

17-708 SOFTWARE PRODUCT LINES: CONCEPTS AND IMPLEMENTATION

FEATURE-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

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PROJECT UPDATE

READING ASSIGNMENT NOV 4

Apel, S., Batory, D., Kästner, C., & Saake, G. (2013). Feature-Oriented Software Product Lines. Berlin: Springer.

remainder of Chapter 6

Adams, Bram, Wolfgang De Meuter, Herman Tromp, and Ahmed E. Hassan. "Can we refactor conditional compilation into aspects?." In Proceedings of the 8th ACM international conference on Aspect-oriented software development, pp. 243-254. ACM, 2009.

LEARNING GOALS

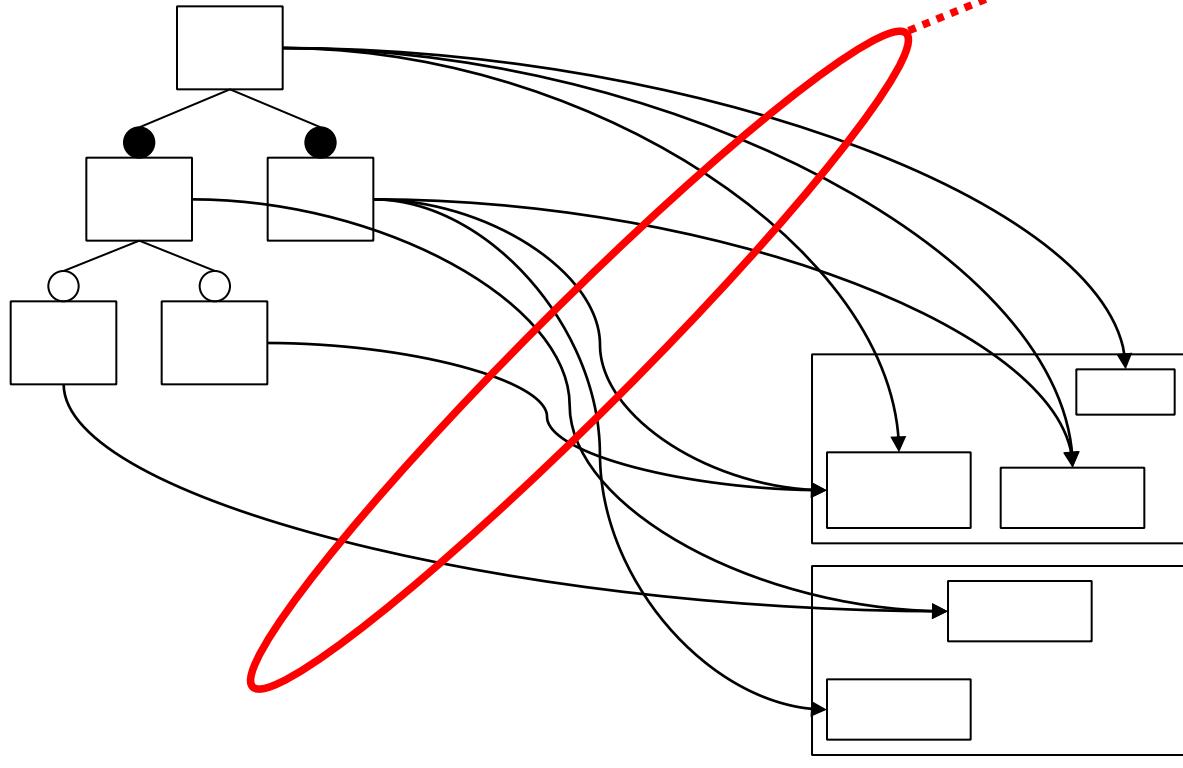
Understand key concepts of feature-oriented programming

