15-410 "An Experience Like No Other"

Stack Discipline Jan. 14, 2004

Bruce Maggs

Dave Eckhardt

Geoff Langdale

Slides originally stolen from 15-213

Outline

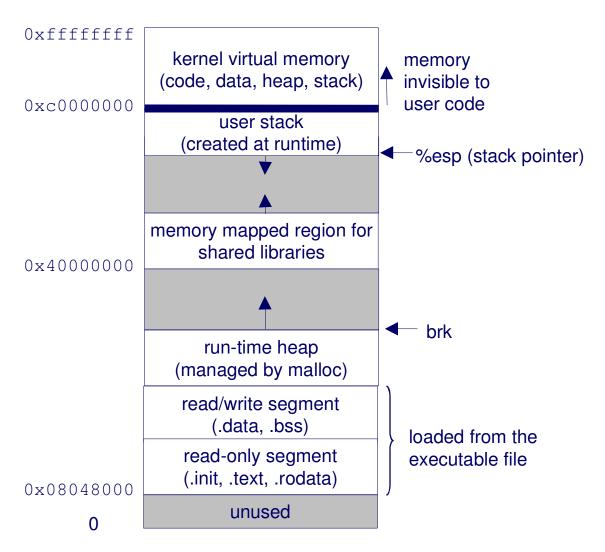
Topics

- Process memory model
- IA32 stack organization
- Register saving conventions
- Before & after main()
- Project 0

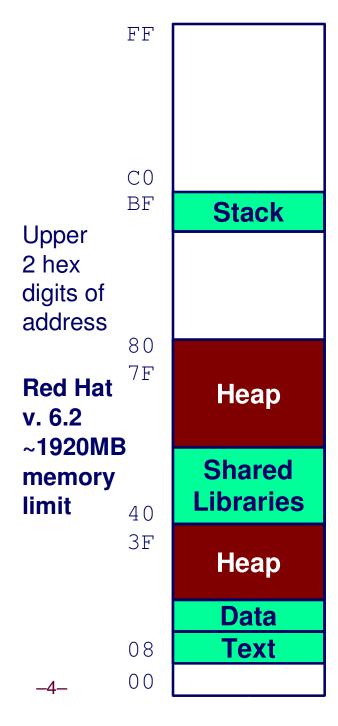
-2- 15-213, S'03

Private Address Spaces

Each process has its own private address space.



-3-



Linux Memory Layout

Stack

Runtime stack (8MB limit by default)

Heap

- Dynamically allocated storage
- When call malloc, calloc, new

Shared/Dynamic Libraries aka Shared Objects

- Library routines (e.g., printf, malloc)
- Linked into object code when first executed
- Windows has "DLLs" (semantic differences)

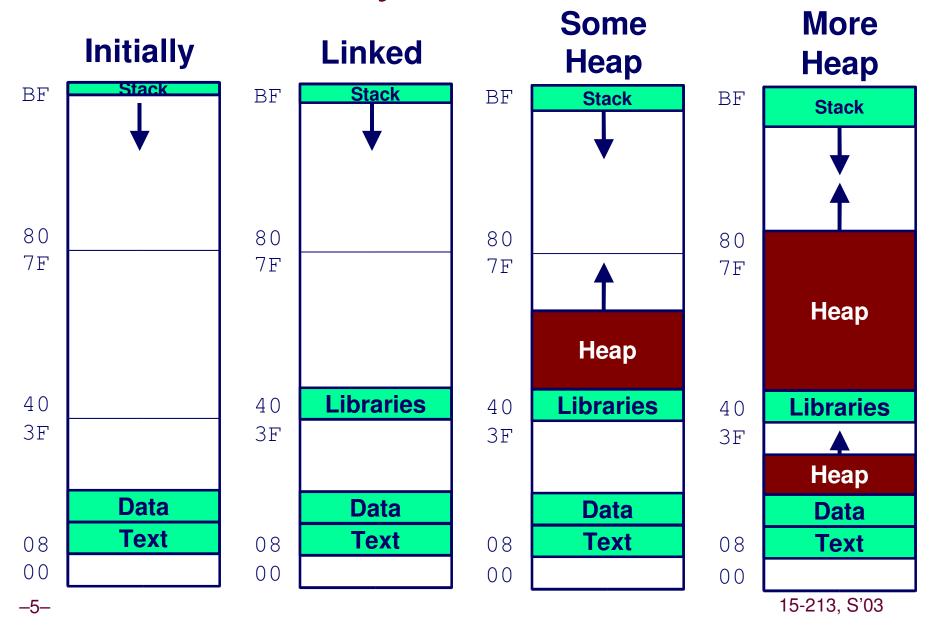
Data, BSS

- Statically allocated data (BSS starts all-zero)
- e.g., arrays & variables declared in code

