

Lecture 19: Mirror Descent

- recap: and online optimization

- Bregman distances

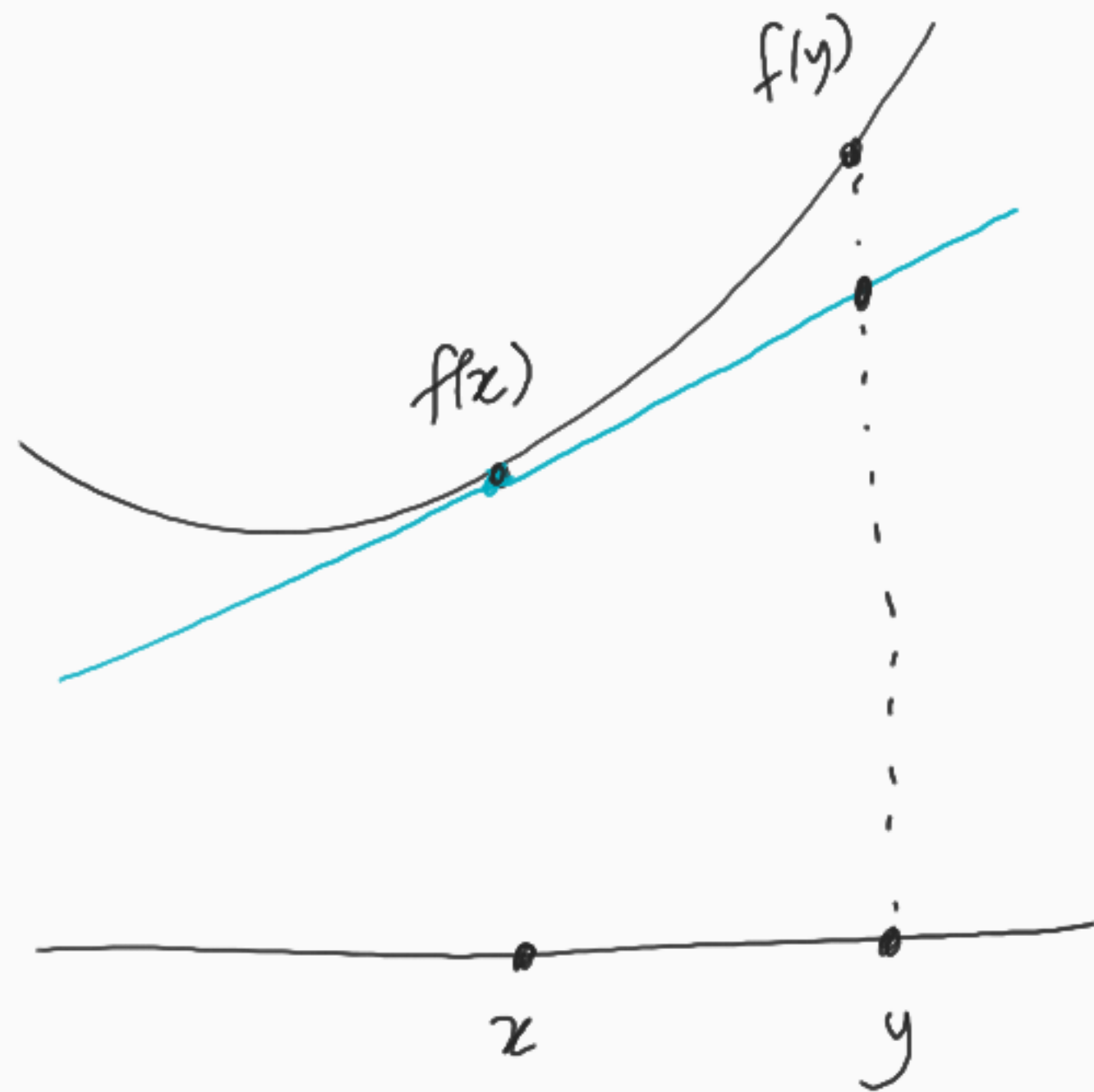
- two views

- proximal point

- mirror map.