Implement variations with feature-oriented programming

**Understand modularity implications of feature-oriented
programming and mechanisms to mitigate issues**

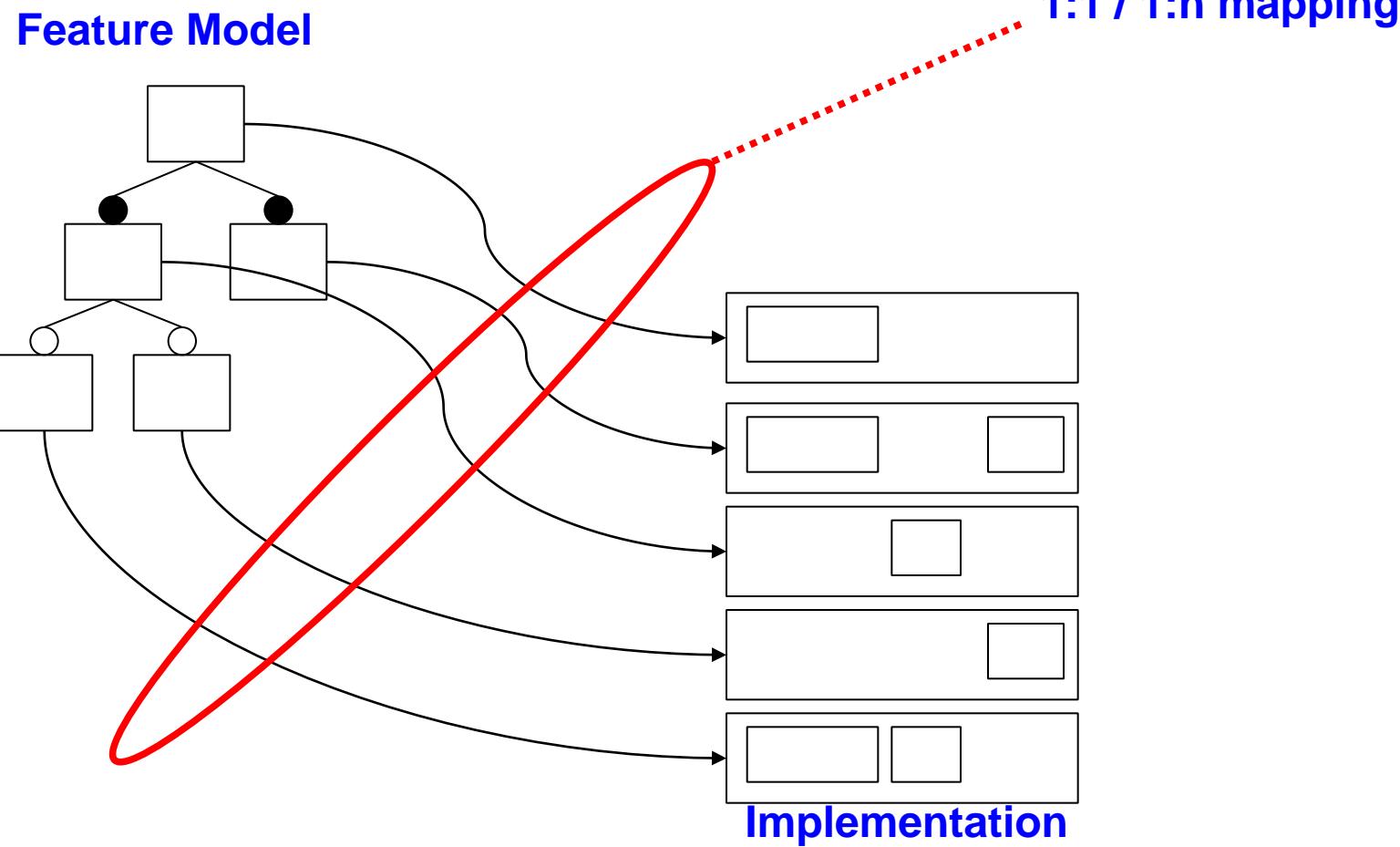
TOOL-BASED TRACEABILITY

Feature Model

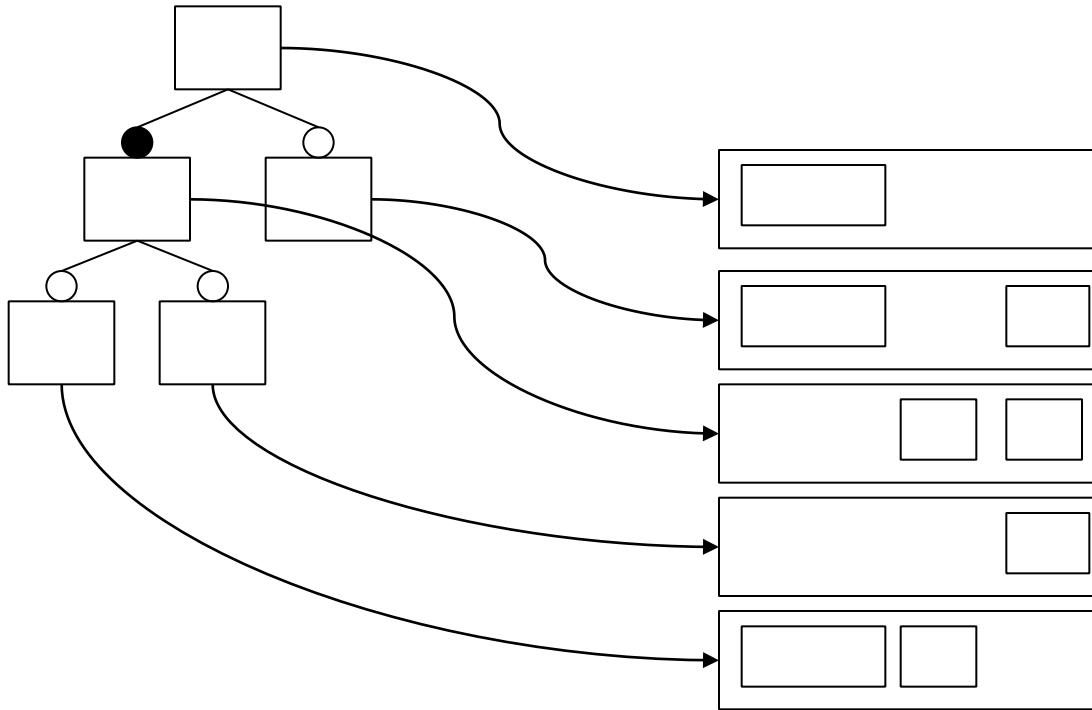


Implementation

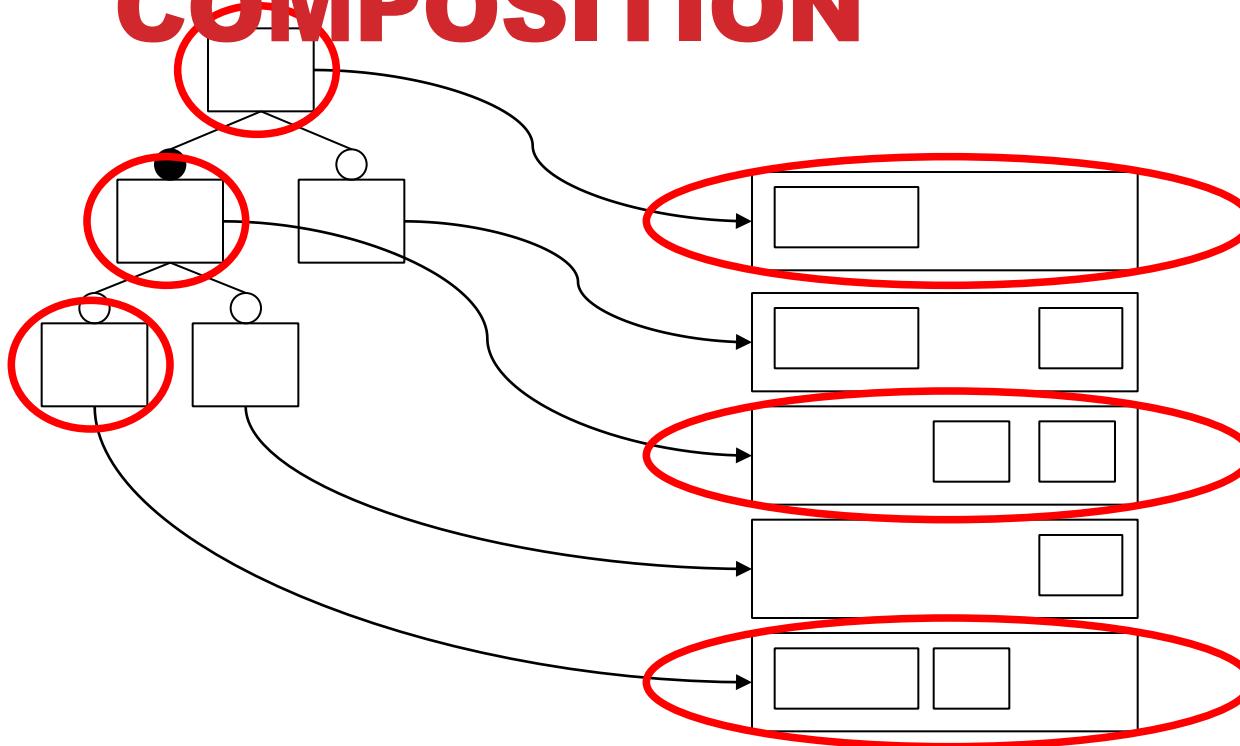
LANGUAGE-BASED TRACEABILITY



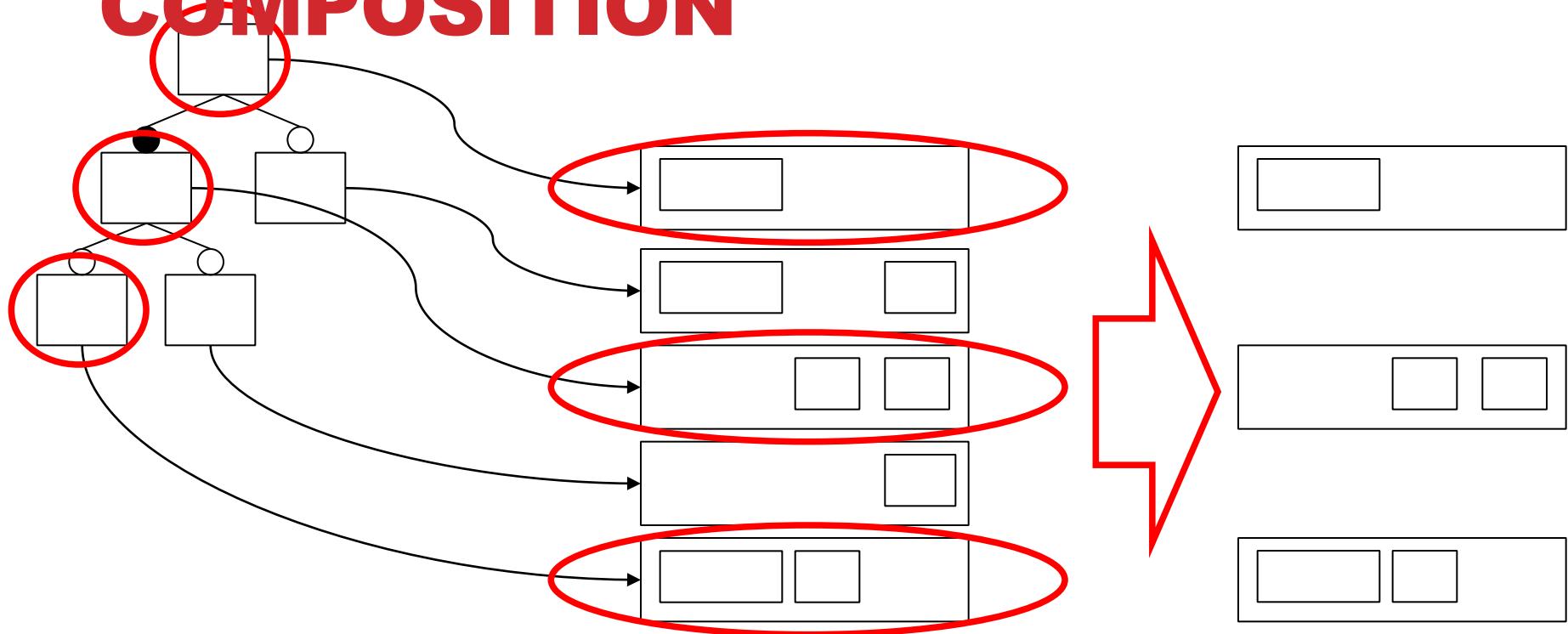
FEATURE COMPOSITION



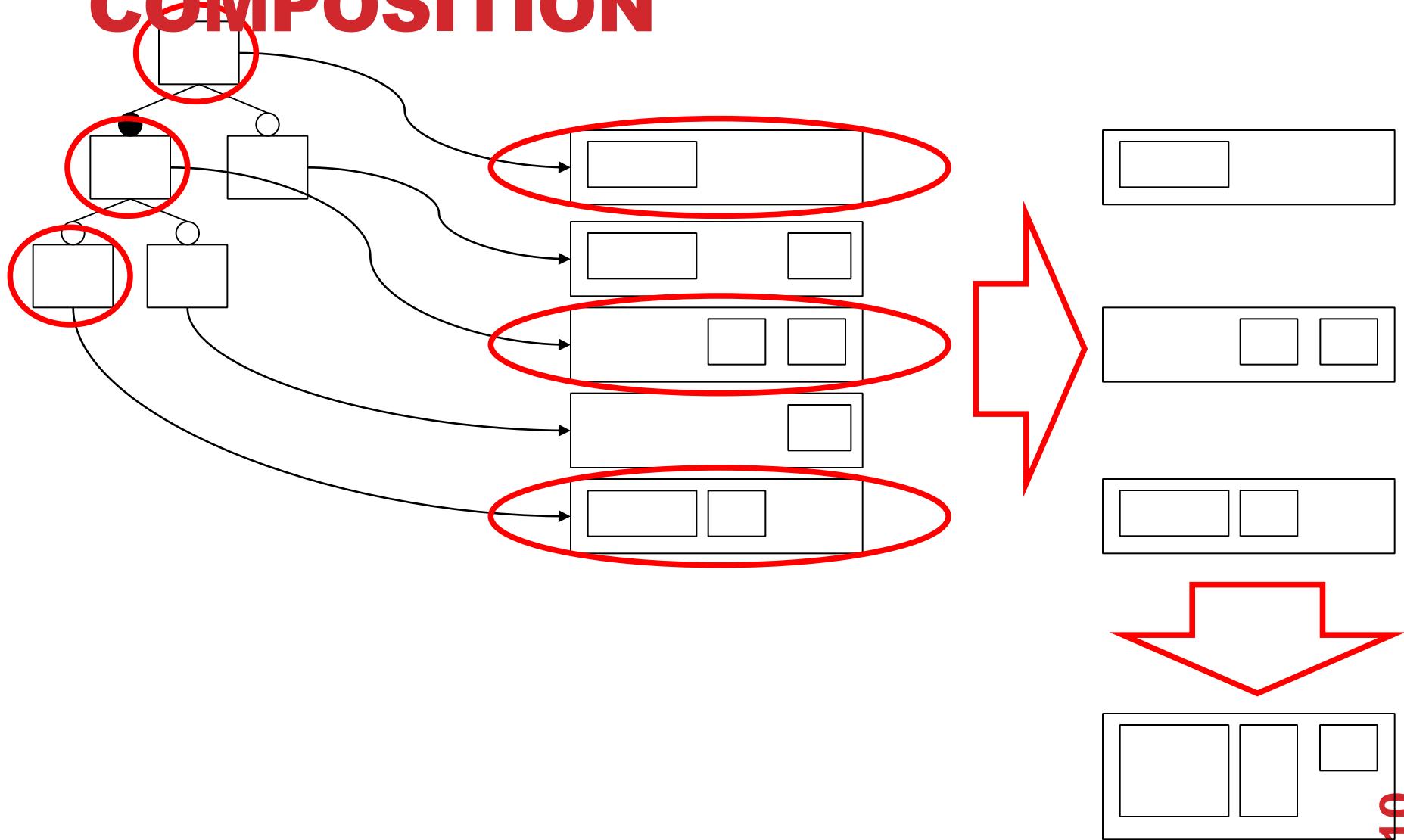
FEATURE COMPOSITION



FEATURE COMPOSITION



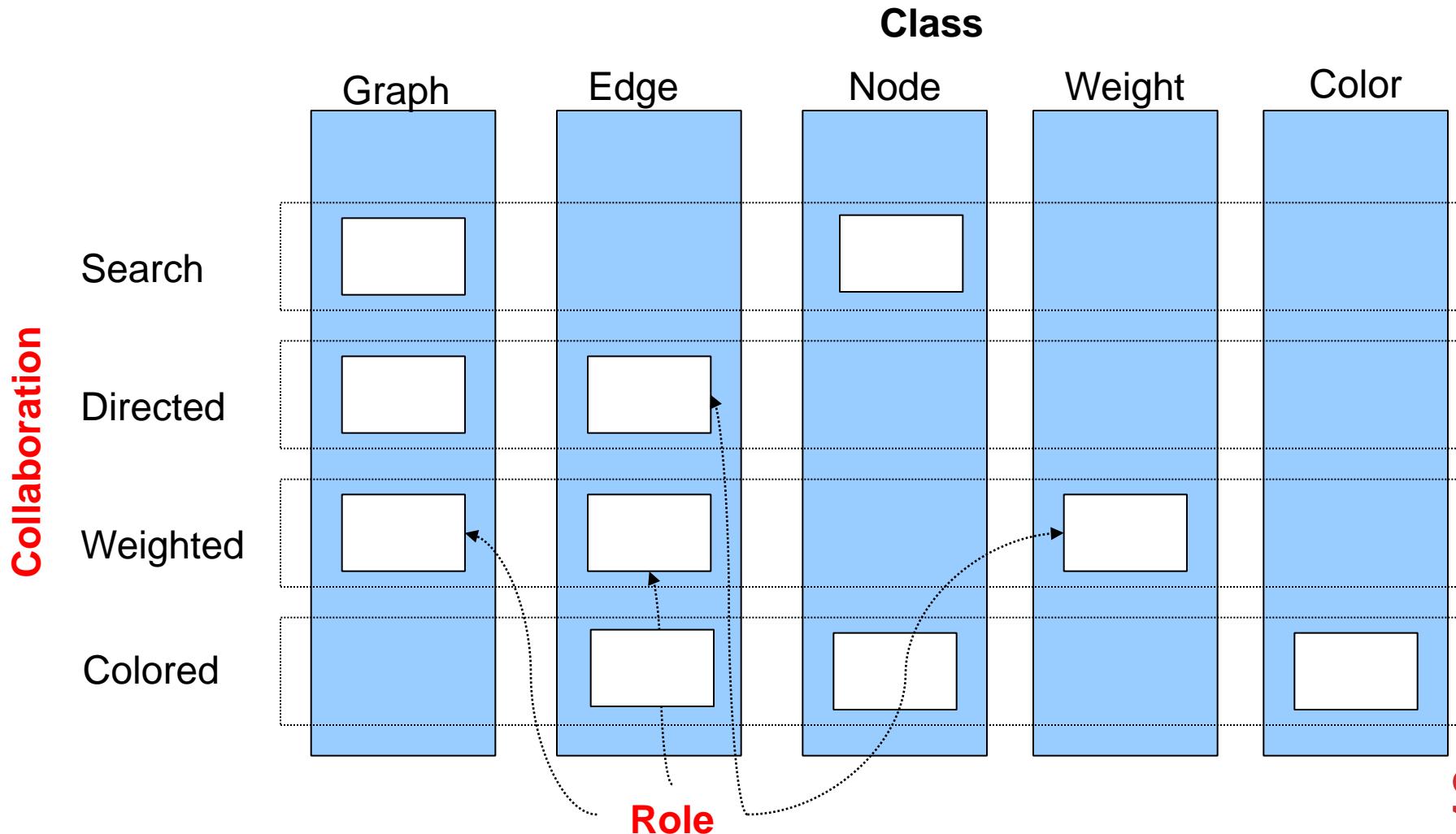
FEATURE COMPOSITION



PARTIAL CLASSES

	Class				
	Graph	Edge	Node	Weight	Color
Search	■	■	■	■	■
Directed	■	■	■	■	■
Weighted	■	■	■	■	■
Colored	■	■	■	■	■

COLLABORATIONS AND ROLES



```
class Graph {  
    Vector nv = new Vector();  
    Vector ev = new Vector();  
    Edge add(Node n, Node m) {  
        Edge e = new Edge(n, m);  
        nv.add(n); nv.add(m);  
        ev.add(e); return e;  
    }  
    void print() {  
        for(int i = 0; i < ev.size(); i++)  
            ((Edge)ev.get(i)).print();  
    }  
}
```

```
class Edge {  
    Node a, b;  
    Edge(Node _a, Node _b) {  
        a = _a; b = _b;  
    }  
    void print() {  
        a.print(); b.print();  
    }  
}
```