Text, RODATA

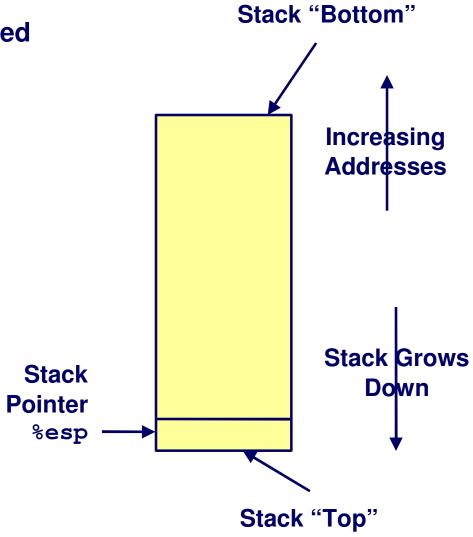
- Text Executable machine instructions
- RODATA Read-only (e.g., "const")
 - String literals 15-213, S'03

Linux Memory Allocation



IA32 Stack

- Region of memory managed with stack discipline
- Grows toward lower addresses
- Register %esp indicates
 lowest stack address
 - address of top element

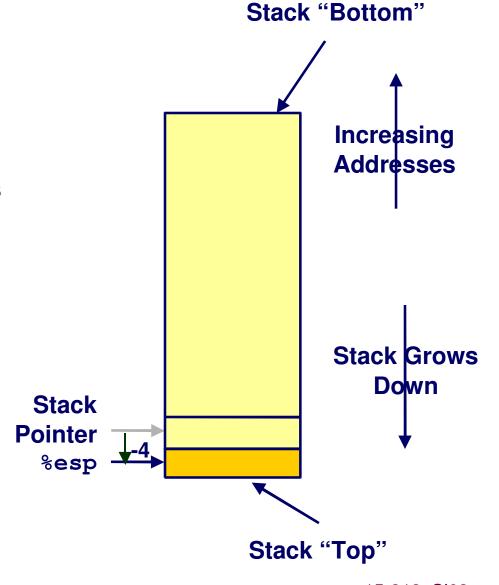


-6- 15-213, S'03

IA32 Stack Pushing

Pushing

- pushl Src
- Fetch operand at Src
- Decrement %esp by 4
- Write operand at address given by %esp

