Induction Variables and Strength Reduction

- I. Overview of optimization
- II. Algorithm to find induction variables

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Definitions

- A basic induction variable is
 - a variable X whose only definitions within the loop are assignments of the form:

$$X = X+c$$
 or $X = X-c$,

where c is either a constant or a loop-invariant variable.

- An induction variable is
 - a basic induction variable, or
 - a variable defined once within the loop, whose value is a linear function of some basic induction variable at the time of the definition:
 A = c₁ * B + c₂
- The FAMILY of a basic induction variable B is
 - the set of induction variables A such that each time A is assigned in the loop, the value of A is a linear function of B.

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Example FOR i = 0 to 100 A[i] = 0; i = 0 L2: IF i>=100 GOTO L1 t1 = 4 * i t2 = &A + t1 *t2 = 0 i = i+1 GOTO L2 L1: Carnegie Mellon

Optimizations

1. Strength reduction:

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- A is an induction variable in family of basic induction variable B (A = $c_1 *B + c_2$)
 - Create new variable:

Α....

Initialization in preheader:

 $A' = c_1 * B + c_2;$

• Track value of B:

add after B=B+x: $A'=A'+x*c_1$;

• Replace assignment to A:

A=A'

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Optimizations (continued) 2. Optimizing non-basic induction variables copy propagation - dead code elimination 3. Optimizing basic induction variables - Eliminate basic induction variables used only for · calculating other induction variables and loop tests - Algorithm: • Select an induction variable A in the family of B, preferably with simple constants $(A = c_1 * B + c_2).$ · Replace a comparison such as if B > X goto L1 with if $(A' > c_1 * X + c_2)$ goto L1 (assuming c_1 is positive) • if B is live at any exit from the loop, recompute it from A' - After the exit, $B = (A' - c_2) / c_1$ Carnegie Mellon 15-745: Strength Reduction Todd C. Mowry

Strength Reduction Algorithm

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- Key idea:
 - For each induction variable A, $(A = c_1*B+c_2)$ at time of definition
 - variable A' holds expression c₁*B+c₂ at all times
 - replace definition of A with A=A' only when executed
- Result:
 - Program is correct
 - Definition of A does not need to refer to B

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II. Basic Induction Variables

- A BASIC induction variable in a loop L
 - a variable X whose only definitions within L are assignments of the form: X = X+c or X = X-c, where c is either a constant or a loop-invariant variable.
- · Algorithm: can be detected by scanning L
- Example:

```
k = 0;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  k = k + 3;
   ... = m:
   if (x < y)
     k = k + 4;
   if (a < b)
     m = 2 * k;
   k = k - 2;
```

Each iteration may execute a different number of increments/decrements!!

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Finding Induction Variable Families

- · Let B be a basic induction variable
 - Find all induction variables A in family of B:
 - A = C₁ * B + C₂
 - (where B refers to the value of B at time of definition)
- - If A has a single assignment in the loop L, and assignment is one of:

```
A = B * c
A = c * B
A = B / c (assuming A is real)
A = B - c
A = c - B
```

- OR, ... (next page)

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Finding Induction Variable Families (continued)

- Let D be an induction variable in the family of B (D = c_1 * B + c_2)
 - If A has a single assignment in the loop L, and assignment is one of:

A = D * c

A = c * D

A = D / c (assuming A is real)

A = D + c

A = c + D

A = D - c

A = c - D

- No definition of D outside L reaches the assignment to A
- Between the lone point of assignment to D in L and the assignment to A, there are no definitions of B

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Summary

- · Precise definitions of induction variables
- · Systematic identification of induction variables
- Strength reduction
- Clean up:
 - eliminating basic induction variables
 - · used in other induction variable calculations
 - · replacement of loop tests
 - eliminating other induction variables
 - · standard optimizations

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