

15-456

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Point Location Prob

Trapezoidal Decomp

Def Planar Straight Line Graph (PSLG) $G=(V,E)$

Today's Design assumption: no 2 vertices with same x .

n -line seg $2n \geq$ vertices

Point Location Prob

Input: $G=(V,E)$ PSLG

Preprocess:

Query: Given P find face containing P .

Simple 2D Alg

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1) Sort V by x -value

2) a) Decomp G in slabs

b) sort each slab

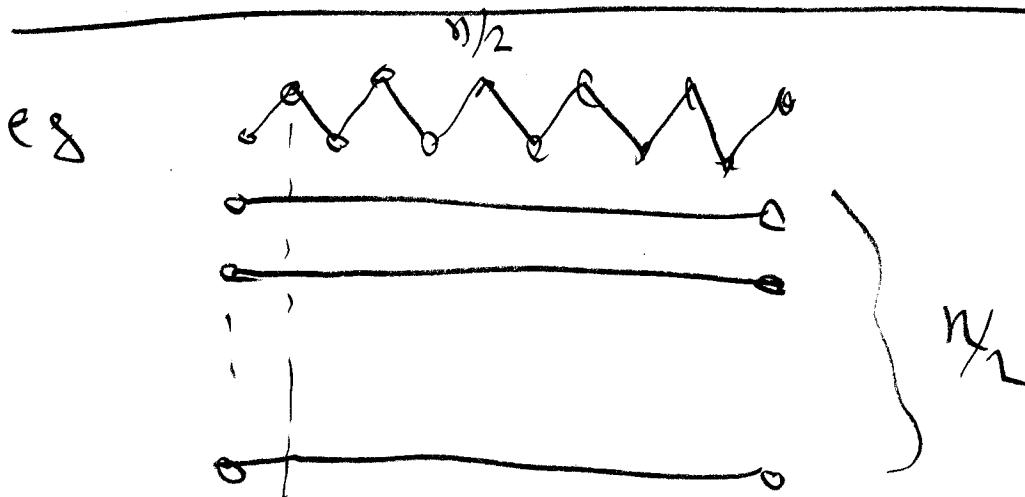
3) Query P :

a) find slab containing P .

$O(\log h)$

b) find P in slab

$O(\log n)$



$n/2$ slabs of size $n/2$!

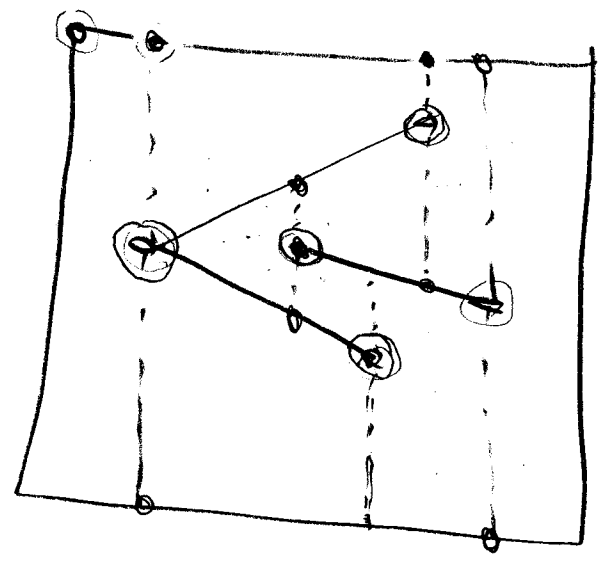
$\Omega(n^2)$ answers!

Trap Decomp

Input: n -line seg (no two endpoints with same x)

Output:

- a) Add bounding box
- b) extend up & down each endpoint until it hits a seg.