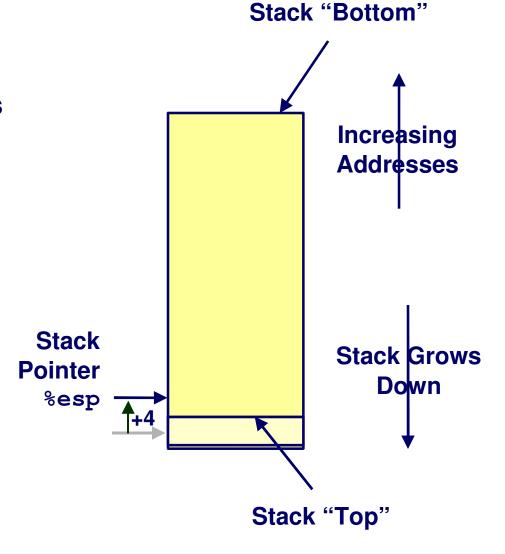


15-213, S'03

IA32 Stack Popping

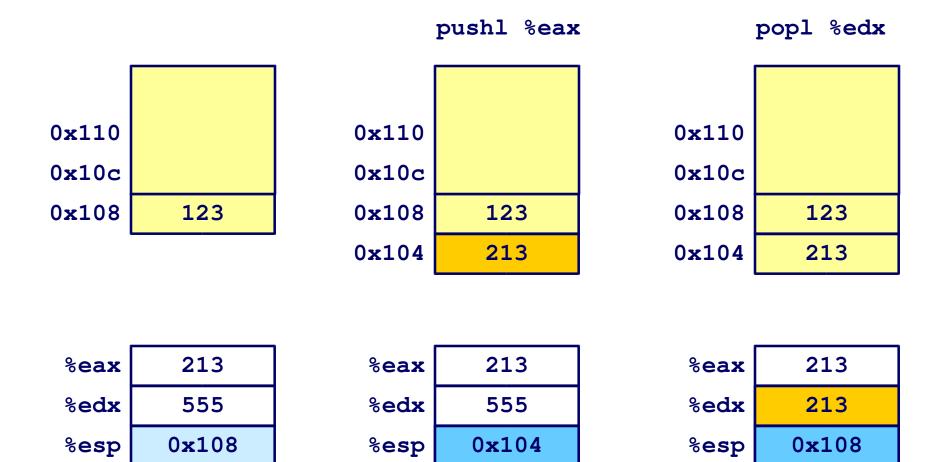
Popping

- popl Dest
- Read operand at address given by %esp
- Increment %esp by 4
- Write to Dest



8 15-213, S'03

Stack Operation Examples



9 15-213, S'03

Procedure Control Flow

Use stack to support procedure call and return

Procedure call:

call label
 Push return address on stack; Jump to label

Return address value

- Address of instruction after call
- Example from disassembly
- 804854e: e8 3d 06 00 00 call 8048b90 <main>
- 8048553: 50 pushl %eax
 - Return address = 0x8048553

Procedure return:

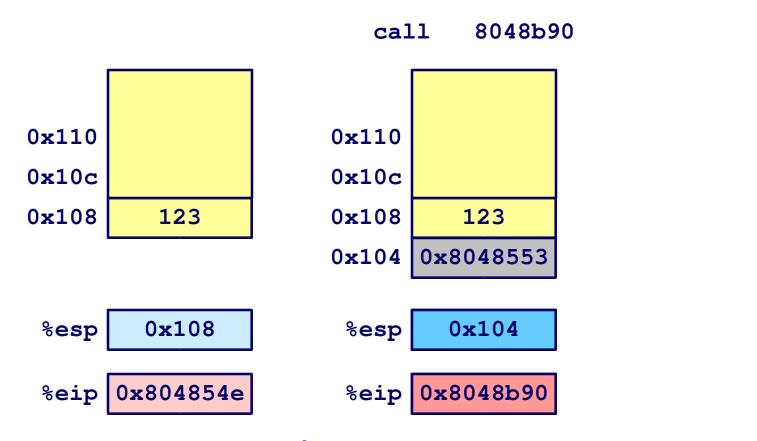
retPop address from stack; Jump to address

-10-

Procedure Call Example

804854e: e8 3d 06 00 00 call 8048b90 <main>

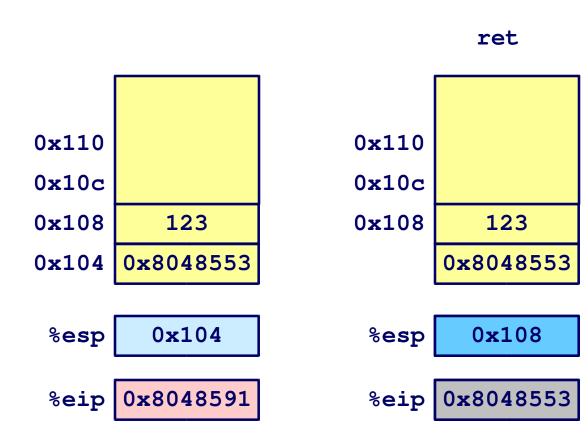
8048553: 50 pushl %eax



%eip is program counter

Procedure Return Example

8048591: c3 ret



%eip is program counter

Stack-Based Languages

Languages that Support Recursion

- e.g., C, Pascal, Java
- Code must be "Reentrant"
 - Multiple simultaneous instantiations of single procedure
- Need some place to store state of each instantiation
 - Arguments
 - Local variables
 - Return pointer (maybe)
 - Weird things (static links, exception handling, ...)