- preconditioned GD

- follow the regularized leader.



Recap:

$\min_{x \in K} f(x)$
 $x \in K$ convex set



PGD: \rightarrow OCO

$x_1 = \text{start}$

$$x_{t+1} \leftarrow x_t - \eta \underbrace{\nabla f(x_t)}_t$$

$$z_{t+1} \leftarrow \text{Proj}_K(x_{t+1}) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \nabla_t$$

OCO. at time t :

ym play x_t

adv play f_t

pay/loss = $f_t(x)$

Thm: $\sum_{t=1}^T f(x_t) \leq \sum_{t=1}^T f(x^*) + \underbrace{\sum_{t=1}^T \|\nabla_t\|^2 \frac{\eta}{2}}_{\text{regret}} + \frac{\|x_1 - x^*\|^2}{2\eta}$

PF: $\Phi_t = \frac{\|x_t - x^*\|^2}{2\eta}$

regret x^*

Claim: $f_t(x_t) + \Phi_{tm} - \Phi_t \leq f_t(x^*) + \text{junk}_t$

PF: $f_t(x_t) + \frac{1}{2\eta} [\|x_{t+\eta} - x^*\|^2 - \|x_t - x^*\|^2]$

$$= f_t(x_t) + \frac{1}{2\eta} [\|x_{t+\eta} - x_t\|^2 + 2\langle x_{t+\eta} - x_t, x_t - x^* \rangle]$$

$$= f_t(x_t) + \langle \nabla_t, x_t - x^* \rangle + \frac{\eta^2 \|\nabla_t\|^2}{2\eta}$$

$$\leq f_t(x^*) + \frac{\eta}{2} \|\nabla_t\|^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{t=1}^T f(x_t) \leq \sum_{t=1}^T f(x^*) + \sum_{t=1}^T \text{junk}_t + \Phi_0$$

[Zinkevich 02]

Thm: $\sum_t f_t(x_t) \leq \sum_t f_t(x^*) + \underbrace{\sum_t \|\nabla_t\|^2 \frac{\eta}{2} + \frac{\|x_1 - x^*\|^2}{2\eta}}_{\text{regret} = \epsilon}$

$T = \left(\frac{GD}{\epsilon}\right)^2$
 → upper bd on $\|\nabla f_t\|$
 ← diam $\leq \|x_1 - x^*\|$