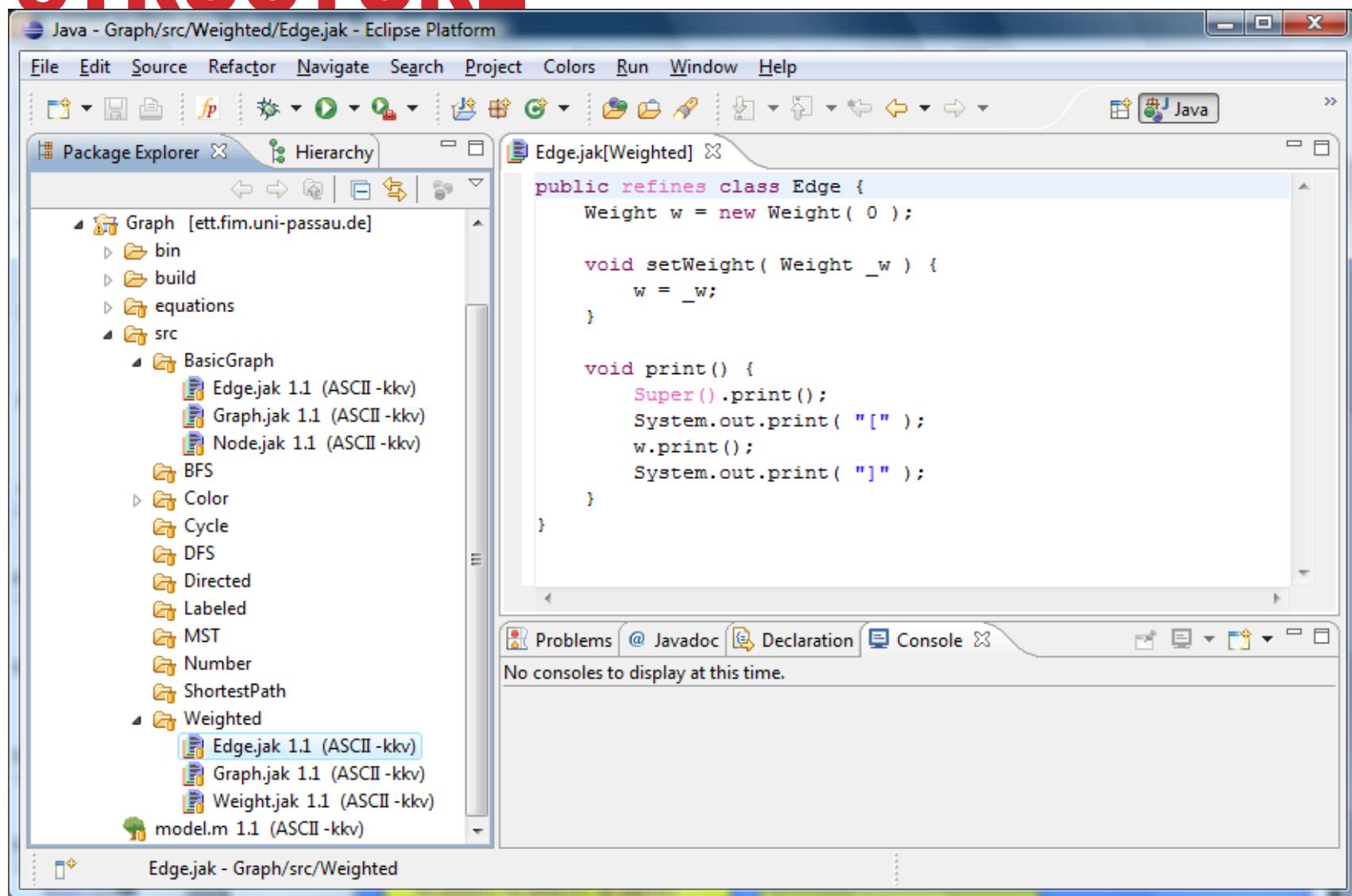
```
class Node {  
    int id = 0;  
    void print() {  
        System.out.print(id);  
    }  
}
```

```
refines class Graph {  
    Edge add(Node n, Node m) {  
        Edge e = Super.add(n, m);  
        e.weight = new Weight();  
    }  
    Edge add(Node n, Node m, Weight w)  
    Edge e = new Edge(n, m);  
    nv.add(n); nv.add(m); ev.add(e);  
    e.weight = w; return e;  
}
```

```
refines class Edge {  
    Weight weight = new Weight();  
    void print() {  
        Super.print(); weight.print();  
    }  
}
```

```
class Weight {  
    void print() { ... }  
}
```

DIRECTORY STRUCTURE



CLASS REFINEMENT

Edge.jak

```
class Edge {  
    ...  
}
```

Stepwise Refinement

Edge.jak

```
refines class Edge {  
    private Node start;  
    ...  
}
```

Edge.jak

```
refines class Edge {  
    private int weight;  
    ...  
}
```

“Imprecise” Definition of
Super Class

METHOD REFINEMENT (AHEAD)

```
class Edge {  
    void print() {  
        System.out.print(  
            " Edge between " + node1 +  
            " and " + node2);  
    }  
}
```

```
refines class Edge {  
    private Node start;  
    void print() {  
        Super().print();  
        System.out.print(  
            " directed from " + start);  
    }  
}
```

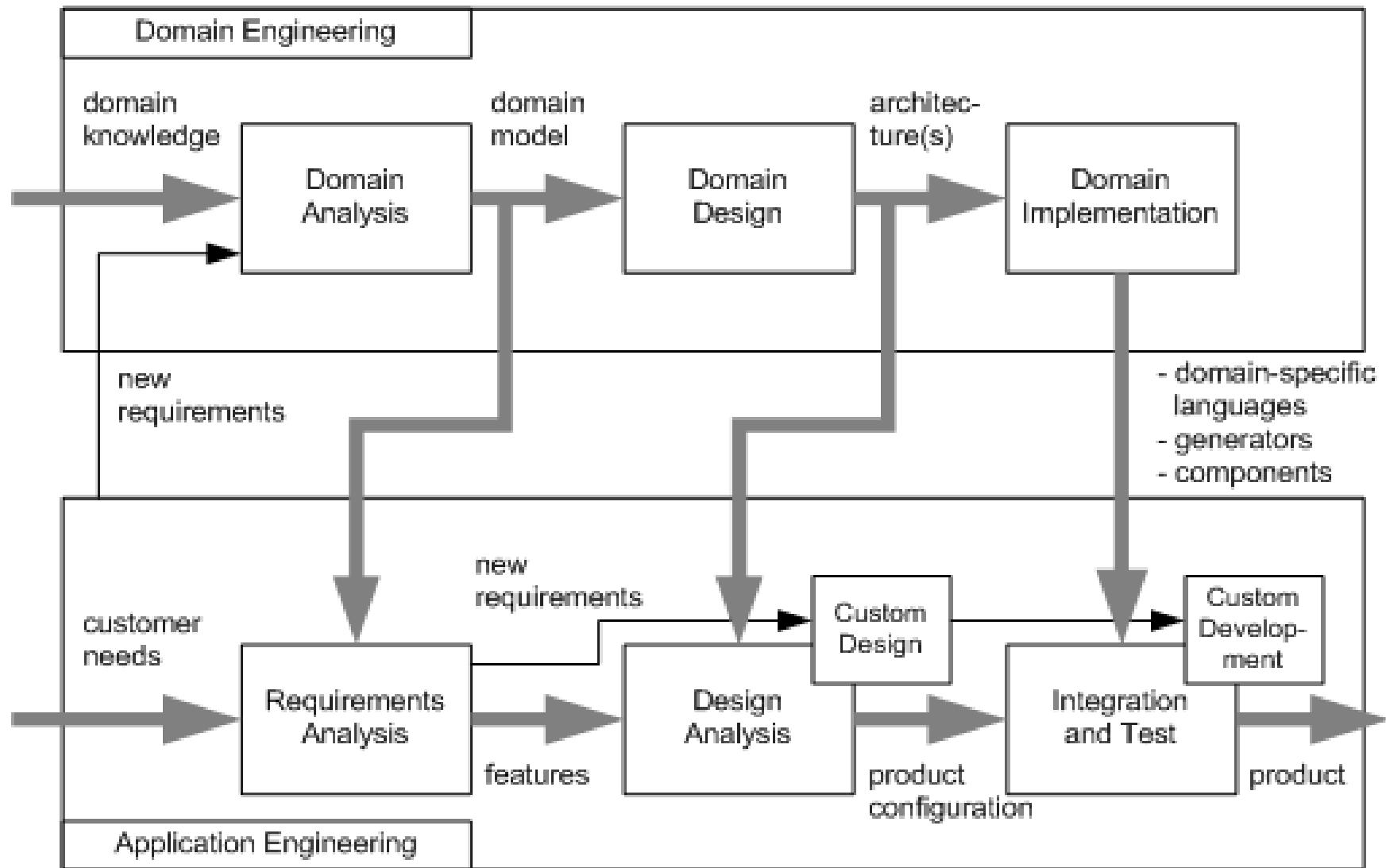
```
refines class Edge {  
    private int weight;  
    void print() {  
        Super().print();  
        System.out.print(  
            " weighted with " + weight);  
    }  
}
```