Stack Discipline

- State for given procedure needed for limited time
 - From time of call to time of return
- Callee returns before caller does

Stack Allocated in Frames

state for single procedure instantiation

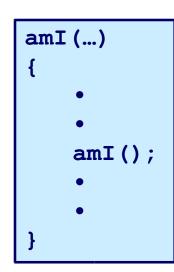
13 15-213, S'03

Call Chain Example

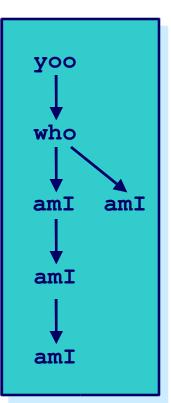
Code Structure

```
who (...)
{
     amI ();
     amI ();
     amI ();
     . . .
}
```

 Procedure amI() recursive



Call Chain



-14-

Stack Frames

Contents

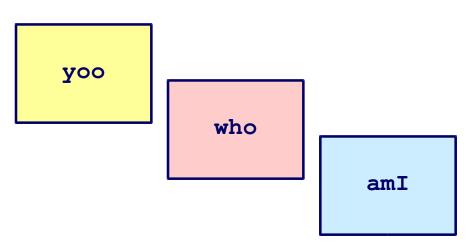
- Local variables
- Return information
- Temporary space

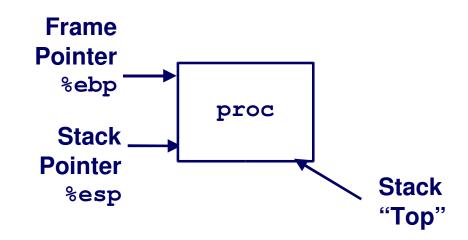
Management

- Space allocated when enter procedure
 - "Set-up" code
- Deallocated when return
 - "Finish" code

Pointers

- Stack pointer %esp indicates stack top
- Frame pointer %ebp indicates
 start of current frame





15-213, S'03

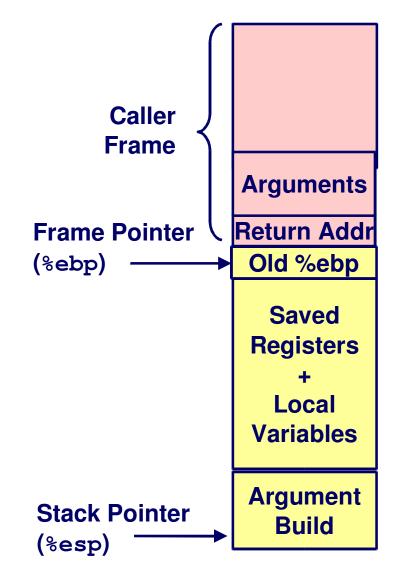
IA32/Linux Stack Frame

Current Stack Frame ("Top" to Bottom)

- Parameters for function about to call
 - "Argument build"
- Local variables
 - If can't keep in registers
- Saved register context
- Old frame pointer

Caller Stack Frame

- Return address
 - Pushed by call instruction
- Arguments for this call



-16-

swap

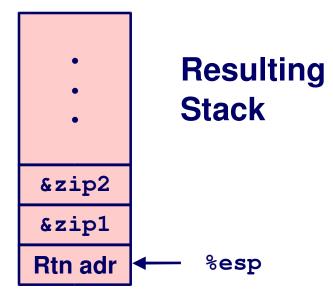
```
int zip1 = 15213;
int zip2 = 91125;

void call_swap()
{
   swap(&zip1, &zip2);
}
```

```
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
{
  int t0 = *xp;
  int t1 = *yp;
  *xp = t1;
  *yp = t0;
}
```

Calling swap from call_swap

```
call_swap:
    • • •
    pushl $zip2 # Global Var
    pushl $zip1 # Global Var
    call swap
    • • •
```



15-213, S'03

swap

```
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
{
  int t0 = *xp;
  int t1 = *yp;
  *xp = t1;
  *yp = t0;
}
```

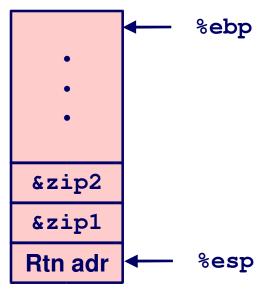
```
swap:
   pushl %ebp
movl %esp, %ebp
   pushl %ebx
   movl 12(%ebp), %ecx)
   movl 8(%ebp), %edx
   movl (%ecx), %eax
                          - Body
   movl (%edx),%ebx
   movl %eax, (%edx)
   movl %ebx, (%ecx)
   movl -4(%ebp), %ebx
   movl %ebp, %esp
popl %ebp
```