Special Case: $f_t(x) = \langle l_t, x \rangle$ $l_t \in [-1, 1]^n$

$K = \Delta_n$ prob simplex

[MW] Hedge got regret ϵ after $T = 4 \frac{\log n}{\epsilon^2}$ steps

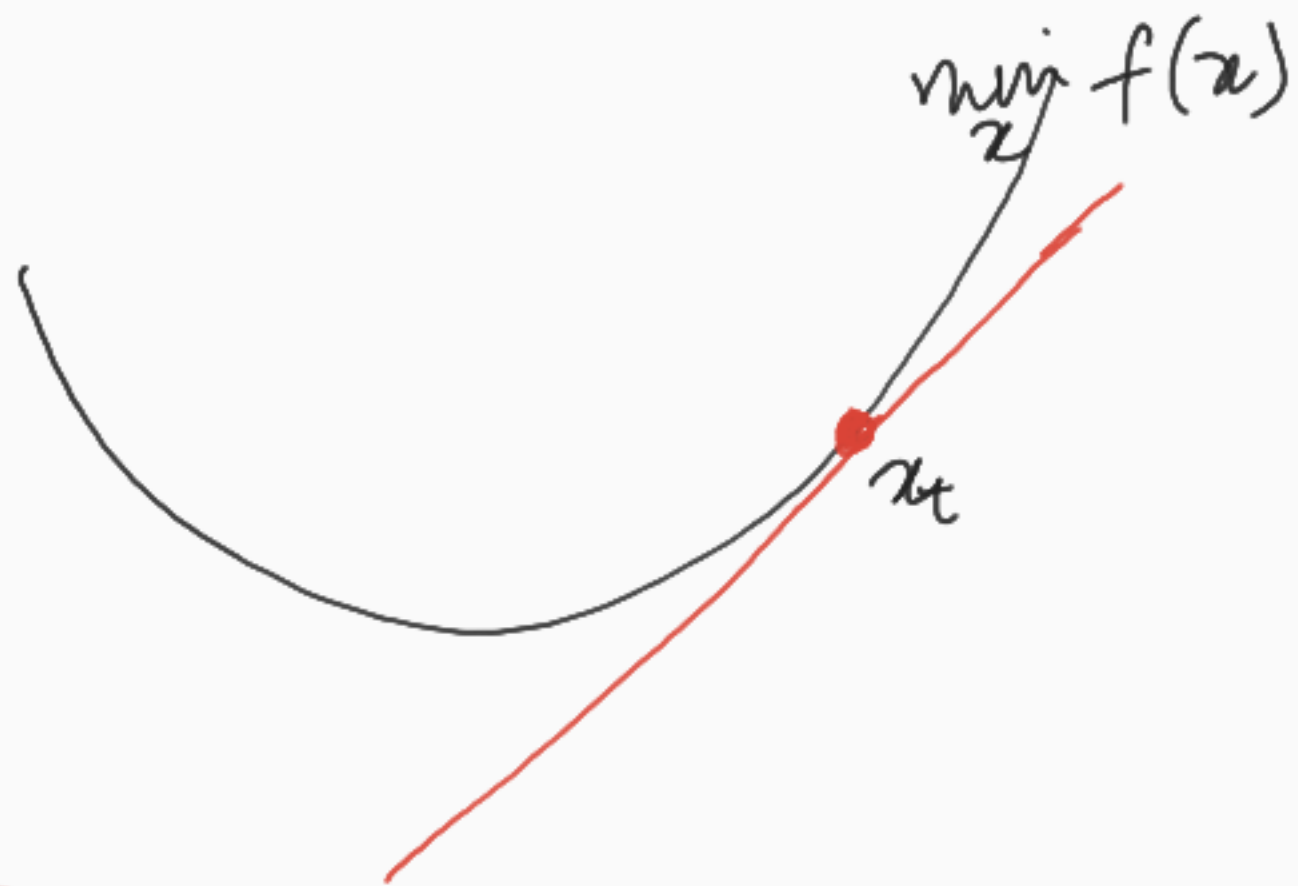
[GD] _____ $T = \left(\frac{2 \cdot n}{\epsilon^2}\right)$ ☹️

$f_t = \langle l^t, \cdot \rangle \Rightarrow \nabla f_t = l^t \Rightarrow \| \cdot \|_2 \leq \sqrt{n}$

$D = \max_{x, y \in \Delta_n} \|x - y\|_2 \leq \sqrt{2}$

Proximal Point View

$$f(x) \approx f(x_t) + \langle \nabla f(x_t), x - x_t \rangle$$



$$x_{t+1} \leftarrow \arg \min_x \left\{ \langle \nabla f(x_t), x \rangle + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2\eta} \|x - x_t\|^2}_{\text{regularizer}} \right\}$$

$\nabla \text{RHS} = 0$ at x_{t+1}

$$\nabla f(x_t) + \frac{1}{\eta} (x_{t+1} - x_t) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x_{t+1} = x_t - \eta \nabla f(x_t)$$

$$\nabla \frac{\|y\|^2}{2} = y$$

(GD) update rule!

$$x_{t+1} \leftarrow \operatorname{argmin}_x \left\{ \langle \nabla f(x_t), x \rangle + \frac{1}{\eta} \underbrace{\text{KL}(x \parallel x_t)}_{\| \cdot \|_{\sum_i x_i^{1/2}}^2} \right\}$$