METHOD REFINEMENT (FEATUREHOUSE)

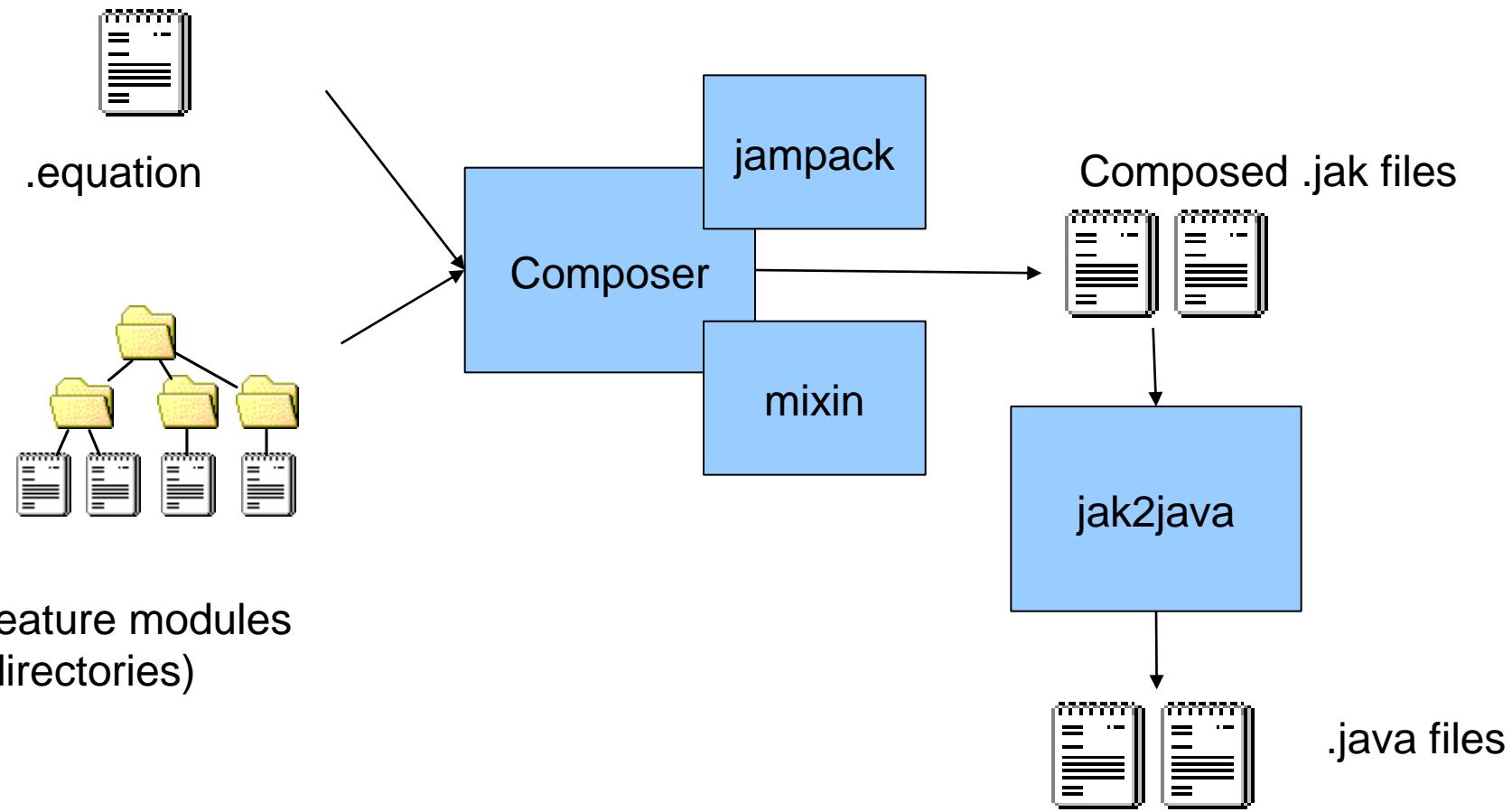
```
class Edge {  
    void print() {  
        System.out.print(  
            " Edge between " + node1 +  
            " and " + node2);  
    }  
}
```

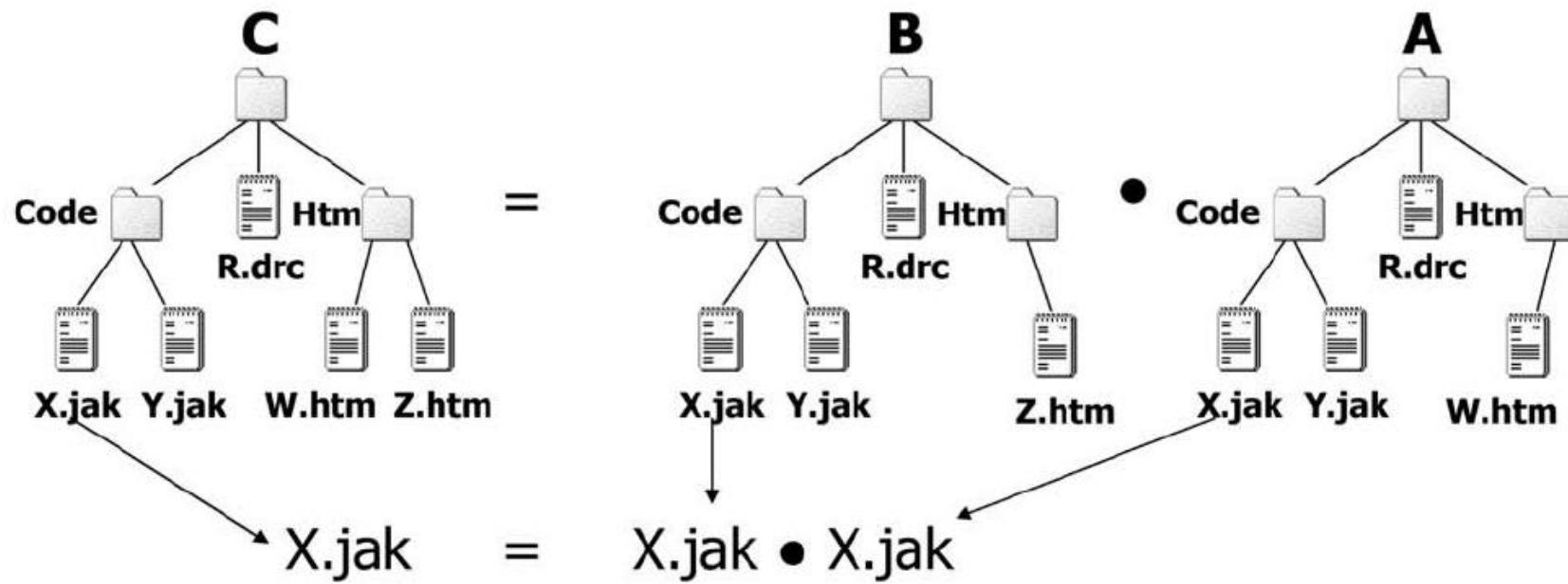
```
class Edge {  
    private Node start;  
    void print() {  
        original();  
        System.out.print(  
            " directed from " + start);  
    }  
}
```

