

# Algorithms, Summer 2019 at CIS

## Homework 3

Due: 7/26/19 before class

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1. Let  $U = 2^u$  and  $M = 2^m$ . Prove that the family of hash functions  $A \cdot x + b \bmod 2$ , where  $A \in \{0, 1\}^{m \times u}$  is a random binary matrix, and  $b \in \{0, 1\}^m$  is a random binary vector, is a 2-universal family.
2. Recall that in class we came up with an algorithm which solved the  $\epsilon$ -heavy hitters problem in a single pass, namely, in a stream of length  $t$  it output a set of size at most  $1/\epsilon$  containing all items  $e$  for which  $\text{count}(e) > \epsilon t$ . Also, the algorithm used  $O(1/\epsilon)$  words of memory. However, the algorithm was also allowed to output false positives, that is, elements  $e$  for which  $\text{count}(e) \leq \epsilon t$ . Suppose now you are in the data stream model but you are allowed two passes over your input stream  $a_1, \dots, a_m$ . Show how you can use two passes and  $O(1/\epsilon)$  words of memory to output a set containing all items  $e$  for which  $\text{count}(e) > \epsilon t$ , and no items  $e$  for which  $\text{count}(e) \leq \epsilon t$ , that is, your algorithm should not output any false positives.
3. Consider the linear program: maximize  $8x + 6y$  subject to  $x + 2y \leq 6$ ,  $5x + 2y \leq 20$  and  $x, y \geq 0$ . Calculate the optimal solution  $(x, y)$ .