$\nabla \text{RHS} = 0$ at optimizer

$$0 = \nabla f(x) + \frac{1}{\eta} \left[\left(\log \frac{x_1}{(x_t)_1} + 1, \dots, \log \frac{x_n}{(x_t)_n} + 1 \right) \right]$$

$$(\nabla_t)_1 + \frac{1}{\eta} \left(\log \frac{x_1}{(x_t)_1} + 1 \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = \underline{(x_t)_1} \cdot e^{-\eta (\nabla_t)_1} = x_1^{\text{opt}} \cdot e^{-\eta l_1}$$

Hedge!

$$\text{KL}(x \parallel q) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \log \frac{x_i}{q_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{KL}(x \parallel q)}{\partial x_i} = \frac{d}{dx_i} \left(x_i \log \frac{x_i}{q_i} \right) = \frac{d}{dx_i} (x_i \log x_i - x_i \log q_i) = \log x_i + x_i \frac{1}{x_i} - \log q_i = \left(\log \frac{x_i}{q_i} + 1 \right)$$

Mirror Descent:

Choose h
 $\Rightarrow D_h(\cdot \| \cdot)$

$x_{t+1} \leftarrow \underset{x}{\operatorname{argmin}} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \langle \nabla f(x_t), x \rangle \\ & + \frac{1}{\eta} D_h(x \| x_t) \end{aligned} \right\}$

$$\nabla h(x_{t+1}) = \nabla h(x_t) - \eta \nabla f(x_t)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \|x-y\|^2 = D_{\frac{1}{2}\|\cdot\|^2}(x \| y)$$