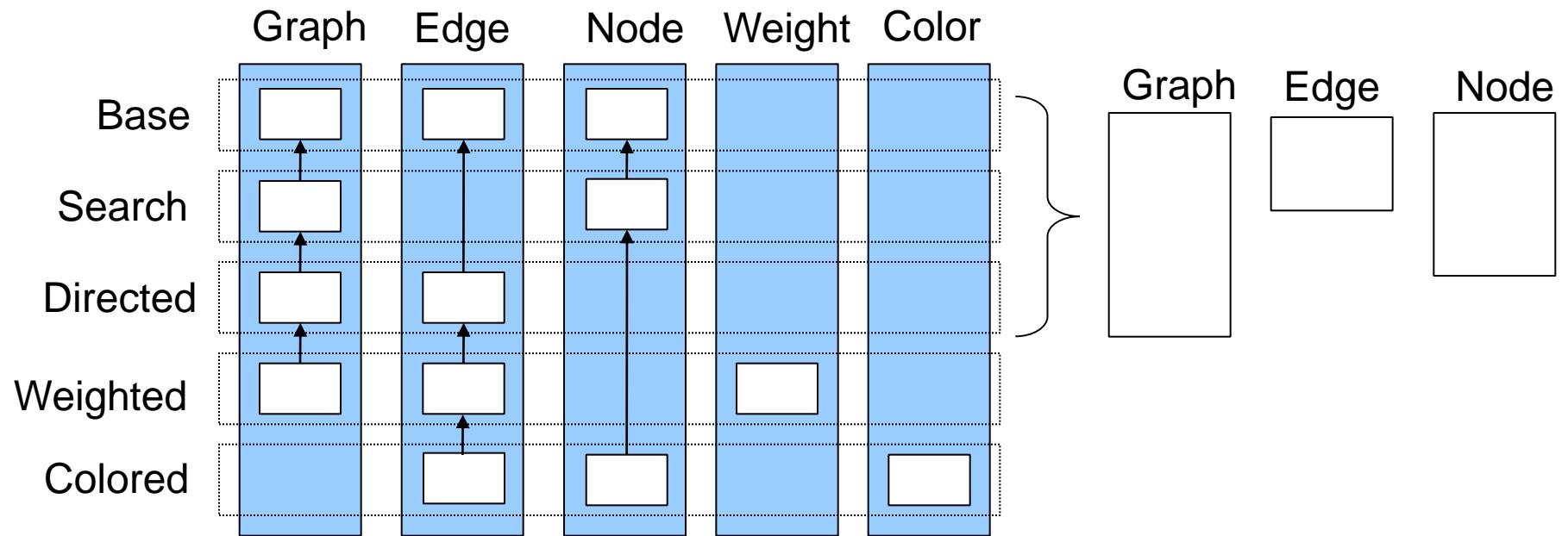
```
class Edge {  
    private int weight;  
    void print() {  
        original();  
        System.out.print(  
            " weighted with " + weight);  
    }  
}
```



AHEAD







TOOLS

AHEAD Tool Suite + Documentation

- Command line tools for Jak (Java 1.4 extension)
- <http://www.cs.utexas.edu/users/schwartz/ATS.html>

FeatureHouse

- Command-line tools for Java, C#, C, Haskell, UML, ...
- <http://www.fosd.de/fh>

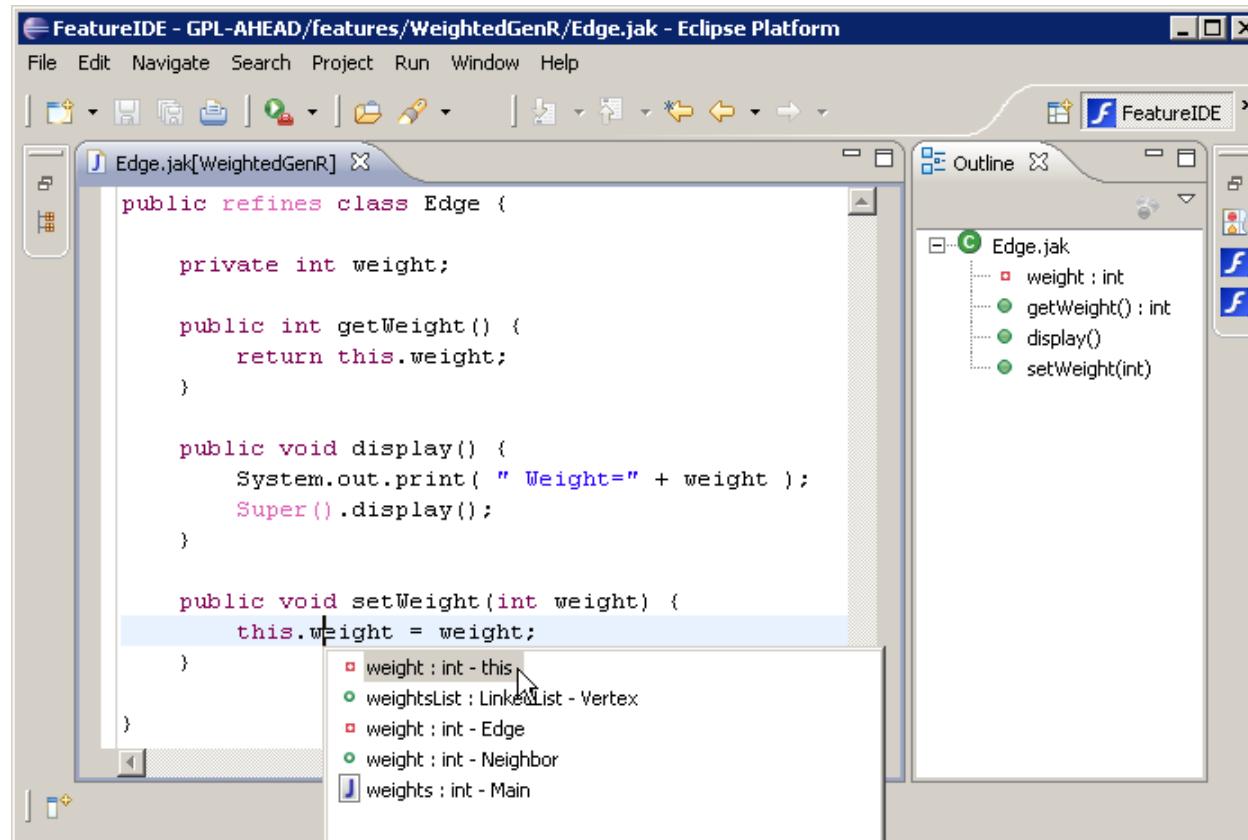
FeatureC++

- Command-line tool for C++
- <http://www.fosd.de/fcpp>

FeatureIDE

- Eclipse plugin for AHEAD, FeatureHouse and FeatureC++
- Automates compilation; syntax highlighting; etc
- <http://www.fosd.de/featureide>