Lemma a) at most $6n+4$ vertices
 b) at most $3n+1$ traps

a) 4 on bounding box

$2n$ input

$2(2n)$ intersections

b) each trap has unique left endpoint

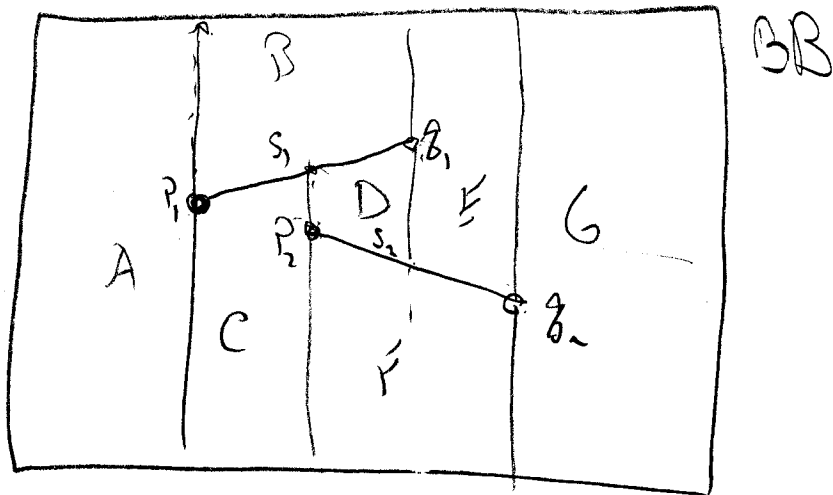
each right endpoint "sees" one trap

each left " " 2 traps

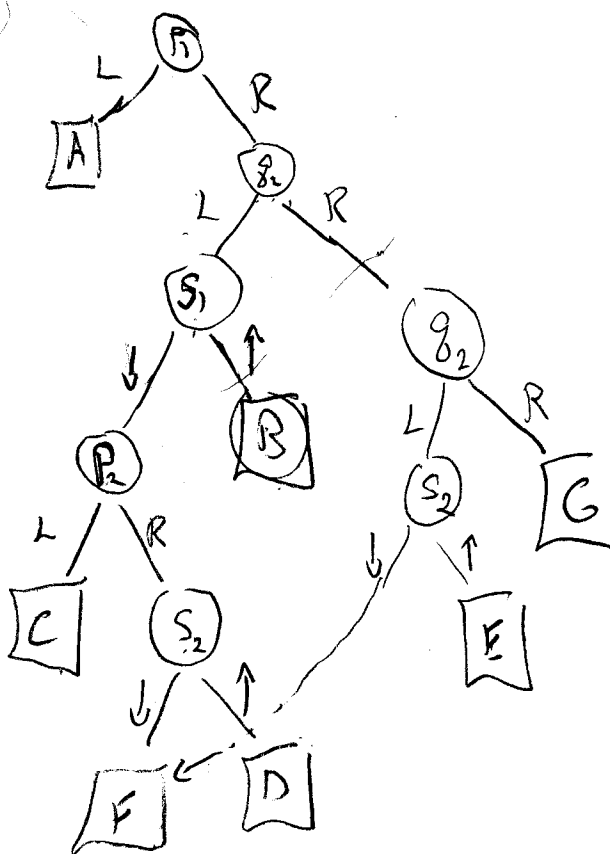
on "sees" one trap

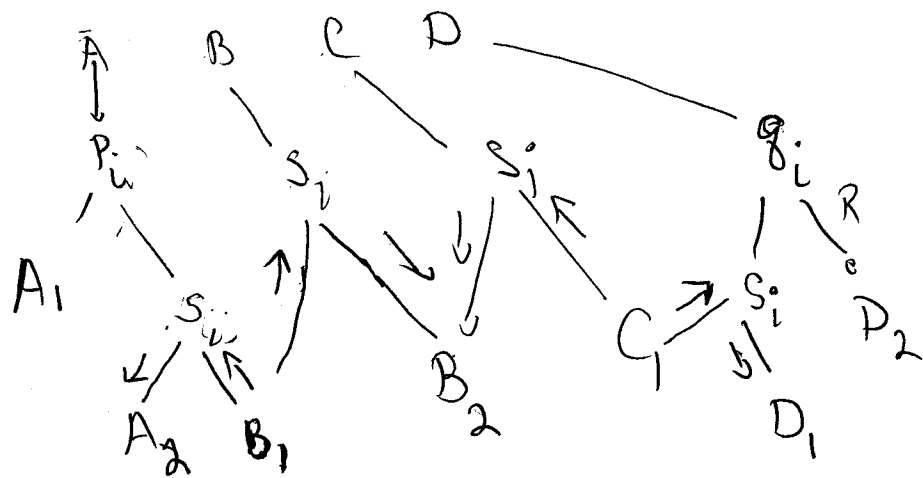
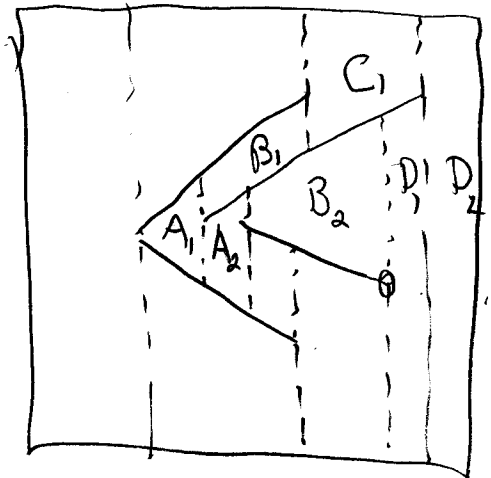
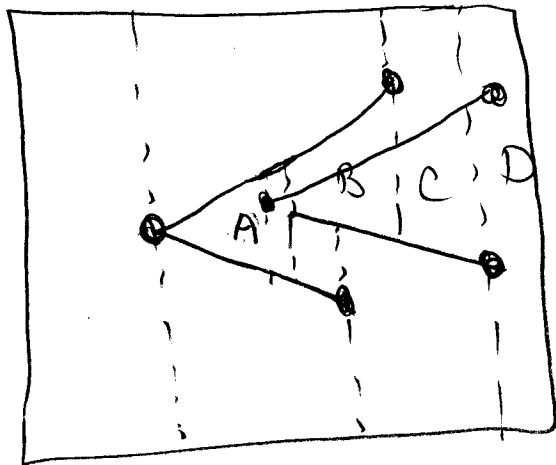
$3n+1$

Point Location in Trap decomp.