ret

15-213, S'03

swap Setup #1

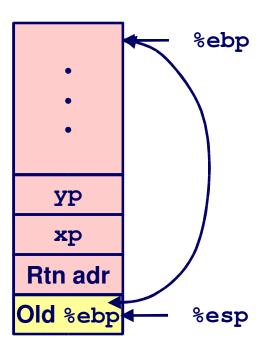
Entering Stack



swap:

```
pushl %ebp
movl %esp, %ebp
pushl %ebx
```

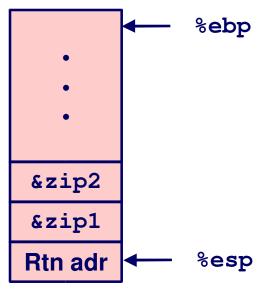
Resulting Stack



-19-

swap Setup #2

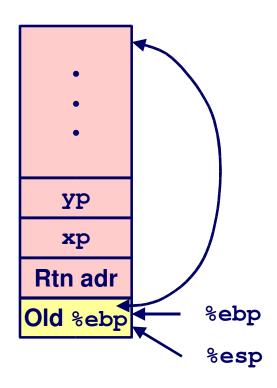
Entering Stack



swap:

pushl %ebp
movl %esp, %ebp
pushl %ebx

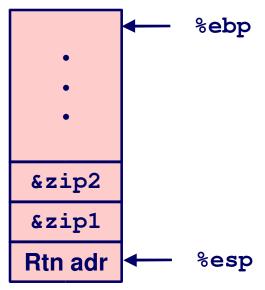
Resulting Stack



-20-

swap Setup #3

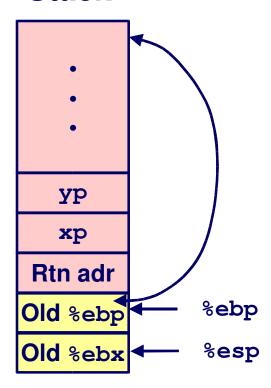
Entering Stack



swap:

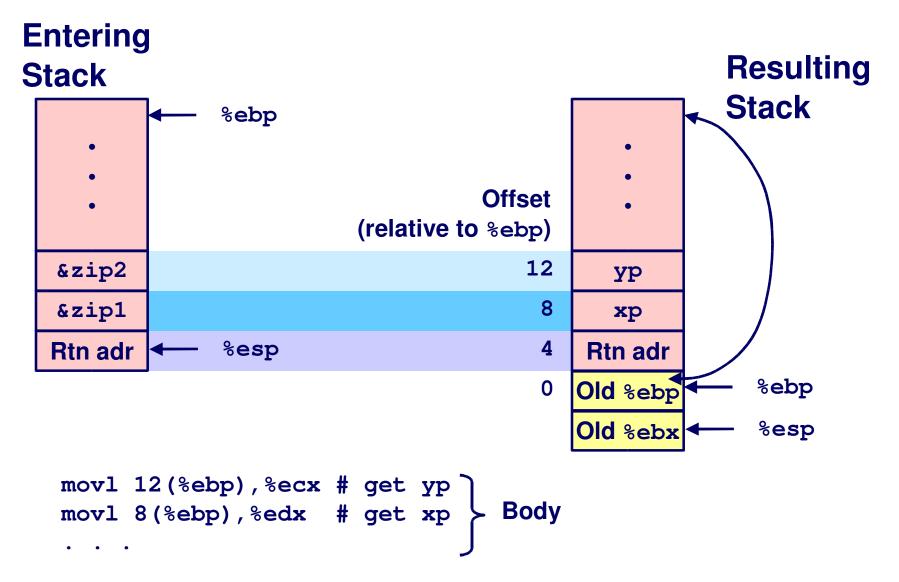
pushl %ebp
movl %esp, %ebp
pushl %ebx

Resulting Stack

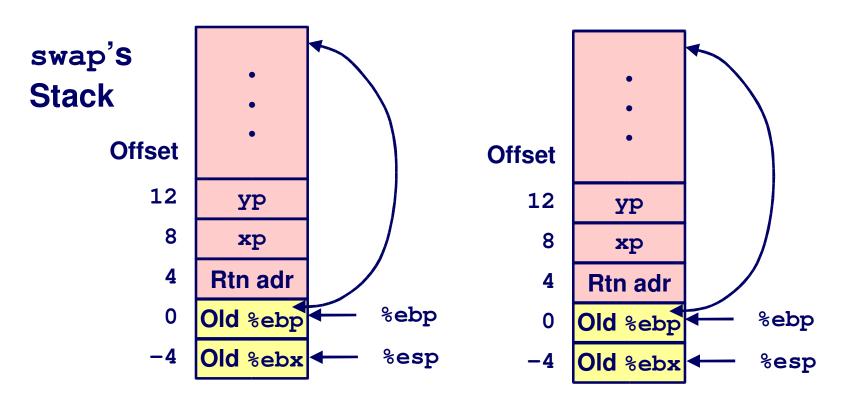


-21-

Effect of swap Setup



-22-

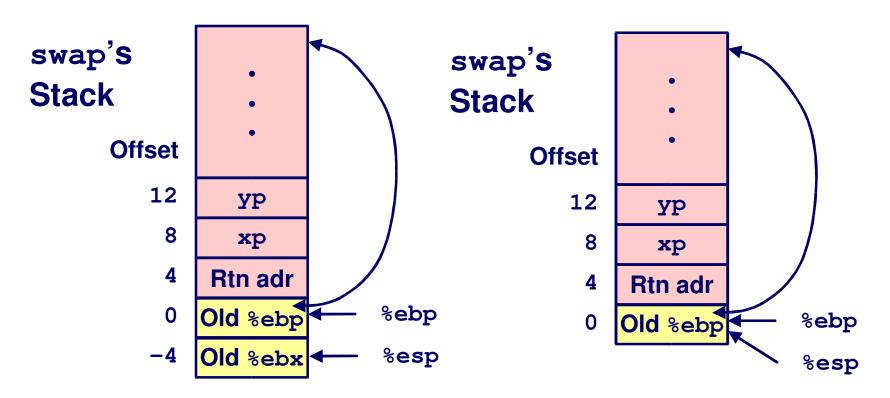


Observation

Saved & restored register %ebx

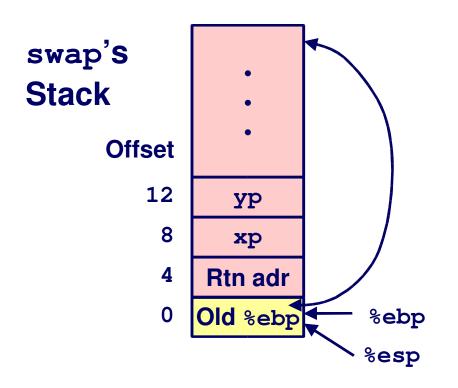
```
movl -4(%ebp),%ebx
movl %ebp,%esp
popl %ebp
ret
```

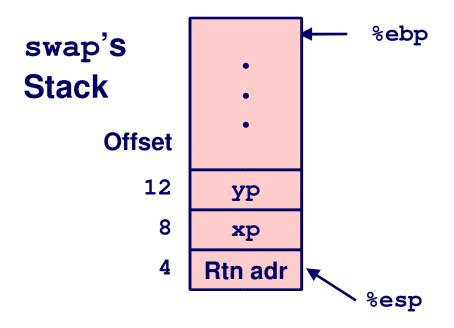
23 15-213, S'03



```
movl -4(%ebp),%ebx
movl %ebp,%esp
popl %ebp
ret
```

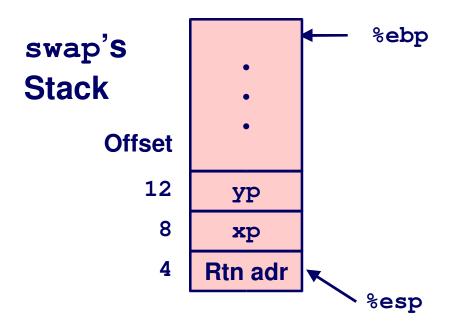
-24-

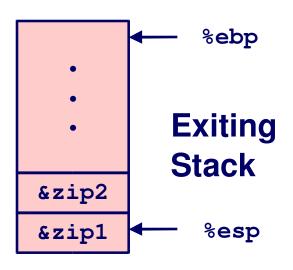




```
movl -4(%ebp), %ebx
movl %ebp, %esp
popl %ebp
ret
```

25 15-213, S'03





Observation

- Saved & restored register %ebx
- Didn't do so for %eax, %ecx, or %edx

```
movl -4(%ebp),%ebx
movl %ebp,%esp
popl %ebp
ret
```

15-213, S'03

Register Saving Conventions

When procedure yoo calls who:

yoo is the caller, who is the callee

Can Register be Used for Temporary Storage?

```
yoo:

movl $15213, %edx
call who
addl %edx, %eax

ret
```

Contents of register %edx overwritten by who

27 15-213, S'03

Register Saving Conventions

When procedure yoo calls who:

yoo is the caller, who is the callee

Can Register be Used for Temporary Storage?

