

Probability Basics

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Random Variable

What is it?

Is it 'random'?

Is it a 'variable'?

Random Variable

What is it?

Is it 'random'?

Is it a 'variable'?

not in the traditional sense

not in the traditional sense

Random Variable:

a variable whose possible values are numerical outcomes of a random phenomenon

http://www.stat.yale.edu/Courses/1997-98/101/ranvar.htm

Random variable:

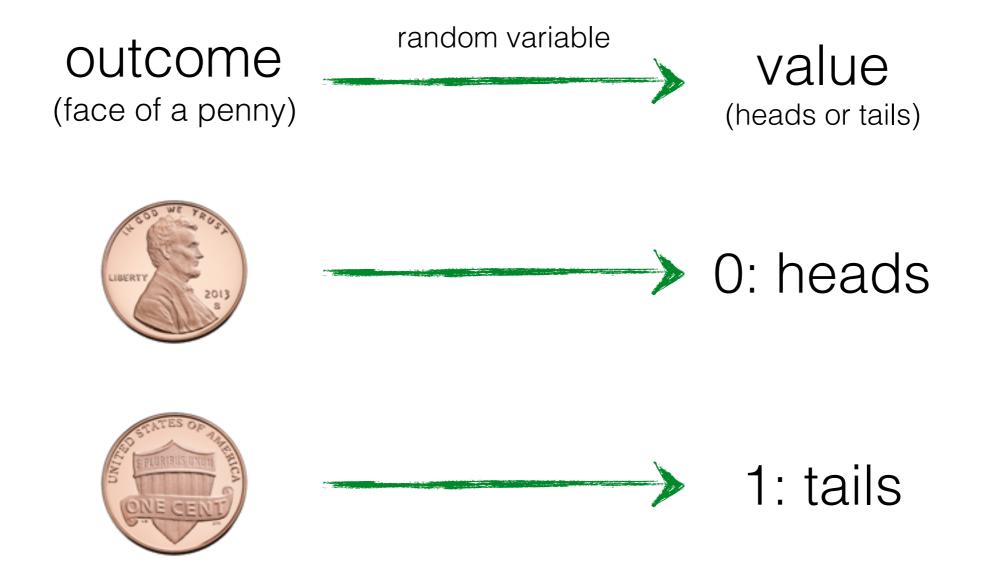
a measurable function from a probability space into a measurable space known as the state space (Doob 1996)

http://mathworld.wolfram.com/RandomVariable.html

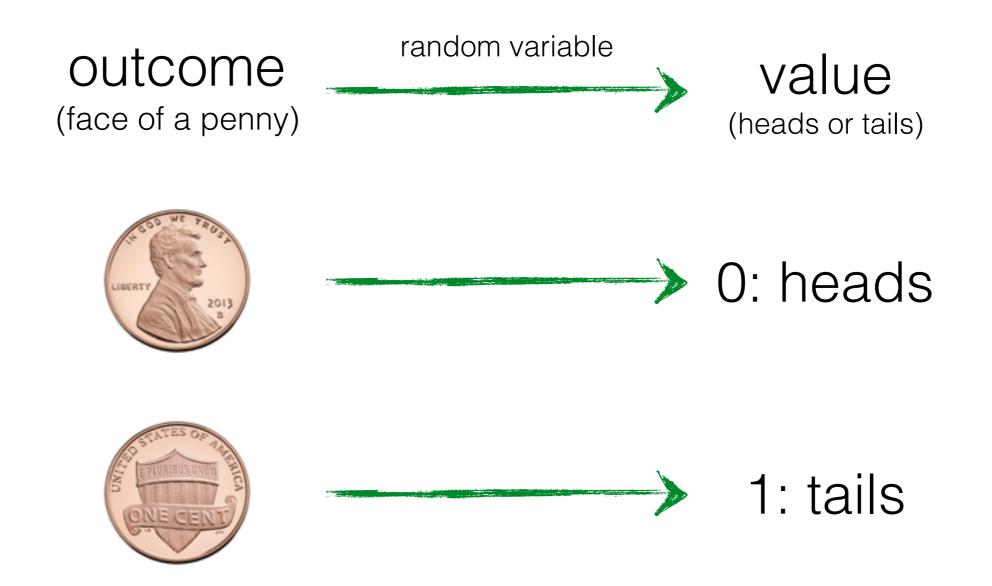
Random variable:

a function that associates a unique numerical value with every outcome of an experiment

outcome random variable value (index)