Assume order S_1, S_2, S_3





Random Incremental

Alg Trap Map (S)

Input: Segments $S = s_1 \dots s_n$

Output: 1) Trap Map \mathcal{T}

2) Point Location DS \mathcal{D} .

1) Init: Build bounding box B & \mathcal{D} for B

2) Randomly order s_1, \dots, s_n

3) For $i=1$ to n .

a) Find trap containing left-endpoint of s_i

b) Stitch in s_i from left-to-right.

c) Update \mathcal{D} .

Following pointers

1) left-vertical (Δ)

2) right-vertical (Δ)

3) left-trap (edge)

4) right-trap (edge)

Thm Trap Map

- 1) $O(n \log n)$ expected time to build
- 2) $|\mathcal{D}| = O(n)$ expected
- 3) Search time is $O(\log n)$ expected.

Note 1 Expectation is over $n!$ orderings of S .

Note 2 Trap of $S_i \subseteq S$, $\tau(S_i)$ is indep of order of S_i .

Note 3 Each update of \mathcal{D} increases depth ≤ 3 .

Fix $g \in \beta, b \in \beta$.

Consider random variable:

$$X = \text{depth}(g, \mathcal{D})$$

Goal: Bound $E(X)$

Consider $X_i = \# \text{ levels added when adding } i\text{th edge.}$

note $X = \sum X_i$

Thus $E(X) = \sum E(X_i)$.

note $X_i \leq 3$

Consider fixed subset $S_i \subseteq S$ $|S_i| = i$.

Let $\Delta_g(S_i) \equiv$ Trap containing g in $\mathcal{Z}(S_i)$.

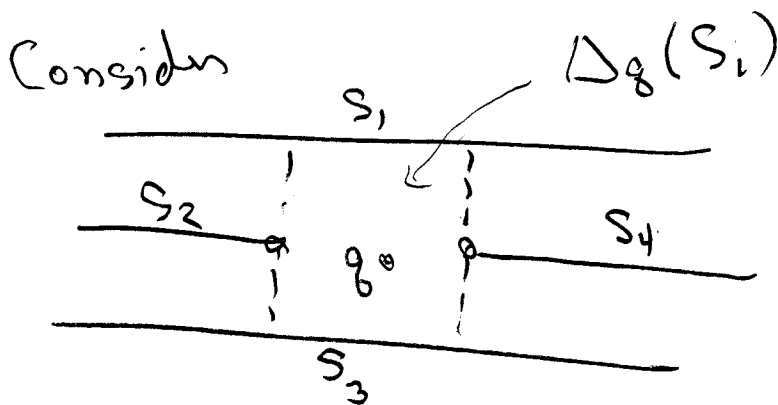
$$P_i = \text{Prob} [\Delta_g(S_i) \neq \Delta_g(S_{i-1})]$$

Thus $E(X_i) \leq 3P_i$

Claim $P_i \leq 4/i$

Use Backwards Analysis!

Of i seg remove one at random



Only removing S_1, S_3 change $\Delta_g(S_i)$

$$E(X_i) \leq \frac{3 \cdot 4}{i} \quad (\text{note: indep of set } S_i)$$

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$$\therefore E(X) \leq 12 H_n \quad \text{the } n\text{th harmonic number!}$$

2) The size of \mathcal{D}

$$\# \text{ nodes} = \# \text{ Traps} + \text{internal nodes.}$$

$$\# \text{ traps} = O(n) \quad (\text{Thm})$$

$$K_i = \# \text{ new traps at time } i.$$

$$K_{i-1} = \# \text{ internal nodes}$$

Backwards analysis

$K_i = \# \text{ traps removed when remains random seq}$

$$\# \text{ traps} = 3L+1$$

$$p_i \leq 4/i$$

$$E(K_i) \leq (3L+1) \left(\frac{4}{i}\right) = O(1)$$

$$E(|\mathcal{D}|) = \sum E(K_i) = O(n)$$

1) Build Time

a) Expect time to find left endpoint

$$O(\log i)$$

b) Expect work to stitch in seg is

$$O(1)$$

Total expect work $O\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \log i\right) = O(n \log n)$