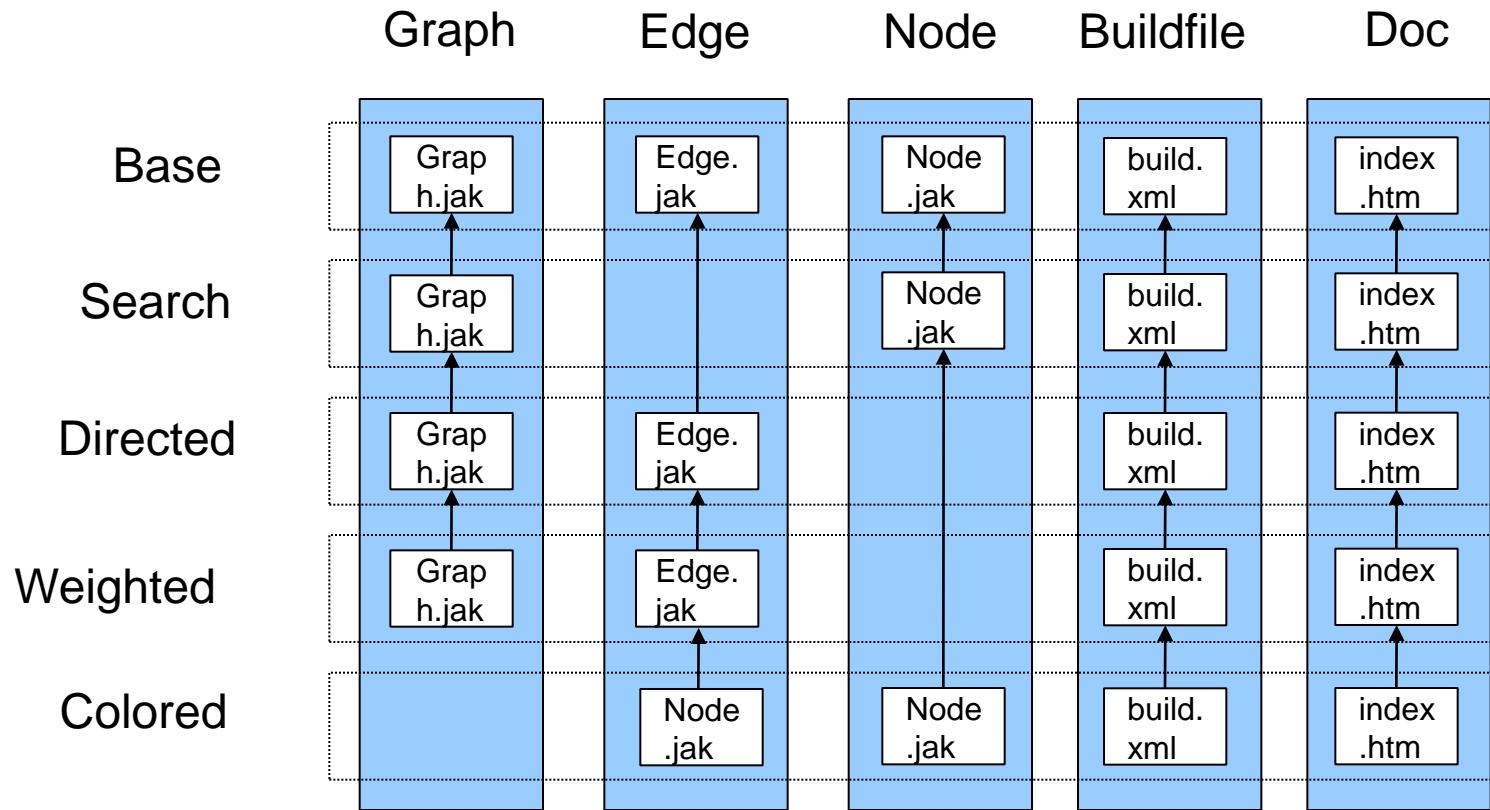
FEATUREIDE – DEMO



UNIFORMITY

Features are implemented by a diverse selection of software artifacts and any kind of software artifact can be subject of subsequent refinement.

– Don Batory



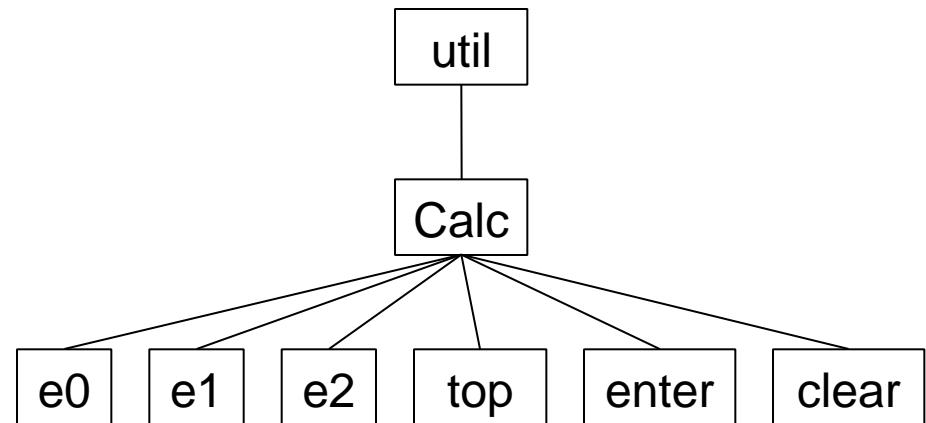
$$\bullet : F \times F \rightarrow F$$

$$p = f_n \bullet f_{n-1} \bullet \dots \bullet f_2 \bullet f_1$$

(assoziative, not commutative)

FEATURE-STRUCTURE TREES

```
package util;
class Calc {
    int e0 = 0, e1 = 0, e2 = 0;
    void enter(int val) {
        e2 = e1; e1 = e0; e0 = val;
    }
    void clear() {
        e0 = e1 = e2 = 0;
    }
    String top() {
        return String.valueOf(e0);
    }
}
```



SUPERIMPOSITION

```
package util;
class Calc {
    void add() {
        e0 = e1 + e0;
        e1 = e2;
    }
}
```

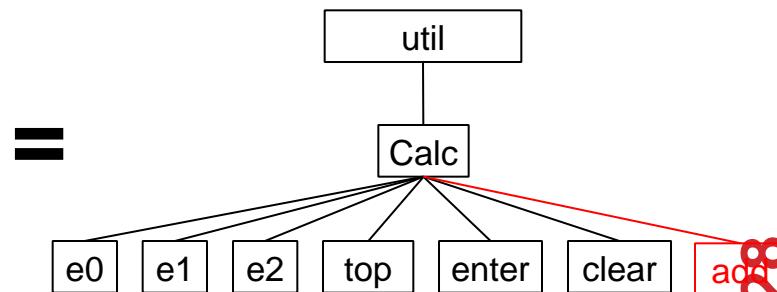
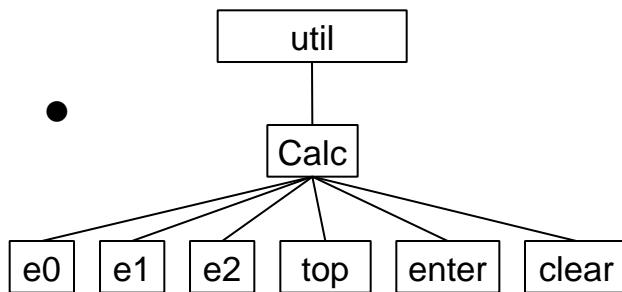
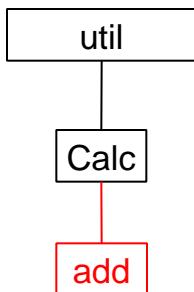
feature: Add

```
package util;
class Calc {
    int e0 = 0, e1 = 0,
        e2 = 0;
    void enter(int val) {
        e2 = e1; e1 = e0;
        e0 = val;
    }
    void clear() {
        e0 = e1 = e2 = 0;
    }
    String top() {
        return String.
            valueOf(e0);
    }
}
```

feature: CalcBase

feature: CalcAdd

```
package util;
class Calc {
    int e0 = 0, e1 = 0,
        e2 = 0;
    void enter(int val) {
        e2 = e1; e1 = e0;
        e0 = val;
    }
    void clear() {
        e0 = e1 = e2 = 0;
    }
    String top() {
        //...
    }
    void add() {
        e0 = e1 + e0;
        e1 = e2;
    }
}
```



COMPOSITION OF TERMINAL NODES

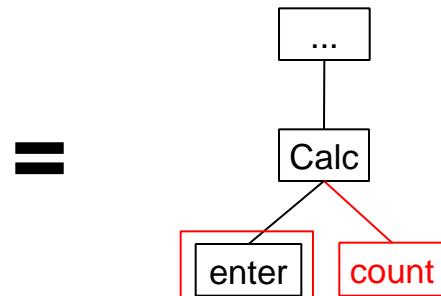
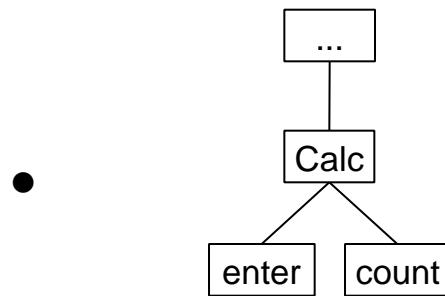
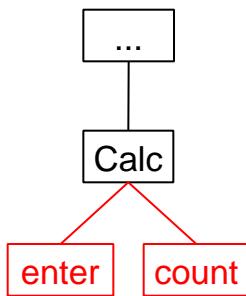
```
class Calc {  
    int count = 0;  
    void enter(int val) {  
        original(val);  
        count++;  
    }  
}
```

•

```
class Calc {  
    int count;  
    void enter(int val){  
        e2 = e1;  
        e1 = e0;  
        e0 = val;  
    }  
}
```

=

```
class Calc {  
    int count = 0;  
    void enter(int val) {  
        e2 = e1;  
        e1 = e0;  
        e0 = val;  
        count++;  
    }  
}
```