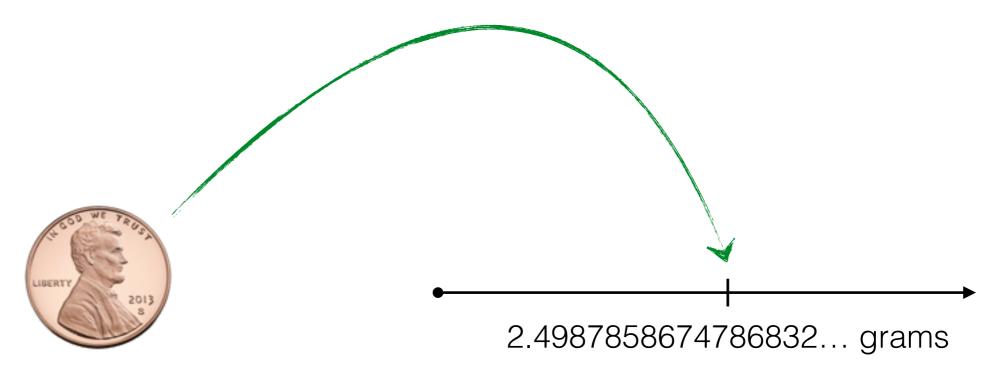
What kind of random variable is this?

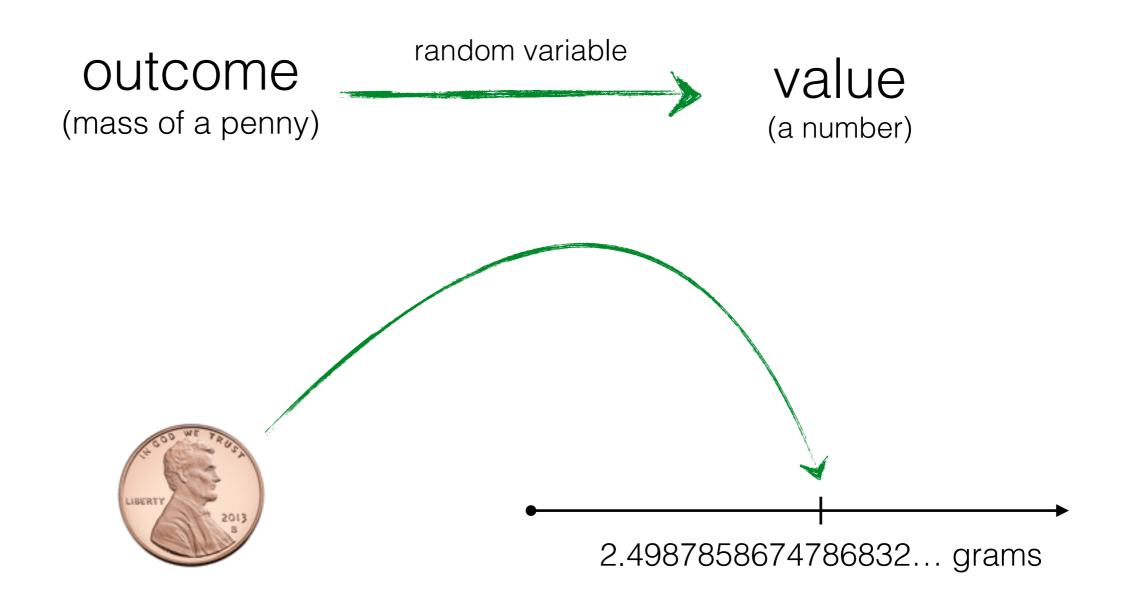


Discrete.