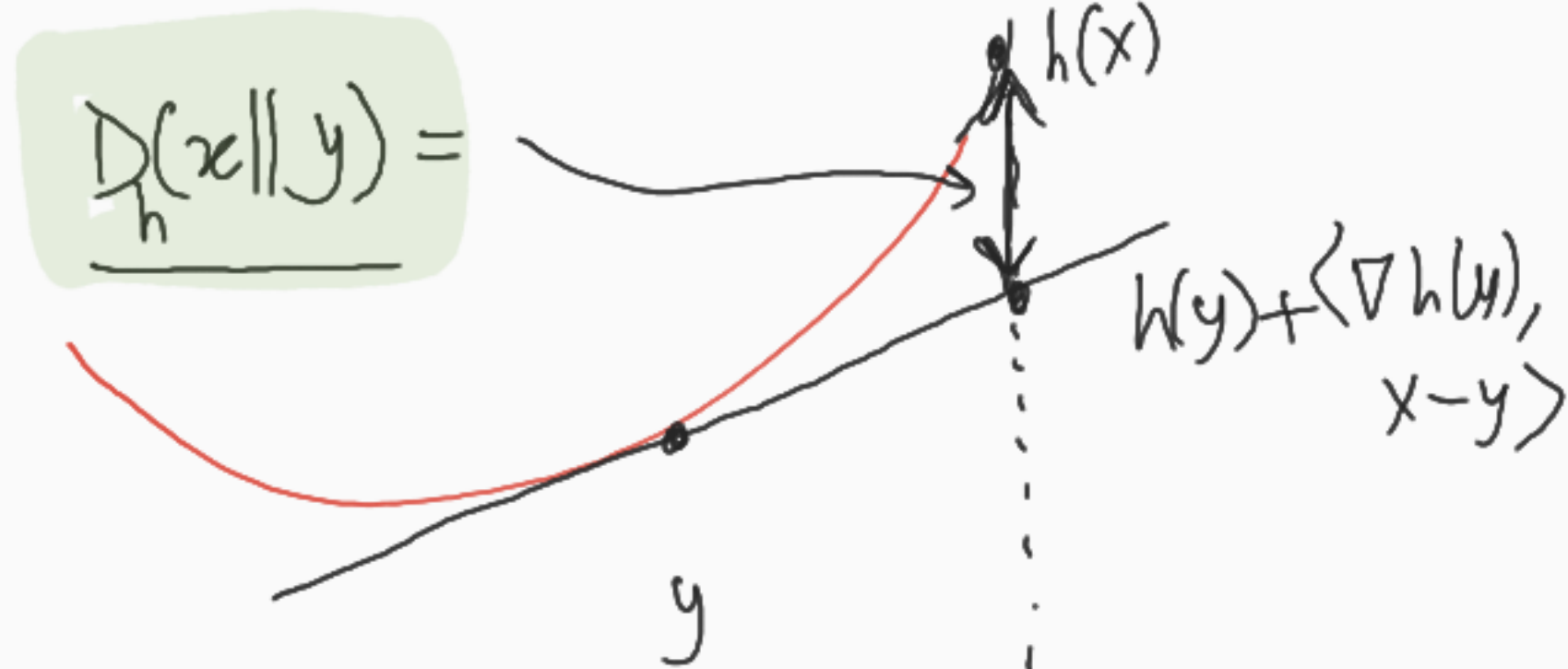
$$KL(x \| y) = D_H(x \| y)$$

$H(x) = \sum_i x_i (\log x_i - 1)$

Bregman divergences

distance defining

fix function h answer for



$$h(x) = \frac{x^2}{2}$$
$$D(x \| y) = h(x) - [h(y) + \langle \nabla h(y), x-y \rangle]$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} (x-y)^2 = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - \frac{1}{2} y^2 - y(x-y)$$

Mirror Map View [Nemirovski - Yudin]

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \underbrace{x_{t+1}}_{\in \mathbb{R}^n} \leftarrow \underbrace{x_t}_{\in \mathbb{R}^n} - \underbrace{\eta \nabla f(x_t)}_{\text{linear map from } \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}} \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\text{dual space}}
 \end{array}$$