RESTRICTIONS

Hierarchical structure

Nodes need name and type

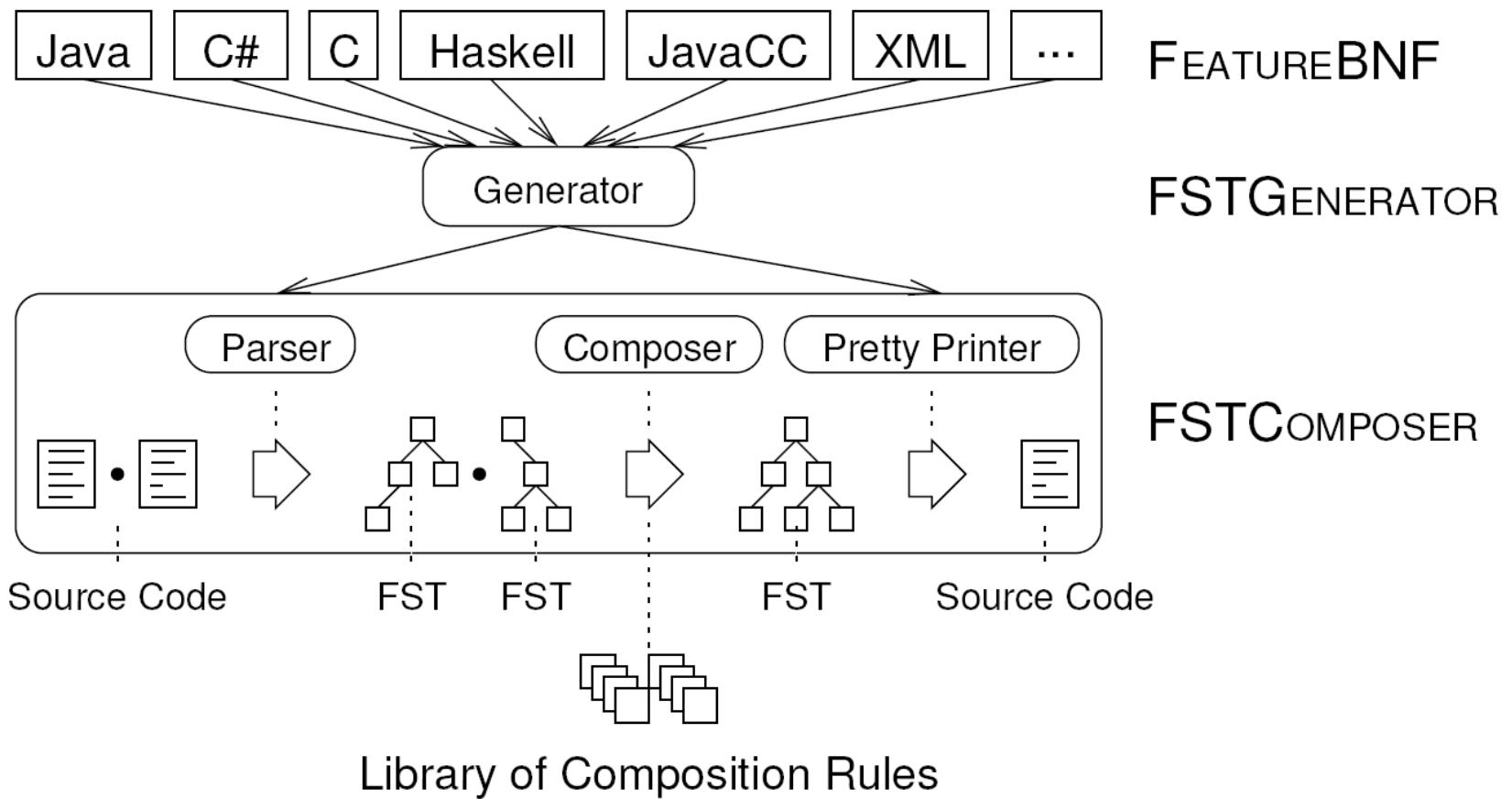
Child elements require unique name/type combinations

Composition rules required for terminal nodes

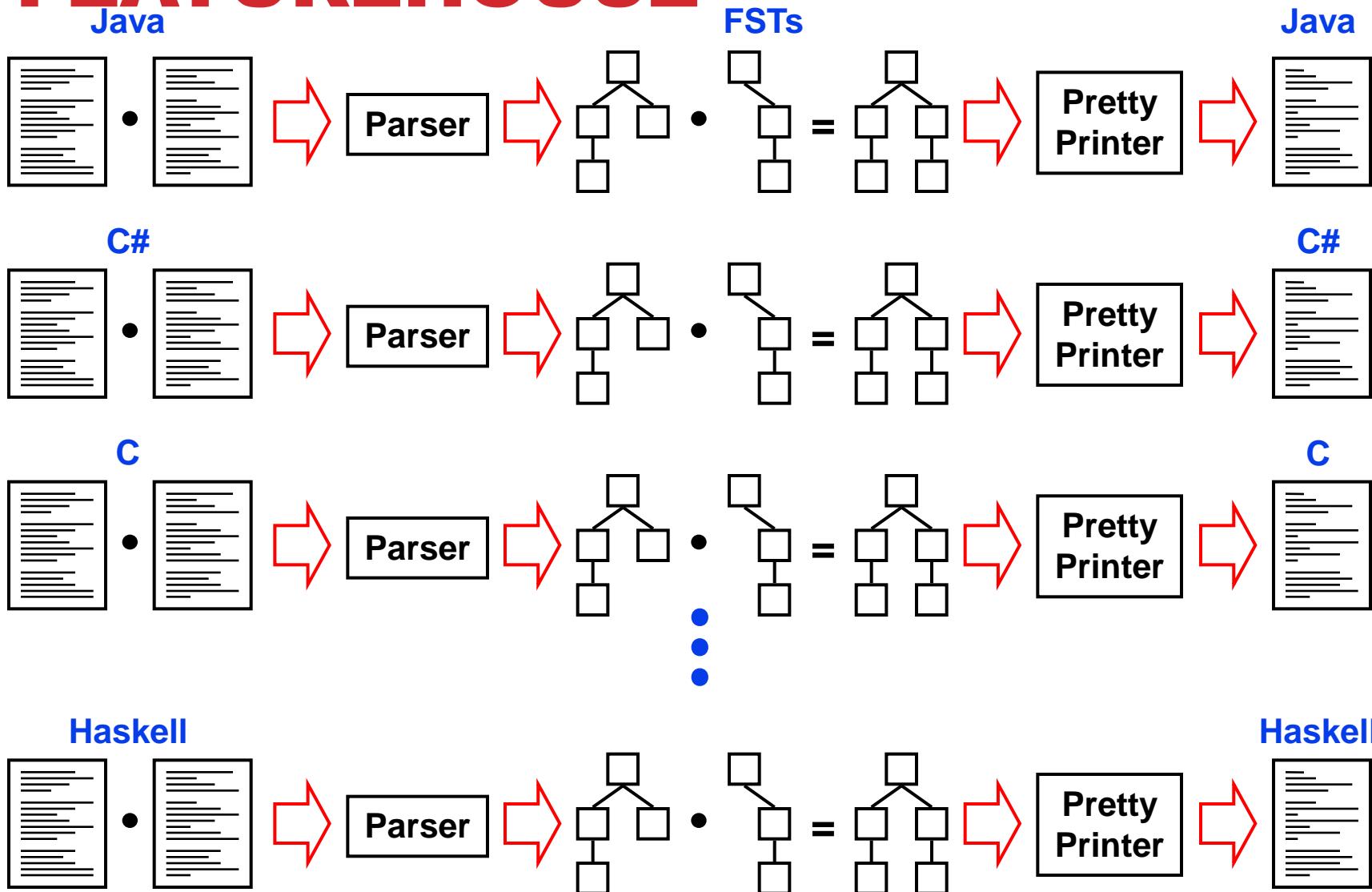
„feature-ready languages“

?

FEATUREHOUSE



FEATUREHOUSE



DISCUSSION

Modularity, Cohesion

Traceability

FURTHER READINGS

D. Batory, J. N. Sarvela, and A. Rauschmayer. Scaling Step-Wise Refinement. *IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering*, 30(6), 2004.

S. Apel, C. Kästner, and C. Lengauer. Language-Independent and Automated Software Composition: The FeatureHouse Experience. *IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering*, 39(1), 2013.

S. Apel, C. Lengauer, B. Möller, and C. Kästner. An Algebraic Foundation for Automatic Feature-Based Program Synthesis. *Science of Computer Programming*, 75(11), 2010.