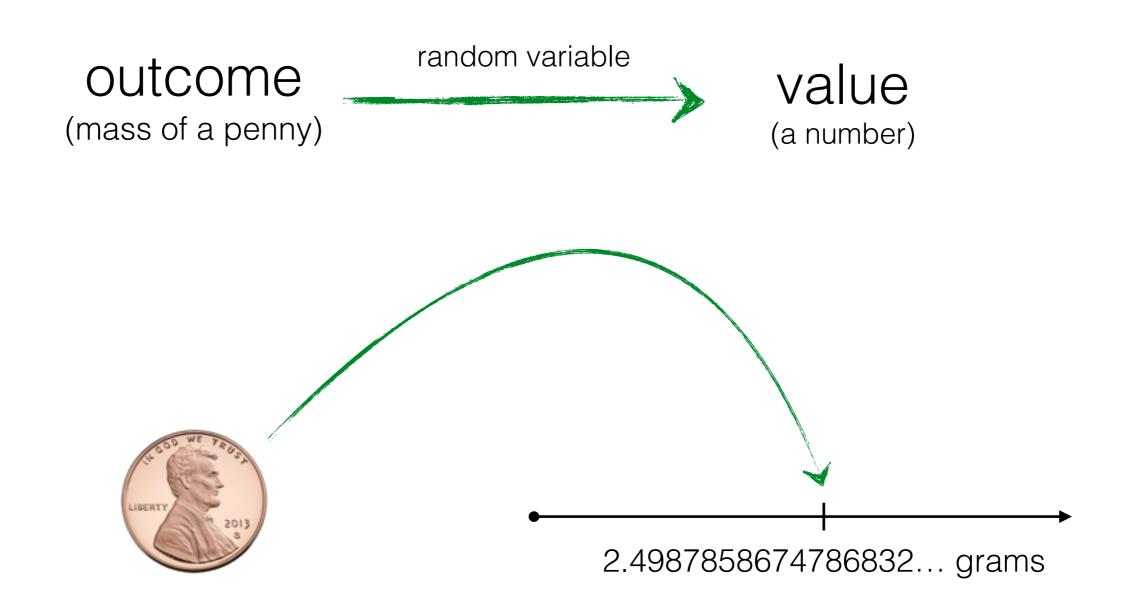
Can enumerate all possible outcomes







What kind of random variable is this?



Continuous.
Cannot enumerate all possible outcomes

Random Variables are typically denoted with a capital letter

 X, Y, A, \dots

Probability:

the chance that a particular event (or set of events) will occur expressed on a linear scale from 0 (impossibility) to 1 (certainty)

http://mathworld.wolfram.com/Probability.html





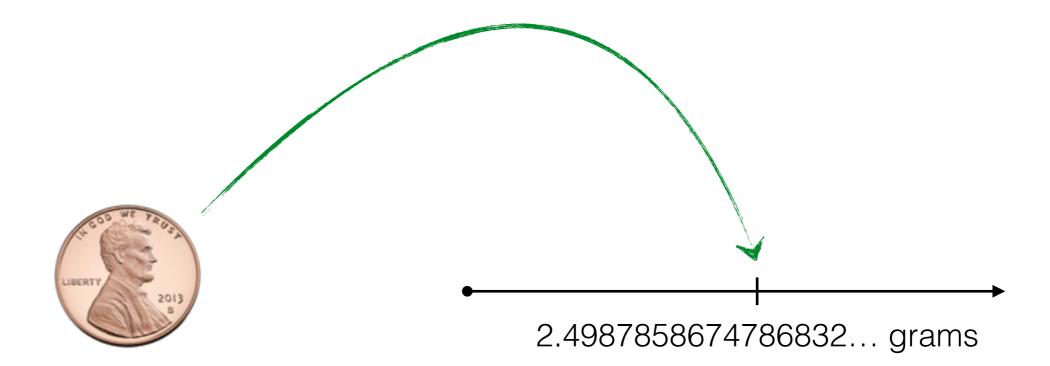
0: heads

1: tails

$$p(X = 0) = 0.5$$

$$p(X = 1) = 0.5$$

$$p(X = 0) + p(X = 1) = 1.0$$



$$\int p(x)dx = 1$$

Probability Axioms:

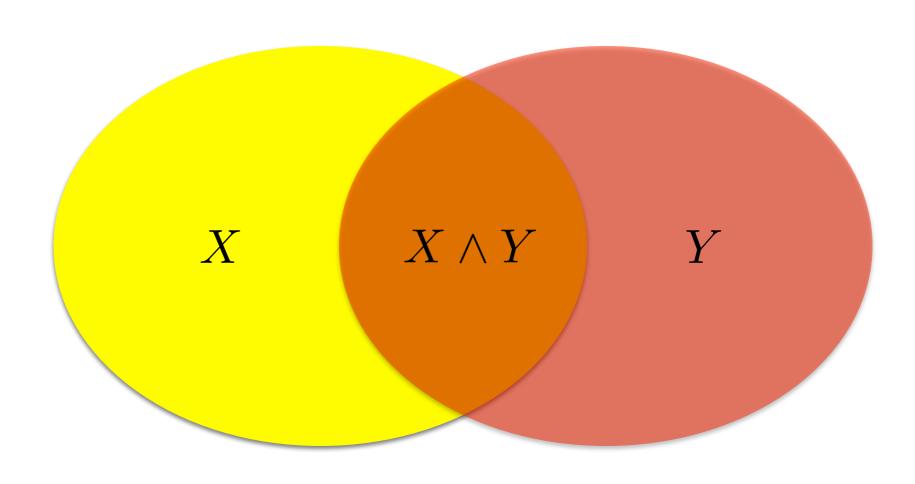
$$0 \le p(x) \le 1$$

$$p(\text{true}) = 1$$

$$p(\text{false}) = 0$$

$$p(X \lor Y) = p(X) + p(Y) - P(X \land Y)$$

$$p(X \vee Y) = p(X) + p(Y) - P(X \wedge Y)$$



Joint Probability

When random variables are **independent** (a sequence of coin tosses)

$$p(x,y) = p(x)p(y)$$

When random variables are dependent

$$p(x,y) = p(x|y)p(y)$$



Conditional Probability

Conditional probability of x given y

$$p(x|y)$$
 is the short hand for

in terms of the random variables **X** and **Y**

Conditional Probability

Conditional probability of x given y

$$p(x|y)$$
 is the short hand for $p(X=x|Y=y)$

How is it related to the joint probability?

$$p(x|y) = \frac{p(x,y)}{?}$$

Conditional Probability

Conditional probability of x given y

$$p(x|y)$$
 is the short hand for $p(X=x|Y=y)$

$$p(x|y) = \frac{p(x,y)}{p(y)}$$

Conditional probability is the probability of the union of the events x and y divided by the probability of event y

$$p(x|y) = \frac{p(y|x) ?}{?}$$
 posterior

What's the relationship between the posterior and the likelihood?

$$p(x|y) = rac{p(y|x)p(x)}{p(y)} = rac{p(y|x)p(x)}{p(y)}$$
 evidence (observation prior)

How do you compute the evidence (observation prior)?

$$p(x|y) = rac{p(y|x)p(x)}{p(y)}$$

evidence (observation prior)

How do you compute the evidence (observation prior)?

$$p(x|y) = \frac{p(y|x)p(x)}{\sum_{x'} p(y|x')p(x')}$$
 evidence (expanded)