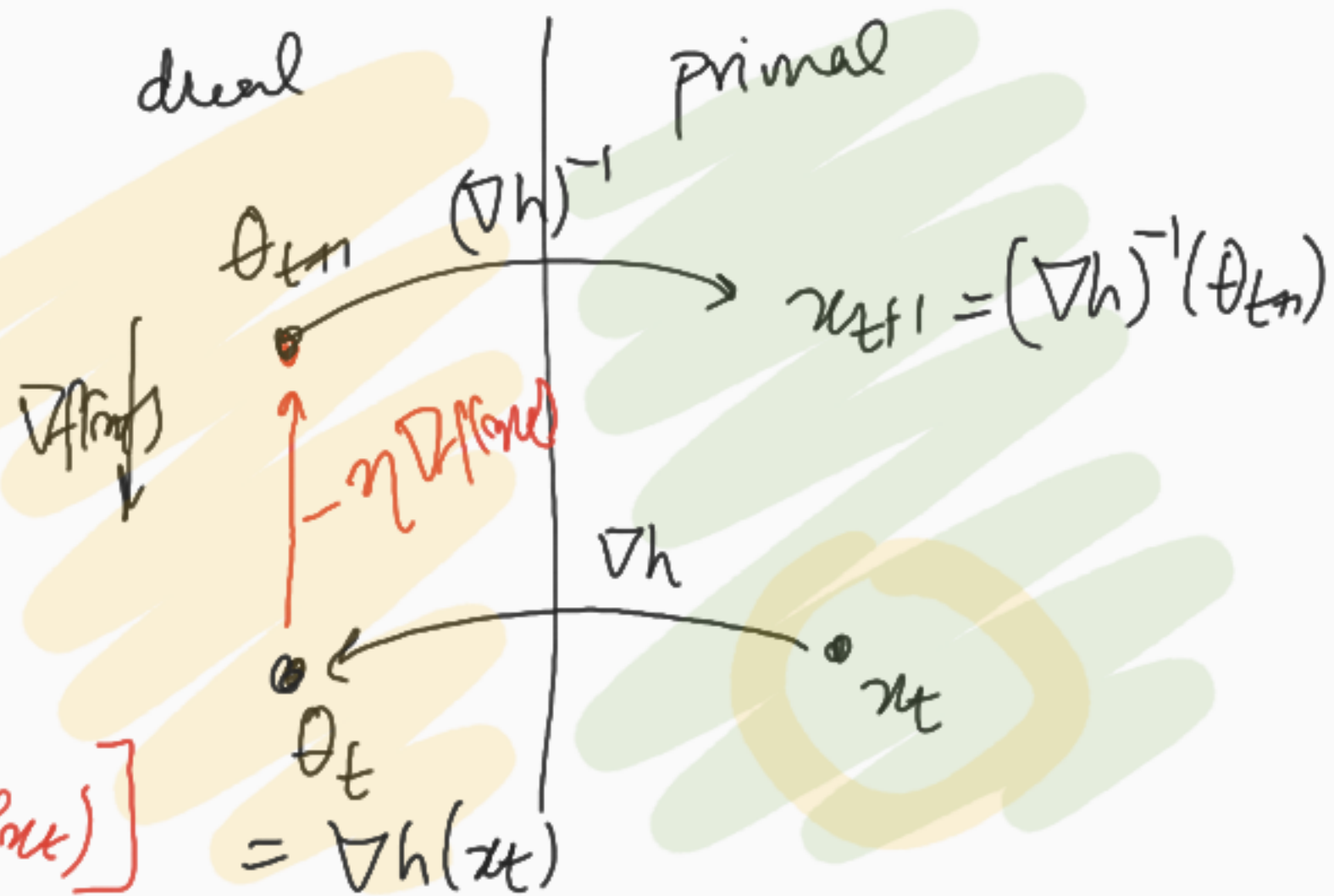
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{gradient}_{x_t}(y) &= \langle g_{x_t}, y \rangle \\
 &\quad \uparrow \\
 &\quad \nabla f(x_t)
 \end{aligned}$$

fix a fn $h: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

"mirror map": $\nabla h: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\nabla h(x_{t+1}) = \nabla h(x_t) - \eta \nabla f(x_t)$$

$$x_{t+1} = (\nabla h)^{-1} [\nabla h(x_t) - \eta \nabla f(x_t)]$$



$$\sum_1^T f_t(x_t) \leq \sum_1^T f_t(x^*) + \sum_1^T \|\nabla f_t(x_t)\|^2 \cdot \frac{\eta}{2} + \frac{\|x_1 - x^*\|^2}{2\eta}$$

① Choose norm $\|\cdot\|_1$

② $h: \sum_1^T (x_i \log x_i - x_i)$

$$\frac{\eta}{2} \sum_1^T \|\nabla f_t(x_t)\|^2 + \frac{D_h(x^* \| x_1)}{2\eta}$$

if h is strongly convex w.r.t $\|\cdot\|_1$

Hedge regret $\frac{\eta}{2} \sum_1^T \|\nabla\|_\infty^2 + \frac{\text{KL}(x^* \| x_1)}{2\eta}$

$\leq \frac{\eta}{2T} + \frac{\log n}{2\eta}$

$$\underline{x_{t+1}} \leftarrow \underline{x_t} - \eta \nabla f(x_t) \quad (\text{GD})$$

$$x - \eta [H_n]^{-1} \nabla f(x_t) \quad (\text{MD})$$

$$x - \eta [H_f]^{-1} \nabla f(x_t) \quad [\text{Newton}]$$

Smooth fns:

GD: $O(1/\epsilon)$

Acceleration: $O(1/\sqrt{\epsilon})$ Nesterov.

\swarrow condition # of f
 $K \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \sqrt{K} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$

$x_{t+1} = g(x_t, x_{t-1})$