Definitions

- "Caller Save" register
 - Caller saves temporary in its frame before calling
- "Callee Save" register
 - Callee saves temporary in its frame before using

Conventions

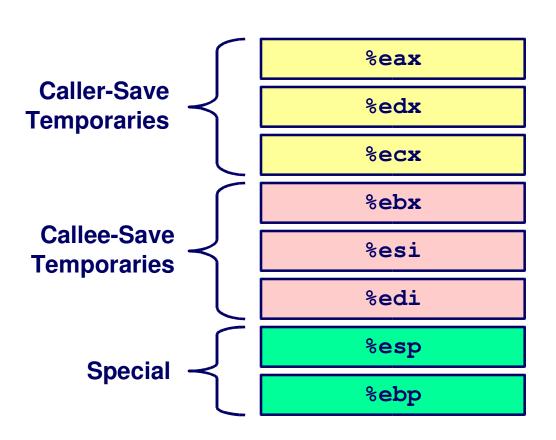
Which registers are caller-save, callee-save?

-28-

IA32/Linux Register Usage

Integer Registers

- Two have special uses
 - %ebp, %esp
- Three managed as callee-save
 - %ebx, %esi, %edi
 - Old values saved on stack prior to using
- Three managed as caller-save
 - %eax, %edx, %ecx
 - Do what you please, but expect any callee to do so, as well
- Register %eax also stores returned value



15-213, S'03

Stack Summary

The Stack Makes Recursion Work

- Private storage for each instance of procedure call
 - Instantiations don't clobber each other
 - Addressing of locals + arguments can be relative to stack positions
- Can be managed by stack discipline
 - Procedures return in inverse order of calls

IA32 Procedures Combination of Instructions + Conventions

- call / ret instructions
- Register usage conventions
 - Caller / Callee save
 - %ebp and %esp
- Stack frame organization conventions

15-213, S'03

Before & After main()

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  if (argc > 1) {
    printf("%s\n", argv[1]);
  } else {
    char * av[3] = \{ 0, 0, 0 \};
   av[0] = argv[0]; av[1] = "Fred";
    execvp(av[0], av);
  return (1);
```

-31-

The Mysterious Parts

argc, argv

- Strings from one program
- Available while another program is running
- Which part of the memory map are they in?
- How did they get there?

What happens when main() does "return(1)"???

- There's no more program to run...right?
- Where does the 1 go?
- How does it get there?

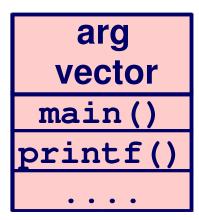
410 students should seek to abolish mystery

-32-

The Mysterious Parts

argc, argv

- Strings from one program
- Available while another program is running
- Inter-process sharing/information transfer is OS's job
- OS copies strings from old address space to new in exec()
- Traditionally placed "below bottom of stack"
- Other weird things (environment, auxiliary vector) (above argv)



33 15-213, S'03

The Mysterious Parts

What happens when main() does "return(1)"???

- Defined by C to have same effect as "exit (1)"
- But how??

The "main() wrapper"

- Receives argc, argv from OS
- Calls main(), then calls exit()
- Provided by C library, traditionally in "crt0.s"
- Often has a "strange" name

```
/* not actual code */
void ~~main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  exit(main(argc, argv);
}
```

15-213, S'03

Project 0 - "Stack Crawler"

C/Assembly function

- Can be called by any C function
- Prints stack frames in a symbolic way

