

15-110 Recitation Week 12

Reminders

- Check 6-2 due Monday (11/24) at noon, no revisions
 - Details about submission depend on your project, as explained on course [website](#) / Piazza
- Check 6-1 revisions also due Monday at noon
- Full HW6 due Friday after break (12/05), no revisions
- [Recitation feedback form](#)

Overview

- ML Fast Facts
- Monte Carlo Methods
- Data Visualizations with Matplotlib
- HW6 Check-ins

Problems

ML Fast Facts

Use the following table to highlight the differences between classification, regression, and clustering:

Reasoning Category	Labeled/Unlabeled Data?	What does this tell us about the data?	Example
Classification			
Regression			

Clustering			
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What is the difference between supervised and unsupervised learning?

Monte Carlo

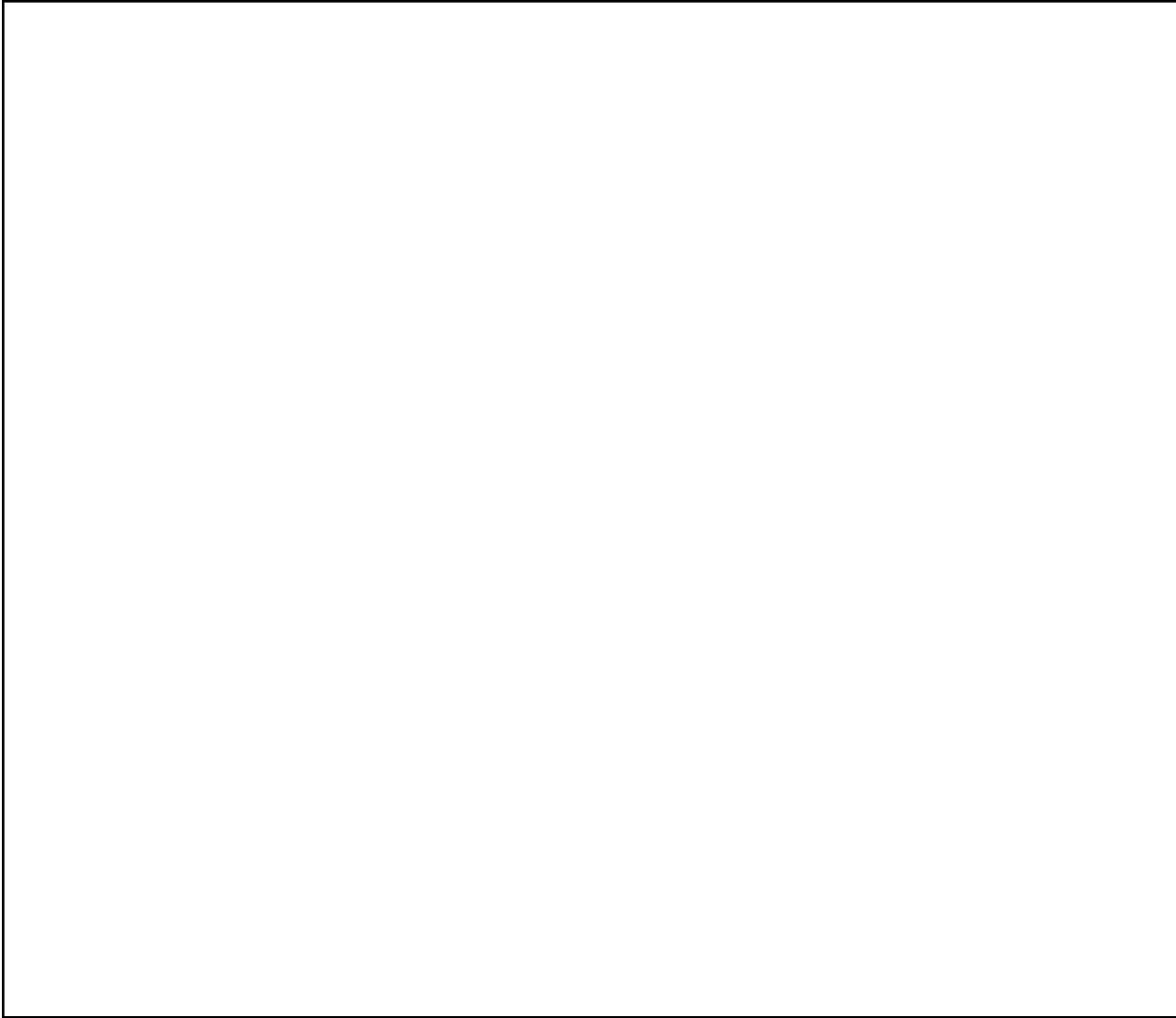
First, some notes to fill in:

A Monte Carlo Method is a program that _____ a simulation many, many times, giving us the _____ of an _____.

Monte Carlo Method programs consist of two main components:

1.
 - a. Example:
2.
 - a. Example:

Now, write a Monte Carlo Method to compute the expected number of units you will take in a given semester at CMU. Assume you take anywhere from 3 to 5 classes a semester and each class is between 9 and 12 units. Hint: you may want to import a helpful package!



Data Visualization Practice: Matplotlib

Recall the ice cream data from lecture that contains the top 3 favorite ice cream flavors of 110 students from the past 3 semesters. Using the starter code provided, write the following two functions to visualize the data:

- 1) Write the function `makeFlavorDict(data)` that takes in a 2D list representation of the data and returns a new dictionary mapping ice cream flavors in the “#1 cleaned” (i.e. students’ favorite flavors) column to a count of their occurrences.
- 2) Using the returned dictionary from the function above, write the function `visualize(dict)` that creates a bar chart plotting each ice cream flavor.