code
  - printf() may be broken by whatever breaks your code
  - Learn the Simics debugger
  - Assertions, consistency checks
  - Debugging code

## On Investing

- A week of coding can sometimes save an hour of thought.
  - Josh Bloch

# Confront Debugging

- ½ hour of studying the debugger
  - vs. 2 days of thrashing
- Papering over a problem
  - Re-ordering object files to avoid crash

# Doing Well – Embrace the Experience

- Embrace the Unix development experience
  - If you try to keep it at arm's length it will slow you down
- Embrace the Simics debugger
  - If you try to keep it at arm's length it will slow you down
- Embrace source control
  - If you keep it at arm's length ...

## Doing Well – Invest in Good Code

- Mentally commit to writing *good* code
  - Not just something kinda-ok
  - You will *depend* on your code
- Anand Thakker (Fall 2003)
  - Remind yourself that you love yourself...
  - ...so you should write good code for yourself

## Doing Well – Start Early

- Starting a week late on a 2-week project will be bad
- Not making "just one" checkpoint can be bad
  - Missing two kernel-project checkpoints...
    - ...may make passing impossible.

## Doing Well – Read Partner's Code

- You will *need* to read everything your partner wrote
  - (and answer test questions about it)
- Set up a mechanism
  - Daily meeting? Careful reading of merge logs?
- Do "one of each"
  - Partner does N-1 stub routines, you should do the hardest

# Doing Well – Time for Design

• "Design" means you may need to think overnight

#### How to get an A

- Understand everything
  - (consider 2-3 ways to do each thing, pick the best)
- Write genuinely excellent code
  - asserts, good variable names, source control
- Document *before* coding
  - Actual 15-410 students do this!
- Read *all of* your partner's code
- Work *with* your partner (merge *continuously*)
- Be "done" early, "just in case"

#### First Item of Work

- Read the syllabus
  - It contains things you need to know
    - Things which will be painful surprises if you don't know them
- Thanks!

## Further Reading

- Sleep to Remember
  - Matthew P. Walker
  - American Scientist, July/August 2006
  - "The brain needs sleep before and after learning new things, regardless of the type of memory. Naps can help, but caffeine isn't an effective substitute."