```
---Stack Trace Follows---
Function fun3(c='c', d=2.090000d), in
Function fun2(f=35.000000f), in
Function fun1(count=0), in
Function fun1(count=1), in
Function fun1(count=2), in
```

-35-

Project 0 - "Stack Crawler"

Conceptually easy

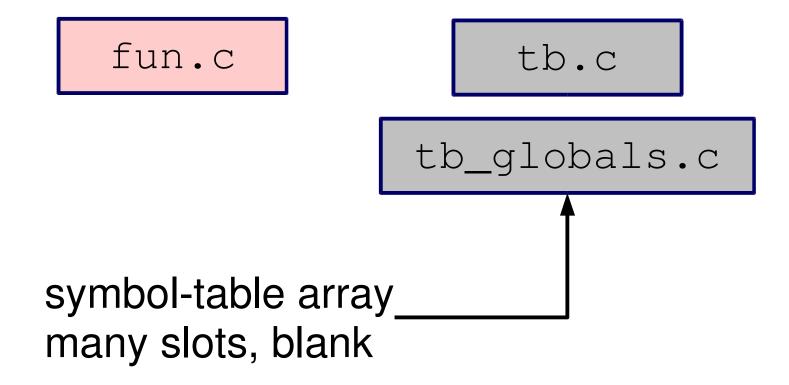
- Calling convention specifies layout of stack
- Stack is "just memory" available for you to inspect

Key questions

- How do I know 0x80334720 is "fun1"?
- How do I know fun3()'s second parameter is called "d"?

-36-

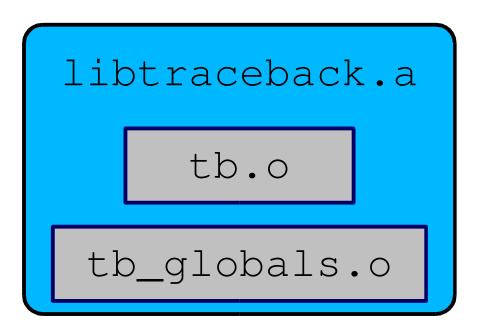
Project 0 "Data Flow"



-37-

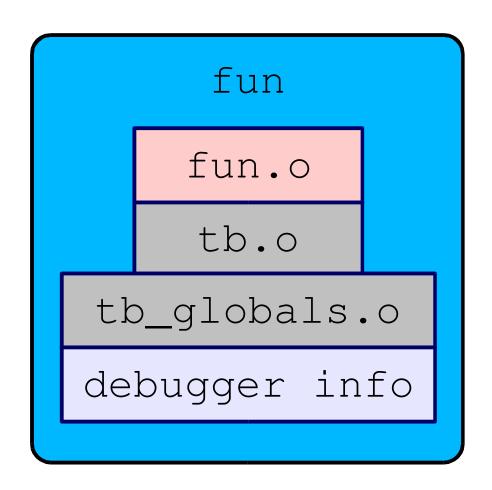
Project 0 "Data Flow" - Compilation

fun.o



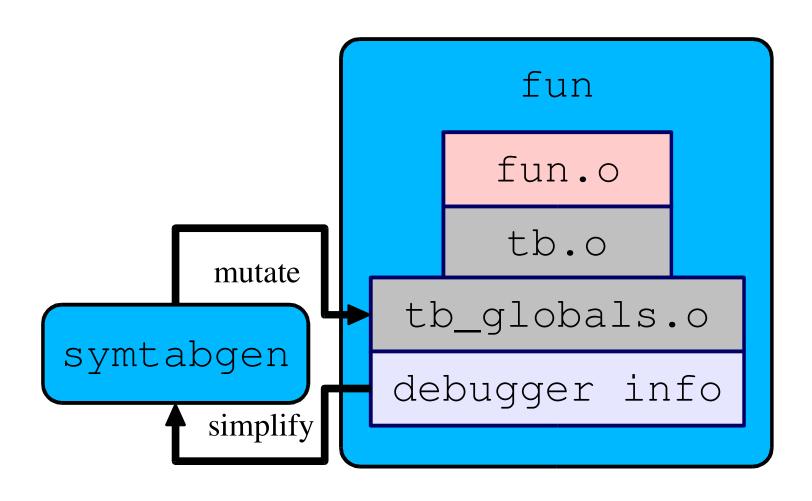
38 15-213, S'03

Project 0 "Data Flow" - Linking



39 15-213, S'03

Project 0 "Data Flow" - P0 "Post-Linking"



-40-

Summary

Review of stack knowledge

What makes main () special

Project 0 overview

Start interviewing Project 2/3/4 partners!

-41-