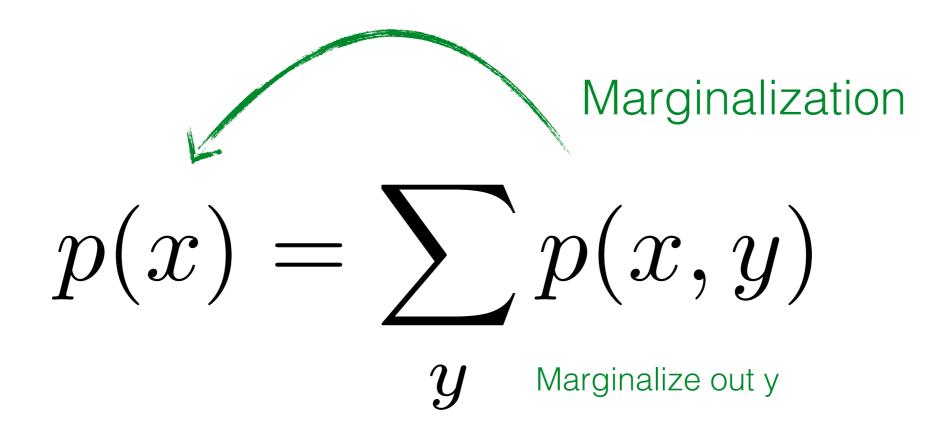
$$p(x|y) = rac{p(y|x)p(x)}{p(y)}$$
 posterior $p(y|x) = \frac{p(y|x)p(x)}{p(y)}$ evidence

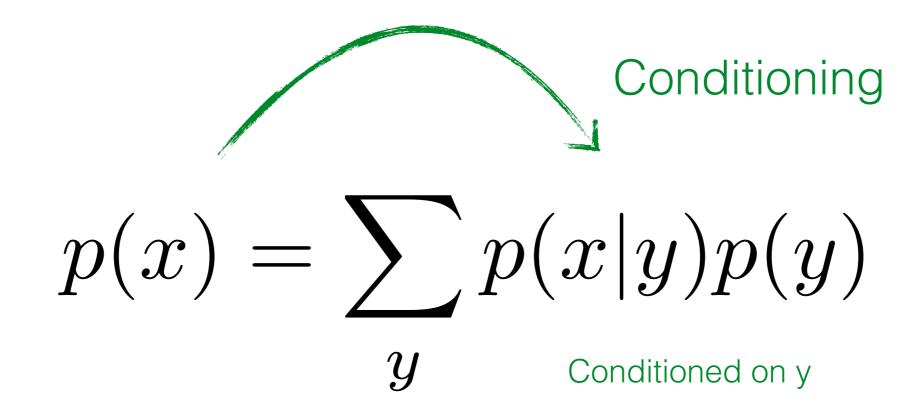
Evidence (observation prior) is also called the **normalization factor**

$$p(x|y) = \eta p(y|x)p(x)$$
$$p(x|y) = \frac{1}{Z}p(y|x)p(x)$$

Bayes' Rule with 'evidence'

$$p(x|y,e) = \frac{p(y|x,e)p(x|e)}{p(y|e)}$$





	toothache		¬ toothache	
	catch	¬ catch	catch	¬ catch
cavity	.108	.012	.072	.008
¬ cavity	.016	.064	.144	.576

$$p(cavity) = ?$$

Recall:
$$p(x) = \sum_{y} p(x, y)$$

	toothache		¬ toothache	
	catch	¬ catch	catch	¬ catch
cavity	.108	.012	.072	.008
¬ cavity	.016	.064	.144	.576

$$p(cavity) = ?$$

$$p(cavity) = 0.108 + 0.012 + 0.072 + 0.008 = 0.2$$

	toothache		¬ toothache	
	catch	¬ catch	catch	¬ catch
cavity	.108	.012	.072	.008
¬ cavity	.016	.064	.144	.576

$$p(cavity|toothache) = ?$$

	toothache		¬ toothache	
	catch	¬ catch	catch	¬ catch
cavity	.108	.012	.072	.008
¬ cavity	.016	.064	.144	.576

$$p(cavity|toothache) = \frac{p(cavity, toothache)}{p(toothache)}$$

$$= \frac{0.108 + 0.012}{0.108 + 0.012 + 0.016 + 0.064}$$

$$= 0.6$$